

Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program

EFFECTIVE
Version
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Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

The Commissioner for Office of Vermont Health Access shall establish a pharmacy best practices and cost control program designed to reduce the cost of providing prescription drugs, while maintaining high quality in prescription drug therapies. The program shall include:

"A preferred list of covered prescription drugs that identifies preferred choices within therapeutic classes for particular diseases and conditions, including generic alternatives"

From Act 127 passed in 2002

The following pages contain:

- The therapeutic classes of drugs subject to the Preferred Drug List, the drugs within those categories and the criteria required for Prior Authorization (P.A.) of non-preferred drugs in those categories.
- The therapeutic classes of drugs which have clinical criteria for Prior Authorization may or may not be subject to a preferred agent.
- Within bothof these categories there may be drugs or even drug classes that are subject to Quantity Limit Parameters.

Therapeutic class criteria are listed alphabetically. Within each category the Preferred Drugs are noted in the left-hand columns. Representative non-preferred agents have been included and are listed in the right-hand column. Any drug not listed as preferred in any of the included categories requires Prior Authorization.

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This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.

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PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ACNE AGENTS	
ORAL AGENTS		
DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE 50MG, 100MG CAPS DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE SUSP 25MG/5ML MINOCYCLINE 50MG 100MG CAPS ISOTRETINOIN† CAP (AMNESTEEM, CLARAVIS, MYORISAN) TOPICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES	Adoxa®* (doxycycline monohydrate) 150mg tab Doryx (doxycycline hyclate) tabs Doxycycline 50mg, 75mg, 100mg, 150mg tabs Doxycycline 75mg, 150mg caps Oracea® (doxycycline monohydrate) 40 mg cap Vibramycin®* (doxycycline hyclate) 100 mg cap Vibramycin®* (doxycycline hyclate) suspension Vibramycin® (doxycycline calcium) syrup All other brands Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) PCE Dispertab® (erythromycin base) All other brands Minocycline 50mg, 75mg, 100mg tabs Solodyn® (minocycline) tabs ER E.E.S.® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Eryped® (erythromycin base, delayed release) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) Erythromycin Ethylsuccinate (E.E.S.®, Eryped®) PCE Dispertab® (erythromycin base) Tetracycline 250mg, 500mg cap Absorica® (isotretinoin) capsules Zenatane cap (isotrentinoin) All other brands	Non-preferred doxycycline/minocycline products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred doxycycline/minocycline. If a product has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation. Oracea: patient has a diagnosis of Rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with both a preferred doxycycline and minocycline. Vibramycin Suspension, Syrup: patient has a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form AND a documented failure of preferred doxycycline suspension. Erythromycin products: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least two preferred products. Tetracycline products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least two preferred products. Absorica/Zenatane: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least two isotretinoin preferred products.
BENZOYL PEROXIDE PRODUCTS	Benzepro 5.3%, 9.8% F; 6% P; 7% CL	Single ingredient products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
BENZOYL PEROXIDE †	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	treatment failure with two preferred products including one from the same sub category, if there is one available. If a product has an AB rated generic, there
2.5%,5%, 10% <i>G</i> , 5%, 6%,7%, 10% <i>CL</i> ; 10% <i>C</i> ;	PanoxylG; 10% B, 4% CL All other brands	must have been a trial of the generic. Combination products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
5%, 10% <i>L</i> ; 5.3%, 9.5% F	Cleocin-T®* (clindamycin) 1% S, P, L, G All other brands	treatment failure with generic erythroymycin/benzoyl peroxide. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic.) AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure on combination therapy with the separate generic ingredients of the requested combination

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CLINDAMYCIN PRODUCTS CLINDAMYCIN 1% S, G, L, P,F†	Erygel®* (erythromycin 2% G) All other brands Klaron®* (sodium sulfacetamide 10% L)	product, if applicable. Azelex: the diagnosis or indication is acne AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two generic topical anti-infective agents (benzoyl peroxide, clindamycin, erythromycin, erythroymcin/benzoyl peroxide,)
ERYTHROMYCIN PRODUCTS ERYTHROMYCIN 2% S, G, P †	Sodium Sulfacetamide 10% L^{\dagger} All other brands	Limitations: Kits with non-drug products are not coveredOnexton: Prior authorization and be available to the few patients who are unable to tolerate or who have failed on preferred medications.
SODIUM SULFACETAMIDE PRODUCTS All Products Require PA	Benzaclin® (clindamycin/benyoyl peroxide)	
COMBINATION PRODUCTS	Azelex [®] (azelaic acid 20%C) DUAC® (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel	
ERYTHROMYCIN / BENZOYL PEROXIDE† OTHER	Benzamycin®* (erythromycin/benzoyl peroxide) Onexton® (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) Sodium Sulfacetamide/Sulfur <i>CL</i> , <i>C</i> , <i>P</i> , <i>E</i> ,† Sodium Sulfacetamide/Sulfur <i>W</i> †	
C=cream,CL=cleanser, E=emulsion, F=Foam, G=gel, L=lotion,O=ointment, P=pads, S=solution, W=wash, B=bar	Sumaxin [®] (sulfacetamide/sulfur <i>L</i> , <i>P</i> , <i>W</i>) Rosula®* (sulfacetamide/sulfur P, W) All other brands	
	Aczone® (dapsone 5% G)	
	All other brands any topical acne anti-infective medication	
TOPICAL - RETINOIDS		
TRETINOIN† (specific criteria required for ages <10 or >34) 0.025%, 0.05%, 0.1% C; 0.01%, 0.025% G AVITA® (tretinoin) FABIOR® (tazarotene 0.1% F)	All brand tretinoin products (Atralin® 0.05% G, Retin-A®*, Retin-A Micro® 0.1%, 0.04%, etc.)	Brand name tretinoin products and generic tretinoin microsphere: diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical tretinoin product. If a product has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation.
TAZORAC® (tazarotene) 0.1% C, G	Tretinoin microsphere† (compare to Retin-A Micro®) 0.1%, 0.04%	Differin (brand) and adapalene (generic): diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect,
C= cream, G=gel	adapalene† (compare to Differin®) 0.1% C, G, 0.3% G Differin® (adapalene) 0.1% C, G; L 0.3% G	allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical tretinoin product AND the request is for the brand product, the patient has had a documented intolerance to a generic adapalene product. Tretinoin (age < 10 or > 34): diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Avage® (tazarotene) ♣ Renova® (tretinoin) ♣ Solage® (tretinoin/mequinol) ♣ Tri-Luma® (tretinoin/hydroquinone/fluocinolone) ♣ Veltin® (clindamycin/tretinoin) G ♣ Not indicated for acne. Coverage of topical retinoid products will not be approved for cosmetic use (wrinkles, age spots, etc.).	keratosis, or rosacea. Limitations: Coverage of topical retinoid products will not be approved for cosmetic use (wrinkles age spots, etc.) (i.e. Avage, Renova, Solage, Tri-Luma).
TOPICAL - ROSACEA		
FINACEA [®] (azelaic acid) 15% <i>G</i> , F METRONIDAZOLE† 0.75% <i>C</i> , <i>G</i> , <i>L C=cream</i> , <i>F=Foam</i> , <i>G=gel</i> , <i>L=lotion</i>	All brand metronidazole products (MetroCream $^{\otimes}*$ 0.75% C , Metrogel $^{\otimes}$ 1% G , MetroLotion $^{\otimes}*$ 0.75% L , Noritate $^{\otimes}$ 1% C etc.) Metronidazole † 1% G Soolantra $^{\otimes}$ (ivermectin)	 Brand name metronidazole products, metronidazole 1% gel (generic) and Soolantra: diagnosis or indication is roacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical metronidazole product. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation. Limitations: The use of Mirvaso (brimonidine topical gel) for treating skin redness is considered cosmetic. Medications used for cosmetic purposes are excluded from coverage. Mirvaso topical gel has not been shown to improve any other symptom of rosacea (e.g. pustules, papules, flushing, etc) or to alter the course of the disease.

ADHD AND NARCOLEPSY CATAPLEXY MEDICATIONS

SHORT/INTERMEDIATE ACTING STIMULANTS

DEXMETHYLPHENIDATE † (compare to Focalin®)

METADATE ER® (compare to Ritalin® SR)

METHYLIN® (compare to Ritalin®) solution

METHYLPHENIDATE † (compare to Ritalin®) tablets, chewable tablets

METHYLPHENIDATE SR † (compare to Ritalin® SR)

AMPHETAMINE/DETROAMPHETAMINE † (compare to Adderall®)

Dextroamphetamine IR \dagger (Zenzedi 5 or 10mg, formerly Dexedrine $^{\textcircled{@}}$)

Evekeo® (amphetamine sulfate)

Focalin® (dexmethylphenidate)

Ritalin[®]* (methylphenidate)

Ritalin SR[®]* (methylphenidate SR)

Adderall[®]* (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine)

 $Desoxyn^{\textcircled{R}} \ (methamphetamine)$

Dextroamphetamine sulfate† 1 mg/ml oral solution

Methamphetamine † (compare to Desoxyn[®])

Methylphenidate solution

Procentra® (dextroamphetamine sulfate) 1 mg/ml oral solution

Clinical Criteria for ALL non-preferred drugs: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient meets additional clinical criteria outlined below.

Focalin, Adderall: the patient must have had a documented intolerance to the preferred generic equivalent.

Ritalin and Ritalin SR: patient has had a documented intolerance to the preferred equivalent. For Ritalin SR this is Metadate ER. For Ritalin, this is methylphenidate tablets.

Methamphetamine and Desoxyn: Given the high abuse potential of methamphetamine and Desoxyn, the patient must have a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy and have failed all preferred treatment alternatives. In addition, for approval of brand name Desoxyn, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic methamphetamine.

Methylphenidate solution: patient has a documented intolerance to Methylin solution.

Procentra, dextroamphetamine oral solution: patient has a medical necessity

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
		PA CRITERIA
(110 171 required unless otherwise noted)	(171 required)	TH CHILAIN
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) LONG ACTING STIMULANTS Methylphenidate Products Oral FOCALIN® XR (dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR IR/ER, 50:50%) METHYLPHENIDATE SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78%† (compare to Concerta®) (authorized generic, labeler code 00591 is only preferred form) QUILLICHEW ER TM (methylphenidate IR/ER, 30:70%) chewable tablets Oral Suspension QUILLIVANT XR® (methylphenidate IR/ER, 20:80%) QL = 1 bottle (60ml, 120ml, 150ml)/30days 2 bottles (180ml)/30days Transdermal DAYTRANA® (methylphenidate patch) (QL = 1	Metadate CD [®] (methylphenidate CR, IR/ER, 30:70%) methylphenidate CR, IR/ER, 30:70% (compare to Metadate CD [®]) Methylphenidate SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78% (compare to Concerta®) (non-authorized generic forms) Methylphenidate SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%† (compare to Ritalin LA [®]) Ritalin LA [®] (methylphenidateSR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) Amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER,	for an oral liquid dosage form. (eg. Swallowing disorder). AND if the request is for Procentra, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Dextroamphetamine IR, Zenzedi, Evekeo: the patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure of at least 2 preferred agents. Clinical criterial for ALL non-preferred drugs: the patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy AND has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR meets the additional clinical criteria outlined below. Aptensio XR, Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, and Methylphenidate CR, Methylphenidate SR 24 HR: patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure on Focalin XR or Methylphenidate SR OSM. AND for approval of generic methylphenidate CR or methylphenidate SR 24 HR, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand equivalent. Concerta and non-authorized generic: patient has had a documented intolerance to authorized generic Methylphenidate SA OSM. Amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR (generic), dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR ER (generic): patient must have a documented intolerance to the brand name equivalent. Dexedrine CR, dextroamphetamine SR, Dyanavel: patient must have a documented intolerance to one preferred amphetamine product. For approval of brand Dexedrine CR, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
Amphetamine Products Oral ADDERALL XR® (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) ADZENYS XR® ODT (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) (QL= 1 cap/day) VYVANSE® (lisdexamfetamine) (QL = 1 cap/day)	50:50% † (compare to Adderall XR®) Dyanavel TM suspension (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR) (QL=240ml/30days) Dexedrine CR®* (dextroamphetamine 24 hr SR) Dextroamphetamine 24 hr SR† (compare to Dexedrine CR®)	

DDEEEDDED ACENTS	NON DECEMBED ACENTS	
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted) GUANFACNIE ER (Intuniv®) Kapvay® (clonidine extended release) Tablet Qty limit = 4 tablets/day Strattera® (atomoxetine) Qty limit:10, 18, 25 and 40 mg = 2 capsules/day 60, 80 and 100 mg = 1 capsule/day FDA maximum recommended dose = 100 mg/day	Armodafinil (compare to Nuvigil®) Qty Limit: 50mg = 2 tabs/day 150mg/200mg/250mg = 1 tab/day Clonidine ER (compare to Kapvay®) Qty limit = 4 tabs/day Modafinil (compare to Provigil®) (not approvable for ADHD in children age ≤12) (Max days supply = 30 days) Qty limit: 100 mg = 1.5 tablets/day; 200 mg = 2 tablets/day Maximum Daily Dose = 400 mg Nuvigil® (armodafinil) Qty limit: 50 mg = 2 tablets/day; 150 mg/200 mg/250 mg = 1 tablet/day Provigil® (modafinil) (not approvable for ADHD in children age ≤12). Qty limit: 100 mg = 1.5 tablets/day; 200 mg = 2 tablets/day Maximum Daily Dose = 400 mg (Max days supply = 30 days) Intuniv® (guanfacine extended release) Tablet Qty limit = 1 tablet/day Xyrem® (sodium oxybate) oral solution Qty limit = 540 ml/30 days	Nuvigil®, Armodafinil: Diagnosis or indication is narcolepsy, excessive sleepiness associated with shift work sleep disorder/ obstructive sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome (adjunct to standard treatment): The patient is > 17 years old AND The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure to a CNS stimulant or has a contraindication for use of these agents (e.g. substance abuse history) AND if the request is for armodafinil, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Nuvigil. Note: Nuvigil®/armodafinil will not be approved for idiopathic hypersomnolence, excessive daytime sleepiness, fatigue associated with use of narcotic analgesics, or for ADHD (for any age patient). Provigil®, Modafinil: Diagnosis or indication is narcolepsy OR Diagnosis or indication is excessive sleepiness associated with shift work sleep disorder/obstructive sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome (adjunct to standard treatment), fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis, fatigue associated with the treatment of depression or schizophrenia: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure to a CNS stimulant or has a contraindication for use of these agents (e.g. substance abuse history) AND if the request is for modafinil, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Provigil Diagnosis or indication is ADHD age > 12: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has a documented treatment failure, due to lack of efficacy, to two long-acting CNS stimulants or the patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or direct contraindication (e.g. comorbid tics, moderate -

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ALLERGEN IMMUNO	ГНЕКАРУ
	Grastek® ($QL = 1$ tablet/day) Oralair® ($QL = 1$ tablet/day) Ragwitek® ($QL = 1$ tablet/day)	 Clinical Criteria All agents in class Prescriber must provide the testing to show that the patient is allergic to the components in the prescribed therapy and must provide a clinically valid rationale why single agent sublingual therapy is being chosen over subcutaneous therapy Treatment must start 12 weeks before expected onset of pollen season and only after confirmed by positive skin test or in vitro testing for pollen-specific IgE antibodies for short ragweed pollen (Ragwitek), timothy grass or cross-reactive grass pollens (Grastek), or any of the 5 grass species contained in Oralair Have an auto-injectable epinephrine on-hand Grastek additional criteria: Patient age ≥5 years and ≤65 years Cralair additional criteria: Patient age ≥10 years and ≤65 years Ragwitek additional criteria: Patient age ≥18 years and ≤65 years
	ALPHA1-PROTEINASE	NHIBITORS
	Aralast NP [®] Glassia [®] Prolastin-C [®] Zemaira [®] **Maximum days supply per fill for all drugs is 14 days**	Criteria for Approval: The indication for use is treatment of alpha1 -proteinase inhibitor deficiency-associated lung disease when all of the following criteria are met: Patient's alpha1 -antitrypsin (ATT) concentration < 80 mg per dl [or < 11 micromolar] AND patient has obstructive lung disease as defined by a forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) OF 30 - 65% of predicted or a rapid decline in lung function defined as a change in FEV1 of > 120 mL/year. AND medication is being administered intravenously (inhalation administration will not be approved) AND patient is a non-smoker OR patient meets above criteria except lung function has deteriorated beneath above limits while on therapy.
	ALZHEIMER'S MEDI	

CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
DONEPEZIL† (compare to Aricept [®]) tablet (QL = 1 tablet/day) EXELON [®] (rivastigmine) Capsule (QL = 2 capsules/day) DONEPEZIL ODT † (compare to Aricept® ODT) (QL = 1 tablet/day) RIVASTIGMINE† (compare to Exelon®) capsule (QL = 2 capsules/day) GALANTAMINE† tablet § (compare to Razadyne®) Tablet GALANTAMINE ER† capsule § (compare to Razadyne® ER) SOLUTION EXELON® (rivastigmine) Oral Solution TRANSDERMAL EXELON® (rivastigmine transdermal) Patch (QL = 1 patch/day)	Aricept [®] (donepezil) Tablet ($QL = 1 \ tablet/day$) Razadyne [®] (galantamine) Tablet Razadyne ER [®] (galantamine) Capsule Aricept [®] ODT (donepezil) ($QL = 1 \ tablet/day$) galantamine† (compare to Razadyne®) Oral Solution	Razadyne Tablet, Razadyne ER Capsule: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to donepezil and Exelon. AND if the product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic. Aricept: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Galantamine Oral Solution: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR the patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Exelon Oral Solution. Aricept ODTdiagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation.
NMDA RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST		
MEMANTINE Tablets NAMENDA® (memantine) Oral Solution	Namenda [®] (memantine) Tablet Namenda [®] XR (memantine ER) Oral Capsule $(QL = 1 \ capsule/day)$	Namenda: Patient has a documented intolerance to the generic. Namenda XR: Patient has not been able to tolerate twice daily dosing of immediate release memantine, resulting in significant clinical impact.
CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR/NMDA COMB	INATION	
	Namzaric [®] (donepezil/memantine) Capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day)	Namzaric: Clinically compelling reason why the individual ingredients of donepezil and memantine cannot be used
	COX-2 INHIBITORS	
Clinical PA Required CELECOXIB† (QL = 2 caps/day)	Celebrex [®] (celecoxib) ($QL = 2 \ capsules/day$)	Celebrex: patient does not have a history of a sulfonamide allergy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two or more preferred generic NSAIDS and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib. OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID due to one of the following: patient is 60 years of age or older, patient has a history of GI bleed and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, patient is

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin) and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, and Patient is currently taking methotrexate and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib.
	ANALGESICS	
MISCELLANEOUS: TRANSDERMAL PATCH		
Note: Please refer to "Analgesics: Long Acting Narcotics" for Duragesic® and fentanyl patch	Lidocaine 5% patch† (compare to Lidoderm®) (QL = 3 patches/day) Lidoderm® Patch (lidocaine 5 %) (QL = 3 patches/day) Qutenza® Patch (capsaicin 8 %) (QL = 4 patches/90 days) (Note: Please refer to Analgesics: COX IIs and NSAID s for topical NSAIDS)	Lidoderm, Lidocaine Patch: diagnosis or indication is neuropathic pain/post-herpetic neuralgia AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to 2 drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lyrica, OR patient has a medical necessity for a transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications), AND if the request is for generic lidocaine patch, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand product. Qutenza: diagnosis or indication is post-herpetic neuralgia AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to 2 drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lyrica AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy treatment failure or contraindication to Lidoderm OR patient has a medical necessity for transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications) AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lidoderm.
OPIOIDS: SHORT ACTING		
ACETAMINOPHEN W/CODEINE† (compare to Tylenol® w/codeine) ACETAMINOPHEN W/HYDROCODONE† (compare to Vicodin®, Lorcet®, Maxidone®, Norco®, Zydone®) (QL 5/500 = 8 tablets/day, 10/500 = 8 tablets/day, 7.5/750 = 5 tablets/day) ACETAMINOPHEN W/OXYCODONE† (compare to Percocet®) (QL 10/650 = 6 tablets/day) ASPIRIN W/CODEINE† BUTALBITAL COMP. W/CODEINE† (compare	Abstral [®] (fentanyl) Sublingual Tablets Acetaminophen w/codeine: all branded products Acetaminophen w/hydrocodone: all branded products (QL 5/500 = 8 tablets/day, 10/500 = 8 tablets/day, 7.5/750 = 5 tablets/day) Acetaminophen w/hydrocodone (compare to Xodol [®]) (QL=13 tablets/day) Acetaminophen w/oxycodone: all branded products (QL 10/650 = 6 tablets/day) Actiq [®] (fentanyl lozenge on a stick: 200 mcg, 400 mcg, 600 mcg, 800 mcg, 1200 mcg, 1600 mcg)	 Butorphanol Nasal Spray: documented site effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to codeine, hydrocodone, morphine, & oxycodone (all 4 generic entities) as single or combination products. OR is unable to use tablet or liquid formulations. Abstral, Actiq, fentanyl transmucosal, Fentora, Lazanda, Subsys: indication of cancer breakthrough pain AND patient is opioid tolerant AND is on a long acting opioid formulation AND is 18 years of age or older (Actiq 16 years of age or older) AND prescriber is registered in the Transmucosal Immediate Release Fentanyl (TIRF) Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Access program AND member has had a documented treatment failure with or intolerance to 2 of the following 3 immediate release treatment options: morphine, hydromorphone or oxycodone. OR is unable to use tablet or liquid formulations AND if the request is for brand name Actiq, member has a documented intolerance to generic fentanyl transmucosal.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(2.00.000)	(
to Fiorinal [®] w/codeine) CODEINE SULFATE† DIHYDROCODEINE COMPOUND† (compare to Synalgos-DC [®]) ENDOCET [®] (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) HYDROCODONE† (plain, w/acetaminophen, or w/ibuprofen) (some exceptions apply) HYDROMORPHONE† tablets (compare to Dilaudid [®]) First fill limited to 14 days' supply (Qty limit = 16 tablets/day) MEPERIDINE† (compare to Demerol [®]) (30 tabs or 5 day supply) MORPHINE SULFATE† MORPHINE SULFATE† MORPHINE SULFATE† (compare to Roxanol [®]) OXYCODONE† (plain) First fill limited to 14 days' supply (For tablets, Qty limit = 12 tablets/day) OXYCODONE† (w/acetaminophen, w/aspirin or w/ibuprofen) TRAMADOL† (compare to Ultram [®]) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) (Age ≥ 16) TRAMADOL/APAP† (compare to Ultracet [®]) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) (Age ≥ 18) ZAMICET† (Hydrocodone-Acetaminophen Soln 10-325 Mg/15ml)	Anexsia®* (acetaminophen w/hydrocodone) Butorphanol Nasal Spray† (Qty Limit = 2 bottles/month) Capital® w/codeine* (acetaminophen w/codeine) Combunox®* (oxycodone w/ ibuprofen) Demerol* (meperidine) Dilaudid®*(hydromorphone) tablets First fill limited to 14 days' supply (Qty limit = 16 tablets/day) Dilaudid-5®(hydromorphone) oral solution First fill limited to 14 days' supply fentanyl citrate transmucosal† (compare to Actiq®) Fentora® (fentanyl citrate buccal tablets) Fioricet® w/codeine*(butalbital/acetaminophen/caffeine/codein e) Hydrocodone-Acetaminophen Soln 10-325 Mg/15ml Hydromorphone† oral soln (compare to Dilaudid-5®) First fill limited to 14 days' supply Ibudone®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Lazanda® (fentanyl) Nasal Spray Lortab®*(hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen) Meperidine† (Qty > 30 tabs or 5 day supply) Nucynta® (tapentadol) Opana® (oxymorphone) Oxycodone† (plain) capsules First fill limited to 14 days' supply (Qty limit = 12 capsules/day) Oxymorphone† (compare to Opana®) Panlor DC® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine) Pentazocine w/naloxone† Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate) Rybix® ODT (tramadol ODT) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) Subsys® (fentanyl) Sublingual Spray Synalgos DC®*(dihydrocodeine compound) Talwin®* (pentazocine) and branded combinations Tylenol® #3*,#4*(acetaminophen w/codeine)	Dilaudid - 5 Oral Solution, Hydromorphone Oral Solution: member has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with oxycodone oral solution and morphine oral solution OR has been started and stabilized on another dosage form of hydromorphone AND if the request is for the branded product, patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Nucynta, Opana, Oxymorphone: member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following 3 immediate release generic short acting narcotic analgesics - morphine, hydromorphone, or oxycodone AND if the request if for brand Opana, member has a documented intolerance to generic oxymorphone. Oxycodone (generic) Capsules: member has a documented intolerance to generic oxycodone tablets. Oxecta: prescriber provides a clinically valid rationale why the generic immediate release oxycodone cannot be used AND member has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 other preferred short acting narcotic analgesics. NOTE: a history of substance abuse does not warnant approval of Oxeta (oxycodone IR) since a clear advantage of this product over preferred short acting opioids in this population has not been established. Ultram, Ultracet: member has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder) Xartemis XR: diagnosis is acute pain AND member has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 short acting opioids not requiring prior approval, one of which is oxycodone w/ apap AND prescriber must provide a compelling clinical reason why an extended release product is required for treatment of acute pain. Other Short acting Opioids: member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 medications not requiring prior approval. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic) PA Requests to Exceed QL for Oxycodone IR or Hydromorphone IR: if dose consolidation is being prescribed for pain rel

DDEEEDDED ACENTS	NON DECEMBED ACENTS	
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	tablets/day)	
	Ultram®* (tramadol) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day)	
	Xartemis XR® (oxycodone w/acetaminophen) (Qty Limit	
	= 4 tablets/day)	
OPIOIDS: LONG ACTING		
01101250 201(01101214(0		
TRANSDERMAL		CLINICAL CONSIDERATIONS: Long acting opioid dosage forms are
BUTRANS (buprenorphine) TRANSDERMAL	Duragesic®* (fentanyl patch) 12 mcg/hr, 25 mcg/hr, 50	intended for use in opioid tolerant patients only. These tablet/capsule/topical
SYSTEM (QL = 2 patches/14 days) (Maximum 14 day fill)	mcg/hr (QL=15 patches/30 days) 75 mcg/hr, 100 mcg/hr	medication strengths may cause fatal respiratory depression when administered to patients not previously exposed to opioids. LA opioids should be prescribed
(22 – 2 paienes, 17 auys) (maximum 17 auy jiii)	(QL=13 patches/30 days) 75 fileg/fil, 100 fileg/fil (QL=30 patches/30 days)	for patients with a diagnosis or condition that requires a continuous, around-
FENTANYL PATCH† (compare to Duragesic®)		the-clock analgesic. LA opioids should be reserved for use in patients for
12 mcg/hr, 25 mcg/hr, 50 mcg/hr (<i>QL=15 patches/30</i>		whom alternative treatment options (e.g., non-opioid analgesics or immediate-
days) 75 mcg/hr, 100 mcg/hr (QL=30 patches/30	Fentanyl patch 37.5mcg/hr, 62.5mcg/hr, 87.5mcg/hr	release opioids) are ineffective, not tolerated, or would be otherwise inadequate
days)	Exalgo [®] (hydromorphone XR) tablet	to provide sufficient management of pain. LA opioids are NOT intended for use as 'prn' analgesic. LA opioids are NOT indicated for pain in the immediate
	(QL= 30 tablets/30 days (8 mg, 12 mg, 16 mg tabs), 60	post-operative period (the first 12-24 hours following surgery) or if the pain is
	tablets/30 days (32 mg tabs)	mild, or not expected to persist for an extended period of time. LA opioids are
BUCCAL	hydromorphone XR† (compare to Exalgo [®]) tablet (QL= 30 tablets/30 days (8 mg, 12 mg, 16 mg tabs))	not intended to be used in a dosage frequency other than FDA approved
All Products require PA	(QL= 30 tablets/30 talys (8 mg, 12 mg, 10 mg tabs))	regimens. Patients should not be using other extended release opioids
ORAL		prescribed by another physician. Prescribers should consult the VPMS (Vermont Prescription Monitoring System) to review a patient's Schedule II -
BUPRENORPHINE	Belbuca® (buprenorphine hcl buccal film) (QL= 28	IV medication use before prescribing long acting opioids.
All products require PA. HYDROMORPHONE	films/14 days, Maximum 14 day fill)	Belbuca Films: the patient has had a documented intolerance to Butrans patches
All products require PA.	Dolophine [®] (methadone) tablets	Duragesic Patches: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fentanyl
•	Methadone† (compare to Dolophine®) 5 mg, 10 mg	patches.
<u>METHADONE</u>	tablets	Fentanyl patches 37.5mcg/hr, 62.5mcg/hr, 87.5mcg/hr: provider must submit clinical rationale detailing why the patient is unable to use a combination of the
All products require PA	Methadone† oral solution (no PA required for patient less than 1 year old)	preferred strengths.
MORPHINE	Methadone† oral concentrate 10 mg/ml	Methadone Tablet: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
MORPHINE SULFATE CR 12 hr† tablet (compare to		treatment failure to morphine sulfate CR 12 hr tablets AND the initial
MS Contin [®] (QL =90 tablets/strength/30 days)	**Maximum initial daily dose all products = 30	methadone daily dose does not exceed 30mg AND for approval of brand
(£2) a material sin engine a maya)	mg/day**	Dolophine tablets, the patient must have a documented intolerance to the equivalent generic tablet. (Note: Methadone products, when used for treatment
EMBEDA® (morphine sulfate/naltrexone		of opioid addiction in detoxification or maintenance programs, shall be
hydrochloride) Capsules	Kadian (morphine sulfate XR) ($QL = 60$	dispensed ONLY by certified opioid treatment programs as stipulated in 42
(QL=2 capsules/day)	capsules/strength/30 days)	CFR 8.12, NOT retail pharmacy)
TRAMADOL	MS Contin [®] * (morphine sulfate CR 12 hr) Tablets (QL=90 tablets/strength/30 days)	Methadone Liquid: Patient must have a medical necessity for an oral liquid (i.e.
TRAMADOL All products require PA.	Morphine sulfate SR 24hr† capsule (compare to	swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND the initial daily dose does not exceed 30mg OR patient has been started and stabilized on the
Am produces require ras	Kadian [®]) ($QL=60$	requested oral liquid medicationNote: Methadone products, when used for
	capsules/strength/30 days)	treatment of opioid addiction in detoxification or maintenance programs, shall
	Morphine sulfate SR beads 24hr† capsule (QL 30	be dispensed ONLY by certified opioid treatment programs as stipulated in 42
	capsules/strength/30 days)	CFR 8.12, NOT retail pharmacy

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
HYDROCODONE All products require PA.	Oxycodone ER† (compare to OxyContin®) (QL= 90 tablets/strength/30 days) OxyContin® (Oxycodone ER) (QL= 90 tablets/strength/30 days) Opana ER® (oxymorphone ER) (crush resistant) (QL=60 tablets/strength/30 days) Oxymorphone ER (QL=60 tablets/strength/30 days) Nucynta ER® (tapentadol ER) (QL=2 tablets/day) Xtampza ER® (oxycodone ER) (QL = 60 tabs/strength/30days) Conzip® (tramadol ER biphasic release) Capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day) Tramadol SR† (compare to Ultram ER®) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Tramadol ER biphasic-release® Capsule (Qty Limit = 1 capsule/day)(150 mg strength) Tramadol ER biphasic-release† tablet (formerly Ryzolt®) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Ultram ER® (tramadol SR 24 hr) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Hysingla ER® w/abuse deterrent properties (hydrocodone bitartrate) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/ day) Zohydro ER® (hydrocodone bitartrate)	Conzip, Tramadol ER biphasic-release Capsule, Tramadol ER biphasic-release Tablet, Tramadol ER/SR, Ultram ER: member has had a documented treatment failure to a preferred short-acting tramadol product. In addition, for approval of tramadol ER biphasic-release capsule or tablet or Ultram ER, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic tramadol ER/SR. Oral Non-Preferred (except methadone & tramadol containing products): the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to morphine sulfate CR 12hr tablet (generic) AND generic fentanyl patch. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic). AND if there is a history of substance abuse, the patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to the preferred abuse deterrent formulation (Embeda) before OxyContin or Xtampza ER will be approved. Hysingla ER/Zohydro ER: Available with PA for those unable to tolerate any preferred medications. All requests will go to the DVHA Medical Director for approval. Limitations: Methadone 40mg dispersible tablet not approved for retail dispensing.
NSAIDS		
ORAL SINGLE AGENT DICLOFENAC POTASSIUM† DICLOFENAC SODIUM† (compare to Voltaren®) ETODOLAC† (formerly Lodine®) ETODOLAC ER†	Anaprox DS [®] * (naproxen sodium) Cambia [®] (diclofenac potassium) packet for oral solution $(QL = 9 \ packets/month))$ Daypro [®] * (oxaprozin) EC-Naprosyn [®] * (naproxen sodium enteric coated)	Arthrotec, diclofenac/misoprostol, Duexis: patient has a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID mono-therapy due to one of the following: patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate AND patient is unable to take the individual components

PREFERRED AGENTS NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) FLURBIPROFEN† Feldene®* (piroxicam) IBUPROFEN† (compare to Motrin®) Fenoprofen 400mg cap Fenoprofen† 600 mg tab Indocin[®]* (indomethacin) suspension, suppository INDOMETHACIN†(formerly Indocin®, Indocin mefenamic acid† capsules (compare to Ponstel®) INDOMETHACIN ER† meloxicam suspension KETOPROFEN† Mobic® (meloxicam) suspension KETOPROFEN ER† Mobic[®]* (meloxicam) tablets KETOROLAC† (formerly Toradol[®]) (QL = 20 doses/5 day supply every 90 days)Nalfon® (fenoprofen) 400 mg capsules MECLOFENAMATE SODIUM† MELOXICAM† Naprelan[®]* (naproxen sodium) tabs (compare to Mobic[®]) Naprosyn[®]* (naproxen sodium) NABUMETONE† Ponstel[®] (mefenamic acid) NAPROXEN† (compare to Naprosyn[®]) Tivorbex (indomethacin) capsules (QL=3 caps/day) NAPROXEN ENTERIC COATED† (compare to EC-Vivlodex® (meloxicam) capsules Naprosyn[®]) Voltaren XR^{®*} (diclofenac sodium SR) NAPROXEN SODIUM† (compare to Anaprox[®], Zipsor[®] (diclofenac potassium) Anaprox DS[®], Zorvolex[®] (diclofenac) Capsules Naprelan[®]) (QL = 3 capsules/day)OXAPROZIN† (compare to Daypro[®]) Sprix[®] (ketorolac) Nasal Spray PIROXICAM† (compare to Feldene®) (QL = 5 bottles/5 days - once every 90 days)JLINDAC† diclofenac† (compare to Pennsaid®) 1.5 % Topical **INJECTABLE** Solution KETOROLAC † Injection (formerly Toradol[®]) (OL =1 dose per fill) Flector® (diclofenac) 1.3 % Patch (OL = 2 patches/day) Pennsaid® (diclofenac) 2% Topical Solution NASAL SPRAY Voltaren® (diclofenac) 1 % Gel All products require PA. Arthrotec[®] (diclofenac sodium w/misoprostol) diclofenac sodium w/misoprostol† (compare to TRANSDERMAL Arthrotec[®]) All products require PA. Duexis[®] (ibuprofen/famotidine) NSAID/ANTI-ULCER (OL = 3 tablets/day)All products require PA. $Vimovo^{\circledR}$ (naproxen/esomeprazole) Note: Please refer to "Dermatological: Actinic (QL = 2 tablets/day)Keratosis Therapy" for Solaraze[®] or Diclofenac 3% Gel

PA CRITERIA

separately AND if the request is for brand Arthrotec, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Cambia: drug is being prescribed for treatment of acute migraine attacks AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, one of which must be generic diclofenac OR drug is being prescribed for treatment of acute migraine attacks AND patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with the generic ibuprofen suspension and the generic naproxen suspension.

Flector Patch, Pennsaid, Diclofenac 1.5% Topical Solution: diagnosis or indication is osteoarthritis or acute pain caused by minor strains, sprains, and contusions AND patient has had a documented side effect or inadequate response to Voltaren gel OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate OR patient has a documented medical necessity for a topical/transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications), AND for approval of Pennsaid 1.5%, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Sprix: indication or diagnosis is moderate to moderately severe pain. AND patient has had a documented inadequate response or intolerance to generic ketorolac tablets. OR patient has a documented medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to take medication orally (NPO)).

Tivorbex: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, including generic indomethacin.

Vivlodex[®]: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, including generic meloxicam.

Voltaren Gel, Diclofenac 1% Gel: diagnosis or indication is osteoarthritis or acute pain caused by minor strains, sprains, and contusions. AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least 2 preferred generic NSAIDs. OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generis NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate OR patient has a documented medical necessity for a topical/transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medication). For approval of generic Diclofenac 1% gel, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to Brand Voltaren.

Vimovo: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generis NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral

corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate AND patient is unable to take naproxen and a preferred proton pump inhibitor, separately.

Zipsor, Zorvolex: patient has had a documented intolerance to diclofenac tablets. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		or more preferred generic NSAIDs. All other PA requiring NSAIDs: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDS. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
ANEMIA: HEMATOPOIETIC/ERYTHROPOIETIC AGENTS		
PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	Epogen [®] (epoetin alpha)	Aranesp, Procrit, Epogen: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to one of the following: Chronic kidney disease/renal failure.

ARANESP (darbepoetin alfa) PROCRIT[®] (epoetin alpha)

Post-renal transplant. Use of zidovudine for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (other causes of anemia, such as iron/folate/vitamin B12 deficiency have been eliminated), Surgery patients at high risk for perioperative blood loss, Cancer chemotherapy, Use of ribavirin or interferon therapy for Hepatitis C, Myelodysplastic syndrome. Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10 g/dL OR for patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin level is < 11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, < 10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or < 12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications AND for approval of Epogen, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both Aranesp and Procrit.

ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS: INJECTABLES

Length of Authorization: Initial PA 3 months; 12 months thereafter

PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET

ENBREL® (etanercept) $Qty \ Limit = 4 \ syringes/28 \ days(50 \ mg), 8$ syringes/28 days (25 mg)

HUMIRA® (adalimumab) *Oty Limit* = 2 *syringes*/28 *days* Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol)

(Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days (starter X 1, then regular)) Cosentyx[®] (secukinumab) subcutaneous (*Quantity limit* = 8 pens or vials month one, then 4 pens or vials monthly)

Remicade[®] (infliximab)

Simponi[®] (golimumab) Subcutaneous Oty Limit = 1 of 50 mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector/28 days)

Humira: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Humira. OR patient has a confirmed diagnosis of AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. Notes: Approval should be granted in cases where patients have been treated with infliximab but have lost response to therapy.

Enbrel: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Enbrel. OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried.

Cimzia, Cosentyx, Remicade, Simponi: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on the medication being requested OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why BOTH Humira and Enbrel cannot be used.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		 Additional criteria for Cosentyx and Simponi: Patient must be ≥ 18 years of age. Safety and efficacy has not been established in pediatric patients. * Patients with documented diagnosis of active axial involvement should have a trial with two NSAIDs, but a trial with DMARD is not required. If no active axial skeletal involvement, then NSAID trial and a DMARD trial are required (unless otherwise contraindicated) prior to receiving Humira, Cimzia, Cosentyx, Enbrel, Remicade, or Simponi.
	ANTI-ANXIETY: ANXIOI	YTICS
BENZODIAZEPINE		
CHLORDIAZEPOXIDE† (formerly Librium [®]) CLONAZEPAM† (compare to Klonopin [®]) (QL = 4 tabs/day except 2 mg (QL = 3 tabs/day)) CLONAZEPAM ODT† (formerly Klonopin Wafers [®]) (QL = 4 tabs/day except 2 mg (QL = 3 tabs/day)) DIAZEPAM† (compare to Valium [®]) LORAZEPAM† (compare to Ativan [®]) (QL = 4 tablets/day) OXAZEPAM† (formerly Serax [®])	alprazolam† (compare to Xanax®) (QL = 4 tablets/day) alprazolam ER†, alprazolam XR® (compare to Xanax XR®) (QL = 2 tablets/day) alprazolam ODT† (compare to Niravam®) (QL = 3 tablets/day) Alprazolam Intensol® (alprazolam concentrate) Ativan®* (lorazepam) (QL = 4 tablets/day) Clorazepate† tabs (compare to Tranxene T®) Diazepam Intensol® (diazepam concentrate) Klonopin®* (clonazepam) (QL = 4 tabs/day except 2 mg (QL = 3 tabs/day)) Lorazepam Intensol® (lorazepam concentrate) Niravam® (alprazolam ODT) (QL = 3 tablets/day) Tranxene T®* (clorazepate tablets) Valium®* (diazepam) Xanax® (alprazolam) (QL = 4 tablets/day) Xanax XR® (alprazolam XR) (QL = 2 tablets/day)	Non-preferred Benzodiazepines (except for alprazolam ODT, Klonopin Wafers, Niravam & Intensol Products): patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must also be a trial of the generic formulation) Alprazolam ODT and Niravam: patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must also be a trial of the generic formulation). OR patient has a medical necessity for disintegrating tablet administration (i.e. inability to swallow tablets) AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to clonazepam ODT. Alprazolam Intensol, Diazepam Intensol, and Lorazepam Intensol: patient has a medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder). AND the medication cannot be administered by crushing oral tablets.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(
NON-BENZODIAZEPINE		
BUSPIRONE† (formerly Buspar [®]) HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE† (formerly Atarax [®]) HYDROXYZINE PAMOATE† (compare to Vistaril [®]) (all strengths except 100 mg) MEPROBAMATE† (formerly Miltown [®])	Hydroxyzine Pamoate† (100 mg strength ONLY) (compare to Vistaril [®]) Vistaril [®] * (hydroxyzine pamoate)	 Hydroxyzine Pamote 100mg strength ONLY: patient is unable to use generic 50mg capsules Vistaril: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation. PA Requests to Exceed QL: all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless (a) the medication is being prescribed for acute alcohol withdrawal for a maximum 10 day supply or (b) the patient has been started and stabilized on the requested quantity for treatment of a seizure disorder.
	ANTICOAGULANT	rs
ORAL		
Vitamin K Antagonist WARFARIN † (compare to Coumadin [®])	Coumadin [®] * (warfarin)	Coumadin: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented intolerance to generic warfarin.
PRADAXA® (dabigatran etexilate) (Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day) Factor Xa Inhibitor Eliquis® (apixaban) (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day) (Quantity Limit 5mg = 4 tablets/day for 7 days if indication is treatment of DVT or PE)(followed by 5 mg twice daily) XARELTO® (rivaroxaban) (10mg- Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day, maximum 30 day supply to complete total 35 days/every 180 days) (15m & 20mg -Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) (Quantity limit 15 mg = 2 tablets/day for 21 days if indication is treatment of DVT or PE) (followed by 20mg once daily) Starter Pack (15 mg/20 mg) (Quantity Limit = 51 tablets/30 days)	Savaysa® (edoxaban) (Quantity limits=1 tablet/daily	Savaysa: Diagnosis or indication is nonvalvular atrial fibrillation or the indication is treatment of DVT or PE following 5-10 days of parenteral anticoagulation or the indication is reduction of risk of recurrent DVT or PE following initial therapy AND creatinine clearance is documented to be < 95 ml/min AND prescriber has provided another clinically valid reason why generic warfarin, Pradaxa, Xarelto or Eliquis cannot be used. A yearly creatinine clearance is required with renewal of PA request
INJECTABLE UNFRACTIONATED HEPARIN INJECTABLE HEPARIN†	n/a	Arixtra: patient has a documented intolerance to generic fondaparinux. Lovenox and Fragmin: patient has a documented intolerance to generic enoxaparin

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
LOW MOLECULAR WEIGHT HEPARINS INJECTABLE ENOXAPARIN † (compare to Lovenox®) $(QL = 2 \text{ syringes/day calculated in ml volume})$	Lovenox (enoxaparin) ($QL = 2$ syringes/day calculated in ml volume) Fragmin (dalteparin)	
SELECTIVE FACTOR XA INHIBITOR INJECTABLE FONDAPARINUX† (compare to Arixtra®)		
	Arixtra ^{®*} (fondaparinux)	

ANTICONVULSANTS

ORAL

Aptiom® (eslicarbazepine acetate) CARBAMAZEPINE† Tablets (compare to Tegretol®) OL = 1 tab/day (200, 400 and 800 mg) and 2 tabs/dayCARBAMAZEPINE Capsules (compare to Carbatrol®) $(600 \, mg)$ Banzel® (rufinamide) CARBAMAZEPINE extended release † (compare to OL = 8 tabs/day (400 mg) and 16 tabs/day (200 mg)Tegretol XR®) Banzel® (rufinamide) oral suspension CELONTIN® (methsuxamide) OL = 80 ml/day (3,200 mg/day)Briviact® (brivaracetam) tablets, oral suspension CLONAZEPAM† (compare to Klonopin®) Carbatrol® (carbamazepine) capsules QL = 4 tablets/dayClorazepate (compare to Tranxene-T®) tablets CLONAZEPAM ODT† (formerly Klonopin Wafers®) Depakene®* (valproic acid) OL = 4 tablets/dayDepakote[®]* (divalproex sodium) DEPAKOTE SPRINKLES[®] (divalproex sodium caps) Depakote ER^{®*} (divalproex sodium) DIAZEPAM† (compare to Valium®) divalproex sodium capsules † (compare to Depakote DILANTIN[®] (phenytoin) chewable tablets, capsules Sprinkles[®]) DIVALPROEX SODIUM † (compare to Depakote®) Dilantin® (phenytoin) suspension DIVALPROEX SODIUM ER† (compare to Depakote felbamate† (compare to Felbatol®) ER®) Felbatol[®] (felbamate) EPITOL† (carbamazepine) Fycompa[®] (perampanel) tablets QL = 1 tablet/dayETHOSUXAMIDE† (compare to Zarontin®) Keppra^{®*} (levetiracetam) tablets, oral solution GABAPENTIN† 100 mg, 300 mg, 400 mg capsules, 600 mg, 800 mg Keppra XR[®] (levetiracetam extended release) tablets, 250 mg/5 ml oral solution (compare to Klonopin[®]* (clonazepam) Neurontin[®]) QL = 4 tablets/day

Aptiom: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR the diagnosis is adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants, one of which is oxcarbazepine.

Briviact: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR the diagnosis is adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response, or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants, one of which is levetiracetam.

Carbatrol, Depakene, Depakote, Depakote ER, Dilantin Suspension, Keppra tabs or oral solution, Klonopin, Klonopin Wafers, Lamictal tabs or chew tabs, Mysline, Neurontin caps, tabs, sol, Tegretol Tabs, Tegretol XR (200mg & 400mg), Topamax tabs, Topamax sprinkles, Trileptal tabs, Zarontin, Zonegran: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent of the requested medication.

Benzel: diagnosis or indication is treatment of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants used for the treatment of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (topiramate, lamotrigine, valproic acid) AND for approval of the oral suspension, patient must be unable to use Benzel tabs (i.e. swallowing disorder)

Felbamate, Felbatol: patient information/consent describing aplastic anemia and liver injury has been completed AND patient has been started and stabilized on

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)
GABITRIL [®] (tiagabine) LAMOTRIGINE† chew tabs (compare to Lamictal [®] chew tabs) LAMOTRIGINE† tabs (compare to Lamictal [®] tabs) LEVETIRACETAM† tabs (compare to Keppra [®] tabs) LEVETIRACETAM† oral soln (compare to Keppra [®] oral soln) OXCARBAZEPINE† tablets (compare to Trileptal [®])	Lamictal ^{®*} tabs (lamotrigine tabs) Lamictal ^{®*} chew tabs (lamotrigine chew tabs) Lamictal ODT [®] (lamorigine orally disintegrating tablets Lamictal XR [®] tablets (lamotrigine extended release) lamotrigine ER† (compare to Lamictal XR [®]) lamotrigine ODT (compare to Lamictal ODT [®]) levetiracetam ER† (compare to Keppra XR [®]) Lyrica [®] (pregabalin) § cap (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 3
OXCARBAZEPINE † oral suspension (compare to Trileptal®) PEGANONE® (ethotoin) PHENYTEK® (phenytoin) PHENYTOIN† (compare to Dilantin®) PHENYTOIN EX† cap (compare to Phenytek®) PRIMIDONE† (compare to Mysoline®) PEGRETOL® (carbamazepine) suspension PEGRETOL XR® (carbamazepine) 100 mg ONLY POPIRAMATE ER POPIRAMATE† tabs (compare to Topamax® tabs) POPIRAMATE† sprinkle caps (compare to Topamax® sprinkles) VALPROIC ACID† (compare to Depakene®) CONISAMIDE† (compare to Zonegran®)	capsules/day) Lyrica [®] (pregabalin) oral solution Mysoline [®] * (primidone) Neurontin [®] * (gabapentin) capsules, tablets and solution Onfi [®] (clobazam) Oral Suspension 2.5 mg/ml (Quantity limit = 16 ml/day) Onfi [®] (clobazam) Tablets (Quantity Limit = 3 tabs/day (10 mg), 2 tabs/day (20 mg)) Oxtellar [®] XR (oxcarbazapine ER) tablet Potiga [®] (ezogabine) tablets (Quantity limit = 9 tablets/day (50mg), 3 tablets/day (all others) Qudexy [®] XR (topiramate) capsules Sabril [®] (vigabatrin) Spritam [®] (levetiracetam) tablets for oral suspension
	Tegretol [®] * (carbamazepine) tablets Tegretol XR [®] (carbamazepine) (200 and 400 mg strengths) tiagabine† (compare to Gabitril [®]) Topamax [®] * (topiramate) tablets Topamax [®] * (topiramate) Sprinkle Capsules Tranxene-T [®] * (clorazepate) tablets Trileptal [®] * tablets (oxcarbazepine) TRILEPTAL [®] oral suspension (oxcarbazepine) Trokendi XR [®] (topiramate SR 24hr) Capsules (Quantity limit = 2 caps/day (200mg), 1 cap/day all others)

Vimpat[®] (lacosamide) tablets, oral solution

PA CRITERIA

the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). Additionally, if brand is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures or Lennox-Gastaut seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least THREE preferred anticonvulsants. Additionally, if brand is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.

Divalproex sodium capsules (sprinkles) and tiagabine generic: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand name product.

Keppra XR, Lamictal XR, lamotrigine ER, levetiracetam ER, Oxtellar XR: patient has been unable to be compliant with or tolerate twice daily dosing of the immediate release product. Additionally, if brand Keppra XR or Lamictal XR is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.

Lamictal ODT, lamotrigine ODT: medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND lamotrigine chewable tabs cannot be used. For approval of brand Lamictal ODT, the patient must have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Spritam: medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND patient must have a documented intolerance to levetiracetam oral solution.

Lyrica caps, Lyrica oral solution: patient has a diagnosis of epilepsy OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Savella,

if medication is being used for fibromyalgia. (This indication not processed via automated step therapy). OR if the diagnosis is for post-herpetic neuralgia or neuropathic pain, there is a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: tricyclic antidepressant, gabapentin, or SNRI, AND if the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Lyrica capsules (i.e. swallowing disorder)

Onfi: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis or indication is adjunctive treatment of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants used for the treatment of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (topiramate, lamotrigine, valproic acid) OR diagnosis or indication is adjunctive treatment of refractory epilepsy (may include different types of epilepsy) AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least THREE preferred anticonvulsants.

Clorazepate, Fycompa, Potiga: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Zarontin [®] * (ethosuxamide) Zonegran [®] * (zonisamide)	for stabilization) OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy or partial-onset seizures OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy for primary generalized tonic-clonic seizures (Fycompa only) AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, inadequate response, or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants. Sabril: prescriber and patient are registered with the SHARE program AND diagnosis is infantile spasms OR patient is > 16 years old and the indication is adjunctive therapy in refractory complex partial seizures and failure of THREE other preferred anticonvulsants. Trileptal oral suspension: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Trokendi XR, Qudexy XR: patient has failed treatment with topiramate ER Vimpat: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis is monotherapy adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants AND if the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Vimpat tables (eg. swallowing disorder). PA Requests to Exceed QL for clonazepam/clonazepam ODT or Klonopin: all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless the patient has been started and stabilized on the requested quantity for treatment of a seizure disorder.
RECTAL		
DIASTAT [®] (diazepam rectal gel)	Diazepam rectal gel	Diazepam Rectal Gel: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented intolerance to Diastat rectal gel.
MAO INHIBITORS – Length of Authorization: Du	ANTIDEPRESSANTS	S
TATO I MIDITORO - Bengui di Addidi Latidi. De	indication of Freed for Freehald Health Indications	
PHENELZINE SULFATE (compare to Nardil [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/day TRANYLCYPROMINE (compare to Parnate [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day	Emsam [®] (selegiline) ($QL = 1 \ patch/day$) Marplan [®] (isocarboxazid) Nardil ^{®*} (phenylzine) $FDA \ maximum \ recommended \ dose = 90 \ mg/day$ Parnate ^{®*} (tranylcypromine) $FDA \ maximum \ recommended \ dose = 60 \ mg/day$	 Marplan: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to phenelzine and tranylcypromine. Nardil, Parnate: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic equivalent product. Emsam: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least 3 antidepressants from 2 of the major antidepressants classes (Miscellaneous, SNRIs, SSRIs, and Tricyclic Antidepressants). OR patient is unable to tolerate oral medication.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
MISCELLANEOUS - Length of Authorization: Du	ration of Need for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year fo	r Other Indications
BUPROPION SR† (compare to Wellbutrin SR®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400mg/day BUPROPION XL† (compare to Wellbutrin XL®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day BUPROPION† (compare to Wellbutrin®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day MAPROTILINE† FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day MIRTAZAPINE† (compare to Remeron®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day MIRTAZAPINE RDT† (compare to Remeron Sol- Tab®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day TRAZODONE HCL† (formerly Desyrel®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/day	Aplenzin [®] (bupropion hydrobromide) ER tablets <i>Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day</i> Trintellix® (vortioxetine) Tablet <i>Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day</i> Forfivo XL [®] (bupropion SR 24hr) 450 mg tablet FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Nefazodone† FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/day Remeron [®] * (mirtazapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day Remeron Sol Tab [®] * (mirtazapine RDT) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day Viibryd [®] (vilazodone) Tablet Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Wellbutrin SR [®] * (bupropion SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400mg/day Wellbutrin XL®* (bupropion XL) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day	Criteria for approval for ALL non-preferred drugs: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient meets additional criteria as outlined below. Aplenzin: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or in adequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred), one of which must be bupropion XL. Forfivo XL: The patient is unable to take the equivalent dose as generic bupropion XL. Nefazodone: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) Remeron, Remeron SolTab, Wellbutrin SR, and Wellbutrin XL: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the requested medication. Trintellix, Viibryd: The diagnosis or indication is MDD AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response (defined by at least 4 weeks of therapy) to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI, and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred. Note: After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and clinical criteria.
	for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year for Other Indicat	
VENLAFAXINE ER† capsule (compare to Effexor XR®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 225	Cymbalta [®] (duloxetine) Capsule FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day(MDD)	Criteria for approval of ALL non-preferred drugs: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient meets additional

and GAD), 60 mg/day all others

Desvenlafax ER (desvenlafaxine fumarate SR 24hr)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day,

Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)

Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day

Tablet

FDA maximum recommended dose = 225

mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day (37.5 mg &

75 mg)

adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient meets additional

Venlafaxine ER tablet (generic), Effexor XR Capsule (brand): The patient has

Venlafaxine IR: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or

Fetzima, Pristiq: The diagnosis or indication is Major Depressive Disorder

inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants.

had a documented intolerance to generic venlafaxine ER caps.

criteria as outlined below.

Desvenlafaxine ER [®] (desvenlafaxine base SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only) Duloxetine† (compare to Cymbalta [®]) Capsule	 (MDD) AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 3(three) different antidepressants, one of which must be Venlafaxine ER capsule. Desvenlafaxine ER, Khedezla: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants, one of
FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 g/day(MDD and GAD), 60 mg/day all others Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day Effexor XR [®] (venlafaxine XR) capsule FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg) Fetzima [®] (levomilnacipran ER) capsule FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day Fetzima [®] (levomilnacipran ER) capsule titration pack (QL = 1 pack per lifetime) FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day Irenka 40mg (duloxetine) capsules FD maximum recommended dose = 120g/day (MDD and GAD), 60mg/day all others, QL = 2 caps/day. Khedezla [®] (desvenlafaxine base SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only) Pristiq [®] § (desvenlafaxine succinate SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only) Venlafaxine ER [®] † tablet FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg) venlafaxine IR †§ FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day	which must be venlafaxine ER capsule AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with Pristiq. Duloxetine: Depression: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants, one of which must be venlafaxine ER capsule. Generalized Anxiety Disorder: The patient has had a documented side effect allergy, or inadequate response to at least TWO different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) on ONE antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) and buspirone. Neuropathic pain: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class. (this indication not processed via automated step therapy). Non-neuropathic musculoskeletal pain (osteoarthritis, chronic low back pain) The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, inadequate response or contraindication to acetaminophen (Tylenol®) AND at least TWO nonsteroida anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) (oral and/or topical). (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) Fibromyalgia: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine, Lyrica® or Savella®. (this indication no processed via automated step therapy) Note: After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and clinical criteria. Cymbalta, Irenka: Must meet criteria for duloxetine (above) AND have a clinically compelling reason why the dosing needs cannot be accomplished with generic duloxetine.

CITALOPRAM† (compare to Celexa®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day

ESCITALOPRAM† (compare to Lexapro®) TABLETS FDA maximum recommended dose = 20mg/day QL = 1.5 tabs/ day (5mg & 10mg tabs)

Brisdelle[®] (paroxetine)

Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day

Celexa[®]* (citalopram)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day

escitalopram† solution (compare to Lexapro[®] solution)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,

Celexa, fluvoxamine CR, Lexapro, Paxil tablet, Pexva, Paroxetine CR, Paxil CR, Prozac, Sarafem, Zoloft: The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. One trial must be the generic formulation or IR formulation if CR formulation requested.

Brisdelle: The indication for use is moderate to severe vasomotor symptoms (VMS) associated with menopause. AND The patient has tried and failed generic paroxetine.

PREFERRED AGENTS **NON-PREFERRED AGENTS** (No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) PA CRITERIA FLUOXETINE† (compare to Prozac®) CAPSULES, Paroxetine suspension, Paxil suspension, Escitalopram solution, Lexapro Fluoxetine[®]Tablets SOLUTION solution: The patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form. AND FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/dayFDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/dayThe patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 fluoxetine† 90 mg (compare to Prozac Weekly®) preferred SSRIs. If the request is for the brand product, the patient also has a FLUVOXAMINE† (formerly Luvox®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/week documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day Lexapro® (escitalopram) Fluoxetine tablet: Prescriber must provide a clinically compelling reason why the FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, patient is unable to use capsules PAROXETINE tablet† (compare to Paxil®) Fluoxetine 90mg, Prozac Weekly: The patient has been started and stabilized on Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs) FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/daythe requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate fluvoxamine CR† (compare to Luvox CR®) justification for stabilization.) OR The patient failed and is not a candidate for SERTRALINE† (compare to Zoloft®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day, FDA maximum recommended dose = 200 mg/day, daily fluoxetine. AND The prescriber provides clinically compelling rationale Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (25 mg & 50 mg tabs) paroxetine suspension† (compare to Paxil® susp) once-weekly dosing. AND If the request is for Prozac Weekly, the patient has a FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/daydocumented intolerance of fluoxetine 90 mg capsules. Paroxetine CR† (compare to Paxil CR®) Document clinically compelling information supporting the choice of a nonpreferred agent on a General Prior Authorization Form. FDA maximum recommended dose = 75 mg/day After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health Paxil[®]* (paroxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims = 60 mg/dayinformation will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and Paxil[®] suspension (paroxetine) clinical criteria. FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/dayPaxil CR[®] (paroxetine CR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 75 mg/day Pexeva[®] (paroxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/dayProzac[®]* (fluoxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day Prozac Weekly® (fluoxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/week Sarafem[®] (fluoxetine pmdd) FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day Zoloft[®]* (sertraline) FDA maximum recommended dose = 200 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (25 mg & 50 mg tabs)TRICYCLICS - Length of Authorization: Duration of Need for Mental Health Information, 1 Year for Other Indications Anafranil[®]* (clomipramine) AMITRIPTYLINE† (formerly Elavil) Imipramine Pamoate† capsules FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day

AMOXAPINE† (formerly Asendin®) CLOMIPRAMINE† (compare to Anafranil®) DESIPRAMINE† (compare to Norpramin®) DOXEPIN† (formerly Sinequan®) IMIPRAMINE† (compare to Tofranil®)

Norpramin®* (desipramine) Pamelor[®]* (nortriptyline) Surmontil[®] (trimipramine) Tofranil[®]* (imipramine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day Criteria for approval of ALL non-preferred drugs: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR the patient meets additional criteria as outlined below.

Imipramine Pamoate: The patient has had a documented side ffect, allergy, or treatment failure to 3 preferred TCAs, one of which must be imipramine

All other non-preferred agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred TCAs. One trial must be the

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day NORTRIPTYLINE† (formerly Aventyl®, compare to Pamelor®) NORTRIPTYLINE Oral Solution PROTRIPTYLINE†		AB rated generic formulation if available Limitation: Chlordiazepoxide/amitriptyline and amitriptyline/perphenazine combinations are not covered. Generic agents may be prescribed separately.
	ANTI-DIABETICS	
ALPHA-GLUCOSIDASE INHIBITORS		
ACARBOSE† (compare to Precose [®]) GLYSET [®] (miglitol)	Precose®* (acarbose)	Precose: patient must have a documented intolerance to generic acarbose
BIGUANIDES & COMBINATIONS		
METFORMIN† (compare to Glucophage [®]) METFORMIN XR† (compare to Glucophage XR [®]) COMBINATION GLIPIZIDE/METFORMIN† (compare to Metaglip [®]) GLYBURIDE/METFORMIN† (compare to Glucovance [®])	Fortamet [®] (metformin ER Osmotic) Glucophage [®] * (metformin) Glucophage XR [®] * (metformin XR) Glumetza [®] (metformin ER) Metformin ER Osmotic† (compare to Fortamet [®]) Glucovance [®] * (glyburide/metformin) Riomet [®] (metformin oral solution)	Fortamet, Glucophage XR, Glumetza, Metformin ER osmotic: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic metformin XR (if product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic) Glucophage, Glucovance: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred biguanide OR biguanide combination product (if a product has an AB raged generic, the trial must be the generic) Riomet: prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia)
DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASE (DPP-4) INHIBITORS		
PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	NON-PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	
SINGLE AGENT JANUVIA® (sitagliptin) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) TRADJENTA® (linagliptin) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)	Nesina [®] (alogliptin) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tablet/day</i>) Onglyza [®] (saxagliptin) (<i>Quantity limit=1 tablet/day</i>) Janumet XR [®] (sitagliptin/metformin ER) (<i>Qty limit=1 tab/day of 50/500 mg or 100/1000 mg or 2 tabs/day of 50/1000 mg</i>)	 Januvia, Tradjenta: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin Nesina, Onglyza: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred DDP-4 agent. Janumet: patient has had an inadequate response with Januvia OR Metformin monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Januvia and

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
COMBINATION JANUMET® (sitagliptin/metformin) § (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day) JENTADUETO® (linagliptin/metformin) (Quantity limit=2 tabs/day)	Jentadueto XR (linagliptan/metformin ER) (<i>Quantity limit</i> = 1 tab/day) Kazano® (alogliptin/metformin) (<i>Quantity limit</i> =2 tabs/day) Kombiglyze XR® (saxagliptin/metformin ER) (<i>Quantity limit</i> =1 tab/day) Oseni® (alogliptin/pioglitazone) (<i>Quantity limit</i> =1 tab/day)	Metformin combination therapy. Kazano, Kombiglyze XR: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred DPP-4 combination agent. Janumet XR, Jentadueto XR: patient is unable to take Januvia or Tradjenta in combination with Metformin XR as the individual separate agents. Jentadueto: patient has had an inadequate response with Tradjenta OR Metformin monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Tradjenta and Metformin combination therapy Oseni: patient is unable to take Nesina and Actos (pioglitazone) as the individual separate agents (after meeting clinical criteria for each individual agent)
INSULINS		
RAPID-ACTING INJECTABLE HUMALOG® (insulin lispro)	Afrezza ® Inhaled (insulin human) Apidra ® (insulin glulisine)	Apidra: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure to Novolog or Humalog
NOVOLOG [®] (Aspart) SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE HUMULIN R [®] (Regular) NOVOLIN R [®] (Regular) INTERMEDIATE-ACTING INJECTABLE HUMULIN N [®] (NPH) NOVOLIN N [®] (NPH) LONG-ACTING ANALOGS INJECTABLE LANTUS [®] (insulin glargine) LEVEMIR [®] (insulin detemir) MIXED INSULINS INJECTABLE HUMULIN 70/30 [®] (NPH/Regular) NOVOLIN 70/30 [®] (NPH/Regular) NOVOLOG MIX 70/30 [®] (Protamine/Aspart) HUMALOG MIX 50/50 [®] (Protamine/Lispro) HUMALOG MIX 75/25 [®] (Protamine/Lispro)	Toujeo® (insulin glargine) Tresiba® Flextouch (insulin degludec) Basaglar® (insulin glargine)	TOUJEO: Diagnosis of diabetes mellitus AND Prescription is initiated in consultation with an Endocrinologist AND The patient is currently on insulin glargine U100 and cannot achieve glycemic control (defined as hemoglobin A1c ≤ 7%) because dose increases cannot be tolerated despite attempts at manipulating dosing time or splitting the dose and the volume at the injection site for each dose exceeds 1ml. Note: Pharmacy claims will be evaluated to assess compliance with insulin glargine U100 therapy prior to Toujeo approva Initial approval will be granted for 6 months. For re-approval after 6 months, the patient must have a documented improvement in hemoglobin A1c of ≥ 0.5%. TRESIBA FLEXTOUCH: Diagnosis of diabetes mellitus AND prescription is initiated in consultation with an Endocrinologist AND the patient must have documented treatment failure with BOTH preferred long-acting agents. AND For approval of U200, the patient must currently be on Tresiba U100 and cannot achieve glycemic control (defined as hemoglobin A1c ≤ 7%) despite attempts as manipulating dosing time or splitting the dose and the volume at the injection site for each dose exceeds 1ml. Note: Initial approval will be granted for 6 months. For re-approval after 6 months, the patient must have a documented improvement in hemoglobin A1c of ≥ 0.5%. BASAGLAR: Diagnosis of diabetes mellitus AND prescription is initiated in consultation with an Endocrinologist AND the patient cannot achieve glycemic control (defined as hemoglobin A1c ≤ 7%) despite a 5-year trial of Lantus.

improvement in hemoglobin A1c of $\geq 0.5\%$.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		 AFREZZA INHALED INSULIN: Baseline PFT with FEV1 ≥ 70 % predicted Patient does not have underlying lung disease (Asthma, COPD) Patient is a non-smoker or has stopped smoking more than six months prior to starting Afrezza Patient is currently using a long-acting insulin Patient has failed to achieve HbA1c goal (defined as ≤ 7%) on a shortacting insulin in combination with a long-acting insulin Initial approval is for 3 months and improved glycemic control must be documented for further approvals
MEGLITINIDES Single Agent		Prandin, Starlix: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic equivalent.
NATEGLINIDE† (compare to Starlix [®]) REPAGLINIDE† (compate to Prandin [®])	Prandin [®] (replaglinide) Starlix [®] * (nateglinide)	Repaglinide/metformin: patient is unable to take repaglinide and metformin as the individual separate agents.
COMBINATION All products require PA	Repaglinide/metformin	
PEPTIDE HORMONES		
Preferred Agents After Clinical Criteria Are Met GLP-1 Receptor Agonists Single Agents BYDUREON® (exenatide extended-release) (Quantity Limit=4 vials/28 days) BYETTA® (exenatide) (Quantity Limit = 1 pen/30 days) VICTOZA® (liraglutide) (Quantity Limit=3 pens/30 days) COMBINATION AGENTS	Adlyxin® (lixisenatide) Tanzeum® (albiglutide) Trulicity® (dulaglutide) Soliqua® (insulin glargine/lixisenatide) QL = 3 pens/25 days Symlin® (pramlintide) No Quantity Limit applies	 Bydureon/Byetta/Victoza: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes. AND patient is at least 18 years of age. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin. Adlyxin/Trulicity/Tanzeum: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes AND patient is at least 18 years of age AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure with Victoza, Bydureon or Byetta. Soliqua: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes AND patient is at least 18 years of age AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin AND patient cannot achieve glycemic
All products require PA		control (defined as hemoglobin A1c \leq 7%) with a preferred GLP-1 receptor
Amylinomimetics All products require PA		agonist and Lantus used in combination.Symlin: patient has a diagnosis of diabetes mellitus. AND patient is at least 18 years of age. AND patient is on insulin.
SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTER 2 (SG	LT2) INHIBITORS AND COMBINATIONS	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met JARDIANCE (empagliflozin)	Farxiga [®] (dapagliflozin)	Patient is 18 years of age or older AND patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes mellitus and has had an inadequate response to diet and exercise alone AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) SYNJARDY® (empagliflozin/metformin) (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day)	(Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) Glyxambi® (empagliflozin/ linagliptin) (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) Invokamet (canagliflozin/metformin) (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) Invokamet® XR (canagliflozin/metformin ER) Invokana® (canagliflozin) (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) Xigduo XR® (dapagliflozin & metformin ER) (Quantity limit 5/1000mg = 2/day) (Quantity limit All Other Strengths = 1/day)	failure with metformin. Invokana/Farxiga additional criteria: Patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to Jardiance. Note: Exisiting users as of 1/1/17 will be grandfathered. Invokamet/Invokamet XR/Xigduo XR® additional criteria: The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with Synjardy or with Jardiance used incombination with metformin/metformin XR Glyxambi additional criteria: The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with the combination of the preferred SGL2 plus a preferred DPP-4 inhibitor
SULFONYLUREAS 2 ND GENERATION		
GLIMEPIRIDE† (compare to Amaryl) GLIPIZIDE† (compare to Glucotrol®) GLIPIZIDE ER† (compare to Glucotrol XL®) GLYBURIDE† GLYBURIDE MICRONIZED	Amaryl [®] * (glimepiride) Glucotrol [®] * (glipizide) Glucotrol XL [®] * (glipizide ER) Glynase [®] (glyburide micronized)	Patient must have a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to two preferred sulfonureas. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.
THIAZOLIDINEDIONES & COMBINATIONS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met SINGLE AGENT PIOGLITAZONE† (compare to Actos [®])§ COMBINATION PIOGLITAZONE/GLIMEPIRIDE† (compare to Duetact [®]) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) PIOGLITAZONE/METFORMIN† (Compare to Actoplus Met [®])§	Actos [®] (pioglitazone) Avandia [®] (rosiglitazone) Actoplus Met [®] (pioglitazone/metformin) Actoplus Met XR (pioglitazone/metformin ER) Duetact [®] (pioglitazone/glimepiride) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	 Actos (pioglitazone), Actoplus Met, Duetact, Pioglitazone/Metformin: Patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin AND if the request is for brand Actos Met or Duetact, patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Actoplus Met XR: patient has been started AND stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented treatment failure with generic Metformin XR OR patient has had a documented treatment failure OR has been unable to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of Actoplus Met resulting in a significant clinical impact. Avandia: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication and appears to be benefiting from it and the patient acknowledges that they understand the risks OR patient is unable to achieve glycemic control using other medications (including a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin).
ANTI EMETICE		

ANTI-EMETICS

5HT3 ANTAGONISTS: Length of Authorization: 6 months for chemotherapy or radiotherapy; 3 months for hyperemesis gravadarum, 1 time for prevention of post-op nausea/vomiting: see clinical criteria. Monthly quantity limits apply, PA required to exceed.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON DECEDDED ACENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ONDANSETRON† Injection (vial and premix) ONDANSETRON†tablet 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days) ONDANSETRON† ODT 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days)	Akynzeo® (nutupitant/palonosetron) Anzemet® (dolansetron) 50 mg (4 tabs/28 days) Anzemet® (dolansetron) 100 mg (2 tabs/28 days) Granisetron† (formerly Kytril®) 1 mg (6 tabs/28 days) Granisetron† (formerly Kytril®) Injectable Ondansetron† (generic) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml Sancuso® 3.1 mg/24 hrs Transdermal Patch (granisetron) (Qty Limit = 4 patches/28 days) Sustol® (granisetron) injection 10mg/0.4ml QL = 4 injections per 28 days Zofran®* (ondansetron) Injection Zofran®* (ondansetron) Oral Tablets and ODT 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days) Zofran® (ondansetron) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml Zuplenz® (ondansetron) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml Zuplenz® (ondansetron) Oral Soluble Film (Quantity Limit = 12 films/28 days (4 mg), 6 films/28 days (8 mg))	Akynzeo: Has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure of a regimen consisting of a 5-HT3 antagonist, an NK1 antagonist, and dexamethasone Anzemet: has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ondansetron. Granisetron: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ondansetron. Zofran: The patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, post-operative nausea and vomiting (1 time only) or hyperemesis gravadarum. AND patient must have a documented intolerance to the corresponding generic ondansetron product (tablets, orally disintegrating tablets (ODT), oral solution or injection). If the request is for oral solution, the patient must be unable to use ondansetron ODT or ondansetron tablets. Ondansetron OTal Sol: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, post-operative nausea and vomiting (1 time only) or hyperemesis gravadarum. AND patient is unable to use ondansetron ODT or ondansetron tablets. Sancuso: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy. AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the transdermal formulation. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic ondansetron. Sustol: Patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia) AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Ondansetron injection and Sancuso transdermal. Zuplenz: pa

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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		Granisetron: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 2 tablets for each day of chemotherapy and 2 tablets for 2 days after completion of chemotherapy may be approved. OR For nausea and vomiting associated with radiation therapy, 2 tablets for each day of radiation may be approved. Sancuso: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 1 patch for each chemotherapy cycle may be approved. Limitations: Aloxi and Anzemet injection are not considered outpatient medications and are not covered in the pharmacy benefit.
MISCELLANEOUS (PREGNANCY)		
	Diclegis [®] (10 mg doxylamine succinate and 10 mg pyridoxine hydrochloride) DR tablet (<i>QL</i> = 4 tablets/day)	Patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting of pregnancy AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to conservative management (i.e. change in dietary habits, ginger, or acupressure) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to generic doxylamine and generic pyridoxine (Vitamin B6) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to generic ondansetron.
NK1 ANTAGONISTS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met EMEND® (aprepitant) 40 mg (1 cap/28 days) ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) 80 mg (2 caps/28 days) ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) 125 mg (1 cap/28 days) ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) Tri-fold Pack (1 pack/28 days) ♣ To be prescribed by oncology practitioners ONLY	Varubi® (rolapitant) Quantity Limit = 4 tabs/ 28 days	Emend (aprepitant) 80 mg, 125 mg, and Tri-Fold pack: medication will be prescribed by an oncology practitioner. AND patient requires prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy. AND The requested quantity does not exceed one 125 mg and two 80 mg capsules OR one Tri-Fold Pack per course of chemotherapy. Patients with multiple courses of chemotherapy per 28 days will be approved quantities sufficient for the number of courses of chemotherapy. Emend 40mg: patient requires prevention of postoperative nausea and vomiting. AND The requested quantity does not exceed one 40 mg capsule per surgery or course of anesthesia. Patients with multiple surgeries or courses of anesthesia in a 28 day period will be approved quantities sufficient for the number of surgeries or courses of anesthesia. Varubi: Medication will be prescribed by an oncology practitioner AND patient requires prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy AND the requested quantity does not exceed 4 tablets per 28 days AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Emend®.
THC DERIVATIVES		
	Dronabinol† (compare to Marinol®) Marinol® (dronabinol) Cesamet® (nabilone)	Pharmacology: Marinol® is a schedule III cannabinoid agent containing the same active ingredient, tetrahydrocannabinol, as marijuana. While its exact mechanism of action is unknown, it is speculated to inhibit medullary activity as well as suppress prostaglandin and endorphan synthesis. Cesamet® is a schedule II synthetic cannabinoid that acts by activating the endocannabinoid receptors, CB1 and CB2, which are involved in nausea/vomiting regulation. Both Marinol® and

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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		Cesamet® are FDA-approved for use in chemotherapy associated nausea and vomiting refractory to conventional antiemetics. In addition, Marinol® is indicated for patients with AIDS-related anorexia or wasting syndrome. Dronabinol/Marinol:patient has a diagnosis of chemotherapy-induced nausea/vomiting AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 antiemetic agents, of which, one must be a preferred 5HT3 receptor antagonist. If the request is for Marinol, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic dronabinol. OR patient has a diagnosis of AIDS associated anorexia. AND patient has had an adequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to megestrol acetate. If the request is for Marinol, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic dronabinol. Cesamet: patient has a diagnosis of chemotherapy-induced nausea/vomiting AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 antiemetic agents, of which, one must be a preferred 5HT3 receptor antagonist.
	ANTI-HYPERTENSIV	ES
ACE INHIBITORS		
BENAZEPRIL† (compare to Lotensin [®]) ENALAPRIL† (compare to Vasotec [®]) EPANED [®] (enalapril) oral solution (age < 12 years old) FOSINOPRIL† (formerly Monopril [®]) LISINOPRIL† (compare to Zestril®, Prinivil [®]) QUINAPRIL† (compare to Accupril [®]) RAMIPRIL† (compare to Altace [®]) TRANDOLAPRIL† (compare to Mavik [®])	Accupril $^{\circledR}$ *(quinapril) Altace $^{\circledR}$ (Ramipril) Captopril Epaned $^{\circledR}$ (enalapril) oral solution (age \geq 12 years old) Lotensin $^{\circledR}$ * (benazepril) Mavik $^{\circledR}$ * (trandolapril) perindopril Moexepril Prinivil $^{\circledR}$ * (lisinopril) Qbrelis $^{\circledR}$ (Lisinopril) 1mg/ml solution Vasotec $^{\circledR}$ * (enalapril) Zestril $^{\circledR}$ * (lisinopril)	 Epaned Oral Solution (Patients > 12 years old): patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications). Qbrelis Oral Solution: patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND has a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Epaned oral solution. Other ACE Inhibitors: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to all available preferred generic ACEI. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation.
ACE INHIBITOR W/ HYDROCHLOROTHIAZI	DE	
BENAZEPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Lotensin HCT®) ENALAPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†	Accuretic [®] * (quinapril/HCTZ) Lotensin HCT [®] * (benazepril/HCTZ)	ACE Inhibitor/Hydrochlorothiazide combinations: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to all available preferred generic ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide combination. If a medication has an AB

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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(compare to Vaseretic [®]) FOSINOPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (formerly Monopril HCT [®]) LISINOPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Zestoretic [®] , MOEXIPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (formerly Uniretic [®]) QUINAPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Accuretic [®])	Vaseretic [®] * (enalapril/HCTZ) Zestoretic [®] * (lisinopril/HCTZ)	rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation. Limitations: Captopril/HCTZ combination not covered. Agents may be prescribed separately
ACE INHIBITOR W/CALCIUM CHANNEL BLO	CKER	
AMLODIPINE/BENAZEPRIL† (compare to Lotrel®) TRANDOLAPRIL/VERAPAMIL (Tarka®)	Lotrel [®] * amlodipine/(benazepril) Prestalia® (perindopril/amlodipine) Tarka [®] (trandolopril/verapamil)	 Lotrel, Tarka: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to the generic formulation. Prestalia: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to amlodipine/benazepril AND the patient is unable to take perindopril and amlodipine as the individual separate agents.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKERS (ARBs		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met IRBESARTAN† (compare to Avapro®) § LOSARTAN† (compare to Cozaar®) § MICARDIS® (telmisartan) VALSARTAN† (compare to Diovan®)	Atacand [®] (candesartan) Avapro [®] (irbesartan) Benicar [®] (olmesartan) § candesartan† (compare to Atacand [®])§ Cozaar [®] (losartan) Diovan [®] (valsartan) § Edarbi [®] (azilsartan) Tablet (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Eprosartan† (compare to Teveten [®]) § Telmisartan† (compare to Micardis [®]) § Teveten [®] (eprosartan) Byvalson [®] (Nebivolol/Valsartan)	Irbesartan, Losartan, Micardis and Valsartan: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. Atacand, Avapro, Benicar, Candasartan, Cozaar, Diovan, Edarbi, Eprosartan, Telmisartan, and Teveten: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product. Byvalson: The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 3 preferred beta blockers and a preferred ARB used in combination AND is unable to take Bystolic and valsartan as the individual separate agents.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/DIURE	TIC COMBINATIONS	Benicar HCT, Irbesartan/HCTZ, Losartan/HCTZ, Micardis HCT, and
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Non- <u>Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met</u>	Valsartan/HCTZ: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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BENICAR HCT [®] (olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) § IRBESARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Avalide [®]) \$ LOSARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Hyzaar [®]) \$ MICARDIS HCT [®] (telmisartan/hydrochlorothiazide) VALSARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Diovan HCT [®]) \$	Atacand HCT® (candesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Avalide® (irbesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) candesartan/hydrochlorothiazide † (compare to Atacand HCT®) § Diovan HCT® (valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Edarbyclor® (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) Tablet (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Hyzaar® (losartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Telmisartan/hydrochlorothiazide † (compare to Micardis HCT®) § Teveten HCT® (eprosartan/hydrochlorothiazide) §	medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. Avalide, Diovan HCT, and Telmisartan HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product. Atacand HCT, candasartan/HCTZ, Teveten HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred ARB/Hydrochlorothiazide combination. AND If the request is for Atacand HCT, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product. Hyzaar: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product. Edarbyclor: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/CALCI	UM CHANNEL BLOCK COMBINATIONS	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE† (compare to Exforge®) (QL= 1tab/day)	Non- Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met Azor (olmesartan/amlodipine) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ amlodipine/telmisartan (compare to Twynsta) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Exforge (valsartan/amlodipine) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day)$ Twynsta (amlodipine/telmisartan) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	 Valsartan/amlodipine: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. Exforge: patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product Azor, Amlodipine/Telmisartan, and Twynsta: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately. AND If the request is for

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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		Twynsta, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic
		amlodipine/telmisartan.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/DIREC	T RENIN INHIBITOR COMBINATIONS	
	Non- Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Valturna: patient is NOT a diabetic AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension.
	Valturna® (aliskiren/valsartan) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or
		any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. OR patient
		has had a documented treatment failure with Tekturna alone.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/CALCI	UM CHANNEL BLOCKER/HCTZ COMBO	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Non- Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Exforge HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested
EXFORGE HCT®	Non- Treferreu After Cuntau Crueria Are Mei	medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for
(amlodipine/valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) §	Tribenzor [®]	stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
(Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	(amlodipine/olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) (QL = 1 tablet/day)	treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an
	(QL - 1 table)	ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB
VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE/HCTZ† (compare to		combination.
Exforge $HCT^{\mathbb{R}}$) (QL = 1/day)		Tribenzor: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI
		combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB
		combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components
		separately.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/MISCE Preferred Agent After Clinical Criteria Is Met	LLANEOUS COMBINATIONS	The AR Division of the Art
ENTRESTO® (valsartan/sacubitril) (QL = 2		Entresto [®] : Diagnosis of chronic heart failure NYHA Class II-IV AND Age ≥ 18 years of age AND left ventricular ejection fraction $\leq 40\%$ AND no history of
tabs/day)		angioedema or unacceptable side effects during receipt of ACE inhibitor or
		ARB AND not to be used concomitantly with aliskiren in patients with diabetes
		or concurrently with an ACE inhibitor or other ARB AND no severe hepatic
DETA DI OCUEDO		impairment (Child-Pugh C).
BETA BLOCKERS		
	Betapace [®] * (sotalol)	Non-preferred drugs (except Coreg CR): patient has had a documented side
SINGLE AGENT	Betapace AF®* (sotalol)	effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least three preferred drugs. (If a
ACEBUTOLOL† (compare to Sectral®)	Bystolic [®] (nebivolol) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day for } 2.5 \text{ mg}, 5 \text{ mg}$	medication has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.)
ATTIVOTO A LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE	and 10 mg	Coreg CR: <u>Indication: Heart Failure:</u> patient has been started and stabilized on Coreg CR. (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for
ATENOLOL† (compare to Tenormin®)	tablet strengths, 2 tablets/day for 20 mg tab)	stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
BETAXOLOL† (compare to Kerlone®)	Coreg [®] * (carvedilol)	treatment failure to metoprolol SR or bisoprolol. AND patient has been unable
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Coreg $CR^{\textcircled{R}}$ (carvedilol CR) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$	to be compliant with or tolerate twice daily dosing of carvedilol IR.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE† (compare to Zebeta [®]) CARVEDILOL† (compare to Coreg [®]) INNOPRAN XL [®] (propranolol SR) LABETALOL† (compare to Trandate [®])	Corgard [®] * (nadolol) Hemangeol [®] oral solution (propranolol) Inderal LA [®] * (propranolol ER) Inderal XL [®] (propranolol SR)	Indication; Hypertension: patient has been started and stabilized on Coreg CR. (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 3(three) preferred anti-hypertensive beta-blockers.
METOPROLOL TARTRATE† (compare to Lopressor®) METOPROLOL SUCCINATE XL† (compare to Toprol XL®) NADOLOL† (compare to Corgard®) PINDOLOL† (formerly Visken®) PROPRANOLOL† (formerly Inderal®) SOTALOL† (compare to Betapace®, Betapace AF®)	Kerlone [®] * (betaxolol) Levatol [®] (penbutolol) Lopressor [®] * (metoprolol tartrate) Propranolol ER† (compare to Inderal LA [®]) Sectral [®] * (acebutolol) Sorine [®] (sotalol) Tenormin [®] * (atenolol) Timolol† (formerly Blocadren [®]) Toprol XL [®] * (metoprolol succinate XL) Trandate [®] * (labetaolol)	
BETA-BLOCKER/DIURETIC COMBINATION ATENOLOL/CHLORTHALIDONE † (compare to Tenoretic®) BISOPROLOL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Ziac®) METOPROLOL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Lopressor HCT®)	Zebeta [®] * (bisoprolol) Corzide [®] * (nadolol/bendroflumethiazide) Lopressor HCT [®] * (metoprolol/HCTZ) Propranolol/HCTZ† (formerly Inderide [®]) Tenoretic [®] * (atenolol/chlorthalidone) Ziac [®] * (bisoprolol/HCTZ) Dutoprol [®] (metoprolol succinate XR/hydrochlorothiazide) Nadolol/bendroflumethiazide† (compare to Corzide [®])	
CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS		
SINGLE AGENT Dihydropyridines AFEDITAB® CR † (nifedipine SR, compare to Adalat® CC) AMLODIPINE † (compare to Norvasc®) FELODIPINE ER† (formerly Plendil®) NICARDIPINE † (formerly Cardene®)	Adalat [®] CC* (nifedipine SR) Isradipine (formerly Dynacirc [®]) Nisoldipine ER† (compare to Sular [®]) Norvasc [®] * (amlodipine) Nymalize [®] (nimodipine) Oral Solution	Criteria for approval (except as noted below:) patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least three preferred drugs. (If a medication has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.) Nymalize: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has a medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia, swallowing disorder).

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NIFEDIAC® CC † (nifedipine SR, compare to	Procardia [®] * (nifedipine IR) Procardia XL [®] * (nifedipine SR osmotic) Sular [®] (nisoldipine)	
Adalat [®] CC)	Procardia XL [®] * (nifedipine SR osmotic)	
NIFEDICAL® XL † (nifedipine SR osmotic,	Suiai (insoluipine)	
compare to Procardia® XL)		
NIFEDIPINE IR † (compare to Procardia [®])		
NIFEDIPINE SR osmotic † (compare to Procardia [®] XL)		
NIFEDIPINE SR † (compare to Adalat [®] CC) NIMODIPINE † (compare to Nimotop®)		
Miscellaneous	Calan®* (verapamil)	
CARTIA® XT† (diltiazem SR, compare to	Calan [®] * (verapamil) Calan [®] SR* (verapamil CR)	
Cardizem [®] CD)	Cardizem®* (diltiazem)	
DILT-CD [®] † (diltiazem SR, compare to	Cardizem® CD* (diltiazem SR)	
Cardizem [®] CD)	Cardizem [®] LA (diltiazem SR)	
DILT-XR [®] † (diltiazem SR)		
DILTIAZEM† (compare to Cardizem®)	Division Education (Representation of the Representation of the Re	
DILTIAZEM ER† (formerly Cardizem® SR)	Diltiazem ER†/Matzin LA† (compare to Cardizem [®] LA)	
DILTIAZEM ER† (compare to Tiazac®)	Tiazac [®] * (diltiazem FR)	
DILTIAZEM SR † (compare to Cardizem [®] CD) DILTIAZEM SR †	Tiazac [®] * (diltiazem ER) Verelan [®] * (verapamil SR 120 mg, 180 mg, 240 mg and 360 mg) Verelan [®] PM* (100 mg, 200 mg and 300 mg)	
TAZTIA® XT † (diltiazem ER, compare to	Verelan PM* (100 mg, 200 mg and 300 mg)	
Tiazac [®])		
VERAPAMIL† (compare to Calan®)		
VERAPAMIL CR† (compare to Calan SR [®] VERAPAMIL SR† 120 mg, 180 mg 240 mg and 360 mg (compare to		
Verelan®)		
VERAPAMIL SR† 100 mg, 200 mg, 300mg (compare to Verelan PM [®])		
(compare to Vereian PM)		
CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER/OTHER	Azor [®] (olmesartan/amlodipine)	Azor, Amlodipine/Telmisartan, Tribenzor, and Twynsta: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin
COMBINATION	(QL = 1 tablet/day)	converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other
(<u>Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met</u>)	amlodipine/telmisartan† (compare to Twynsta®)	angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination AND patient is
EXFORGE HCT [®]	(QL = 1 tablet/day)	unable to take the individual components separately. AND If the request is for
(amlodipine/valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) §	Tribenzor® (amlodipine/olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	Twynsta, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 171 required timess otherwise noted)	(171 required)	MCRIERIM
(Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE† (compare to Exforge®) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE/HCTZ† (compare to Exforge HCT®) (QL = 1/day)	Twynsta [®] (amlodipine/telmisartan) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Amlodipine/atorvastatin † (compare to Caduet [®]) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Caduet [®] (amlodipine/atorvastatin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Exforge [®] (valsartan/amlodipine) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	amlodipine/telmisartan. Amlodipine/atorvastatin, Caduet: prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. For approval of Caduet, the patient must have also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. For combinations containing 40 mg or 80 mg atorvastatin, the individual generic components are available without PA and should be prescribed. Exforge, Exforge HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.
CENTRAL ALPHA AGONISTS		
ORAL Tablet CLONDIDNE IR† Tablets (compare to Catapress®) GUANFACINE IR† Tablets (compare to Tenex®) METHYLDOPA† Tablets Suspension	Catapres $^{\mathbb{B}^*}$ (clonidine) Tablet Nexiclon $XR^{\mathbb{B}}$ (clonidine) Extended Release Tablets (<i>Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day</i>) Tenex $^{\mathbb{B}^*}$ (guanfacine) Tablets Nexiclon $XR^{\mathbb{B}}$ (clonidine) Extended Release Suspension	Catapres, Tenex: Patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Nexiclon XR Tabs: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a thiazide diuretic, a beta blocker, an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or a calcium channel blocker (CCB). AND patient has been unable to be adherent to or tolerate twice daily dosing of the generic clonidine immediate-release tablets.
TRANSDERMAL	Catapres-TTS [®] (clonidine) Transdermal Patch ($Qty\ Limit = 1\ patch/7\ days$) Clonidine (compare to Catapres-TTS) Transdermal Patch ($Qty\ Limit = 1\ patch/7\ days$)	 Nexiclon XR Oral Susp: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a thiazide diuretic, a beta blocker, an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or a calcium channel blocker (CCB). AND patient has a medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia, swallowing disorder. Clonidine Patches (generic): patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder, compliance, nausea/vomiting). Catapres-TTS Patches: patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder, compliance, nausea/vomiting). AND patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.
GANGLIONIC BLOCKERS		
GANGLIUNIC BLUCKERS		

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
All products require a PA	Vecamyl ^{®*} (mecamylamine) Tablet	Vecamyl tabs: Patient has a diagnosis of moderately severe or severe hypertension AND patient has tried and failed, intolerant to, or contraindicated to at least THREE different antihypertension therapies of different mechanism of actions.
RENIN INHIBITOR		
	SINGLE AGENT Tekturna® (aliskiren) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATIONS Amturnide® (aliskiren/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide) (Qty Limit = 1 tab/day) Tekamlo® (aliskiren/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Tekturna HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Tekturna: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or ARB AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. Amturnide, Tekalmo, Tekturna HCT: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. OR patient has had a documented treatment failure with Tekturna® alone.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIBI	OTICS
CEPHALOSPORINS 1ST GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFADROXIL† Capsules, Tablets (formerly Duricef®) CEPHALEXIN† Capsules (compare to Keflex®) SUSPENSION CEFADROXIL† Suspension (formerly Duricef®) CEPHALEXIN† Suspension (formerly Keflex®)	Cephalexin [®] Tablets Keflex [®] * (cephalexin) Capsules	 Cephalexin Tabs: patient has had a documented intolerance to cephalexin generic capsules. Keflex: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic cefadroxil and cephalexin. Limitations: Cephalexin and Keflex 750 mg dosage strength not covered. Use alternative strengths.
IV drugs are not managed at this time		
CEPHALOSPORINS 2 ND GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFACLOR† CAPSULE CEFPROZIL† (formerly Cefzil®) TABLET	Cefaclor [®] ER Tablet Ceftin [®] * (cefuroxime) tablet	Cefaclor ER Tabs: patient has had a documented intolerance to cefaclor capsules. Ceftin Tabs: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
•		
CEFUROXIME † (compare to Ceftin®) TABLET		failure to at least two of the following medications: cefaclor, cefprozil, and
SUSPENSION		cefuroxime. One trial must be the generic formulation.
CEFACLOR SUSPENSION	Ceftin [®] (cefuroxime) suspension	Ceftin Suspension: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
CEFPROZIL† (formerly Cefzil®) SUSPENSION		treatment failure to both of the following suspensions: cefaclor and cefprozil.
IV drugs are not managed at this time		
CEPHALOSPORINS 3 RD GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFDINIR† (formerly Omnicef®) CAPSULE SUPRAX® (cefixime) TABLET	Cedax [®] (ceftibuten) capsule Cefpodoxime proxetil tablet ceftibuten†capsule (compare to Cedax [®]) Suprax [®] (cefixime) Capsule Suprax [®] (cefixime) Chewable Tablets	Spectracef tablet, Cedax® Capsule, Cefditoren tablet, Ceftibuten capsule, Cefpodoxime Proxetil tablets: patient is completing a course of therapy which was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to one preferred cephalosporin. Cedax Susp, Ceftibuten Susp, Cefpodoxime Proxetil Susp, Cefixime Susp, Suprax Susp: patient is completing a course of therapy which was initiated in
SUSPENSION CEEPINIE C		the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to cefdinir suspension.
CEFDINIR† (formerly Omnicef®) SUSPENSION IV drugs are not managed at this time	Cedax [®] (ceftibuten) suspension Cefixime suspension Cefpodoxime proxetil suspension ceftibuten†suspension (compare to Cedax [®]) Suprax [®] (cefixime) suspension	
KETOLIDES		
	Ketek [®] (telithromycin)	Ketek: member is continuing a course of therapy initiated while an inpatient at a hospital. OR diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is community-acquired pneumonia. AND member is at least 18 years of age at the time of the request. AND member has no contraindication or a history of hypersensitivity or serious adverse event, from any macrolide antibiotic. AND Infection is due to documented Streptococcus pneumoniae (including multidrug resistant [MDRSP*] s.pneumoniae), Haemophilus influenzae, Moraxella catarrhalis, Chlamydophila pneumoniae, or Mycoplasma pneumoniae AND member has had a documented therapeutic failure with all clinically appropriate alternatives. AND member does not have any of the following medical conditions: myasthenia gravis, hepatitis or underlying liver dysfunction, history of arrhythmias (e.g. QTc prolongation, or antiarrhythmic therapy), uncorrected hypokalemia or hypomagnasemia, clinically significant bradycardia, a history of therapy with Class IA (e.g. quinidine or procainamide) or Class III (e.g. dofetilide) antiarrhythmic medications.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No FA required unless otherwise noted)	(FA required)	TA CRITERIA
MACROLIDES		
Azithromycin AZITHROMYCIN† tabs, liquid (≤ 5 day supply) (compare to Zithromax®) (Maximum 10 days therapy/30 days)	azithromycin† tablets and liquid (if > 5 day supply) (compare to Zithromax [®]) (Maximum 10 days therapy/30 days) Azithromycin† packet (compare to Zithromax [®]) (QL = 2 grams/fill) Zithromax [®] * (azithromycin) tablets and liquid QL = 5 days supply/RX, maximum 10 days therapy/30 days Zithromax [®] (azithromycin) packet (QL=2 grams/fill) Zmax [®] Suspension (azithromycin extended release for oral suspension) QL = 5 days supply/RX, maximum 10 days therapy/30	Non-preferred agents (except as below): patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the preferred medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.) OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. Azithromycin/Zithromax packets: A clinically valid reason why the dose cannot be obtained using generic azithromycin tablets AND If the request is for brand Zithromax, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Azithromycin > 5 day supply: patient has a diagnosis of Lyme Disease AND has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following: doxycycline, amoxicillin, or a 2nd generation cephalosporin. For early Lyme disease, without neurologic or rheumatologic (arthritis)
Clarithromycin CLARITHROMYCIN† (compare to Biaxin®)	days Biaxin [®] * (clarithromycin) Clarithromycin SR† (compare to Biaxin [®] XL)	complications, the length of authorization is up to 10 days. For neurologic or rheumatologic Lyme disease, the length of authorization is up to 28 days OR patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis. (length of authorization up to 6 months) OR patient has a diagnosis of HIV/immunocompromised status and azithromycin is being used for MAC or Toxoplasmosis treatment or prevention. (length of authorization up to 6 months) OR patient has a diagnosis of bacterial sinusitis AND has had a
Erythromycin	E.E.S [®] † (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) ERY-TAB (erythromycin base, delayed release) ERYTHROMYCIN BASE† ERYTHROMYCIN ETHYLSUCCINATE† (compare to E.E.S [®]) Eryped [®] (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) PCE Dispertab [®] (erythromycin base)	documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to penicillin, amoxicillin, or sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim (Bactrim). (length of authorization up to 10 days) OR patient has a diagnosis of severe bronchiectasis with frequent exacerbations (length of authorization up to 6 months) Dificid: patient's diagnosis or indication is Clostridium difficile associated diarrhea (CDAD) AND patient has had a side-effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to metronidazole. OR prescriber provides a clinically
<u>Fidaxomicin</u>	Difficid [®] (fidaxomicin) tablet (<i>Quantity limit</i> = 2 tablets per day, 10 day supply per 30 days)	compelling rationale why metronidazole is not appropriate for the patient. (E.g. patient has severe Clostridium difficile infection, history of recurrent infections). AND patient has had a side-effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to oral vancomycin capsules (Vancocin).
IV drugs are not managed at this time		
OXAZOLIDINONES		
IV form of this medication not managed at this time	Sivextro® (tedizolid) (Quantity limit = 1 tabs/day) $\text{Zyvox}^{\$}$ (linezolid) (QL = 56 tablets per 28 days) $\text{Zyvox}^{\$}$ (linezolid) suspension (QL = 60 ml/day,	Criteria for Approval: patient has been started on intravenous or oral linezolid or tedizolid in the hospital and will be finishing the course of therapy in an outpatient setting OR patient has a documented blood, tissue, sputum, or urine culture that is positive for Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus (VRE) species.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
PENICILLINS (ORAL) SINGLE ENTITY AGENTS Natural Penicillins PENICILLIN V POTASSIUM† (formerly Veetids®) tablets, oral solution Penicillinase-Resistant Penicillins DICLOXACILLIN† Capsules Aminopenicillins AMOXICILLIN† (formerly Amoxil®) capsules, tablets, chewable tablets, suspension AMPICILLIN† (formerly Principen®) capsules, suspension COMBINATION PRODUCTS	$(PA \ required)$ $maximum \ 28 \ days \ supply)$ $Moxatag^{\textcircled{\$}} \ (amoxicillin \ extended \ release) \ tablet$ $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$	OR patient has a documented blood or sputum culture that is positive for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus species OR patient has a documented tissue or urine culture that is positive for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus AND patient has had a documented treatment failure with trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole OR there is a clinically valid reason that the patient cannot be treated with trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole. Augmentin: patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the requested medication. OR patient is < 12 weeks of age and requires the 125 mg/5 mL strength of Augmentin. Amoxicillin/Clavulanate ER, Augmentin XR, Moxatag: prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. Additionally, for approval of brand Augmentin XR, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic Amoxicillin/Clavulanate ER Limitations: Brand Augmentin® Chewable tablets do not offer Federal Rebate and therefore cannot be provided.
AMOXICILLIN/CLAVULANATE† (compare to Augmentin®) tablets, chewable tablets, suspension AMOXICILLIN/CLAVULANATE† 600-42.9mg/5ml (formerly Augmentin ES®) suspension	Amoxicillin/clavulanate† ER (compare to Augmentin XR [®]) tablets Augmentin [®] *♣ (amoxicillin/clavulanate) tablets, suspension Augmentin XR [®] (amoxicillin/clavulanate) tablets PA will be granted for 125 mg/5 mL strength for patients < 12 weeks of age	
QUINOLONES		
CIPROFLOXACIN† (compare to Cipro®) tabs, oral suspension LEVOFLOXACIN† (compare to Levaquin®) tabs, sol OFLOXACIN†	Avelox [®] (moxifloxacin HCL) Avelox ABC PACK [®] (moxifloxacin HCL) Cipro [®] * (ciprofloxacin) tabs, oral suspension Cipro XR [®] (ciprofloxacin)	Cipro, Cipro XR, ciprofloxacin ER: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ciprofloxacin immediate-release tablets or oral suspension. AND If the request is for Cipro XR or Cipro the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Avelox, Moxifloxacin: patient is completing a course of therapy with the

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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IV drugs are not managed at this time	ciprofloxacin ER† (compare to Cipro XR [®]) Levaquin ^{®*} (levofloxacin) tabs,sol moxifloxacin† (compare to Avelox [®])	requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to levofloxacin. AND If the request is for Avelox, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic moxifloxacin. Levaquin (brand): patient has a documented intolerance with the generic
		levofloxacin
RIFAMYCINS	(A)	Cuitarial for American Donal on Indications
	Xifaxan [®] (rifaximin) 200 mg Tablets (<i>Qty limit depends on indication</i>) Xifaxan [®] (rifaximin) 550 mg Tablets (<i>Qty limit depends on indication</i>)	Criterial for Approval: Based on Indication: Hepatic Encephalopathy (Xifaxan 550 mg Tablets Only): patient has a diagnosis of hepatic encephalopathy. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to lactulose. AND Quantity limit is 2 tablets/day (550 mg tablets only). Traveller's Diarrhea (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets Only): patient has a diagnosis of traveller's diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of Escherichia coli. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication with a fluoroquinolone. AND Quantity limit is 9 tablets/RX (200 mg tablets only). Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets: patient has a diagnosis of SIBO. AND Patient has attempted dietary modification and has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to (alone or in combination) one of the following: Amoxicillin-clavulanate, cephalosporin, metronidazole, fluoroquinolone, tetracycline, and trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg to 1,200 mg/day. Irritable Bowel Syndrome (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome without constipation or with symptoms of bloating. AND Patient has attempted dietary modification and has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following classes (one of which must be an antibiotic): • Antibiotics (alone or in combination: amoxicillin-clavulanate, cephalosporin, metronidazole, fluoroquinolone, tetracycline, trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole) • SSRIs • TCAs • Antispasmodics • Antidiarrheals • Cholestyramine resin AND Quantity limit is 1,200 mg to 1,650 mg/day. Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Crohn's Disease (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of Crohn's Disease, azathioprine, corticosteroids, fluoroquinolone and/or metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 600 mg to 1,600 mg/day.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Ulcerative Colitis (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following: 6-mercaptopurine, aminosalicylates, azathioprine, corticosteroids, fluoroquinolone and/or metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg/day (4 x 200 mg tablets/day). Clostridium difficile Diarrhea (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of C. difficile diarrhea. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg/day (4 x 200 mg tablets/day).
VANCOMYCIN		
IV vancomycin products are not managed at this time	Vancocin [®] (vancomycin) Capsules Vancomycin† (compare to Vancocin [®]) Capsules	Criteria for Approval: patient's diagnosis or indication is enterocolitis caused by Staphylococcus aureus. OR patient's diagnosis or indication is antibiotic-associated pseudomembranous colitis caused by Clostridium AND patient has had a therapeutic failure, adverse reaction or contraindication to metronidazole OR prescriber provides a clinically compelling rationale why metronidazole is not appropriate for the patient. (e.g. patient has severe Clostridium difficile infection, history of recurrent infections). AND For approval of brand Vancocin, the patient must meet the above criteria and have a documented intolerance to the generic.
	ANTH INDECTIVE ANTHU	UNICAT
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIFU	JNGAL
ALLYLAMINES		
TERBINAFINE† tabs (compare to Lamisil®) $QL = 30$ tablets/month (therapy limit of 90 days) GRISEOFULVIN MICROSIZE Cap, Tab, Susp, Powder	Griseofulvin Ultramicrosize Tablets Lamisil [®] tablets (terbinafine HCL) <i>QL</i> = 30 tablets/month	 Griseofulvin Ultramicrosize: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with terbinafine tablets and a preferred formulation of griseofulvin. Lamisil Tabs: the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic terbinafine. Lamisil Granules: patient has a diagnosis of a Tinea capitis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, or fungal culture). AND patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form. AND patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Griseofulvin suspension
AZOLES		
FLUCONAZOLE† (compare to Diflucan etabs, suspension KETOCONAZOLE† (formerly Nizoral®) tabs	Cresemba [®] (isavuconazonium) Caps Diflucan [®] * (fluconazole) tabs, suspension itraconazole† (compare to Sporanox [®]) caps Noxafil [®] (posaconazole) oral suspension	 Cresemba: Diagnosis of either invasive aspergillosis or mucormycosis Age ≥18 years old Documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CLOTRIMAZOLE Troche† (compare to Mycelex®)	Noxafil [®] (posaconazole) DR Tablets $(QL=93 \ tablets/30 \ days)$ Onmel [®] (itraconazole) 200 mg tablet $(QL=1 \ tab/day)$ Oravig [®] (miconazole) 50mg buccal tablet Sporanox [®] (itraconazole) caps, solution	failure with voriconazole • Completion of regimen started by hospital Itraconazole 100mg/Sporanox: patient has a diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis, blastomycosis, or histoplasmosis OR The patient has a diagnosis of a fingernail/toenail onychomycosis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, fungal culture or physician clinical judgment) AND has a
IV drugs are not managed at this time.	VFend [®] (voriconazole) tabs, suspension voriconazole† (compare to VFend [®]) tabs, suspension	documented side-effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure to oral terbinafine AND meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient is immunocompromisedOR Patient has diagnosis of systemic dermatosis, Patient has significant vascular compromise OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least ONE of the preferred medications. For approval of Sporanox®capsules, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic itraconazole. For approval of Sporanox solution, the patient must have a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form. Onmel 200mg: patient has a diagnosis of a toenail onychomycosis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, fungal culture or physician clinical judgment) AND has a documented side-effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure to oral terbinafine AND there is a clinical reason that itraconazole 100 mg generic capsules cannot be used AND meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient has significant vascular compromise Limitations: Coverage of Onychomycosis agents will NOT be approved solely for cosmetic purposes. Voriconazole/Vfend: Patient has a diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis. OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE of the preferred medications AND itraconazole. AND For approval of Vfend® tablets, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic voriconazole. AND For approval of voriconazole suspension, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic voriconazole suspension. Noxafil: patient has a diagnosis of HIV/immunocompromised status (neutropenia secondary to chemotherapy, hema

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		infections. OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR Oral Suspension ONLY patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE of the preferred medications AND itraconazole AND the patient is being treated for oropharyngeal candidiasis. Diflucan (brand): For approval of Diflucan brand name product, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic fluconazoleOravig: The indication for use is treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response to both nystatin suspension and clotrimazole troche. Oravig: The indication for use is treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis AND patient has had a documented side effecr, allergy, or treatment failure/inadequate response to both nystatin suspension and clotrimazole troche.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIMALARI	ALS: QUININE
	Quinine Sulfate † (compare to Qualquin®) Qualaquin® (quinine sulfate)	Criteria for Approval: diagnosis or indication is for the treatment of malaria. (Use for leg cramps not permitted.) AND If the request is for brand Qualaquin, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTI-V	/IRALS
HERPES (ORAL)		
ACYCLOVIR† (compare to Zovirax [®]) tablets, capsules VALACYCLOVIR† (compare to Valtrex [®]) ZOVIRAX® suspension (age ≤ 12 yrs)	Acyclovir suspension Famciclovir † (compare to Famvir ®) § Famvir (famciclovir) Sitavig (acyclovir) Buccal Tablet QL = 2 tablets/30 days Valtrex (valacyclovir) Zovirax (acyclovir) tablets, capsules	 Acyclovir suspension: The patient has a medical necessity for a non-solid oral dosage form AND has a documented intolerance to brand Zovirax suspension. Zovirax suspension (age > 12 yrs): The patient has a medical necessity for a non-solid oral dosage form. Famciclovir, Zovirax (tabs, caps): patient has a documented side effect or allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of ten or more days) with acyclovir AND valacyclovir. Famvir: patient has a documented side effect or allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of ten or more days) with acyclovir AND valacyclovir. AND patient has a documented intolerance to generic famciclovir. Sitavig: patient has a diagnosis of recurrent herpes labialis (cold sores). AND patient is immunocompetent AND patient has a documented side effect or treatment failure with acyclovir AND valacyclovir.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Valtrex: patient has a documented intolerance to generic valacyclovir
INFLUENZA MEDICATIONS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met RELENZA® (zanamivir) QL= 20 blisters / 30 days TAMIFLU® (oseltamivir) QL=10 capsules/30 days(45 mg & 75 mg caps) 20 capsules / 30 days (30 mg caps) 180 ml (6 mg/ml) / 30 days (suspension)		 Tamiflu, Relenza: Tamiflu and Relenza will NOT require prior-authorization at this time when prescribed within the following quantity limits: Relenza: 20 blisters per 30 days Tamiflu: 75mg or 45mg: 10 caps per 30 day Tamiflu: 30mg: 20 caps per 30 days Tamiflu: Suspension (6mg/ml): 180ml (3 bottles) per 30 days
		Limitations: Amantadine, Flumadine and rimantadine are not CDC recommended for use in influenza treatment or chemoprophylaxis at this time and are not covered for this indication. For information regarding amantadine see "Parkinsons Medications".
INFLUENZA VACCINES		
SEASONAL Influenza Vaccine INJECTION Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), Standard Dose (egg based) AFLURIA® Injection FLUVIRIN® Injection Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Quadrivalent (IIV4), Standard Dose (egg based) FLUARIX® QUADRIVALENT Injection FLULAVAL® QUADRIVALENT Injection FLUZONE® QUADRIVALENT Injection FLUZONE INTRADERMAL® Injection	Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), Standard Dose (egg based) Fluad TM Injection Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), High Dose (egg based) Fluzone High-Dose® Injection Recombinant Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (RIV3) (egg FREE) Flublok® Injection Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Quadrivalent (ccIIV4), Standard Dose (cell culture based) (NOT egg free) Flucelvax Quadrivalent® Injection	 Flucelvax Quadrivalent: Prescriber provides clinical rationale why one of the preferred influenza vaccines cannot be used. Flublok: Patient must have a documented severe reaction to egg based influenza vaccine. Fluzone High Dose, Fluad: Vaccine is being requested for influenza prophylaxis during flu season AND patient is ≥ 65 years old AND Prescriber provides clinical rationale why one of the preferred influenza vaccines cannot be used. Note: the CDC and its Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) have not expressed a preference for any flu vaccine formulation for this age group.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
VACCINES - OTHER		
Preferred after Age Limit is met		
Gardasil Zostavax		 Gardasil: Covered for 19 years old to 26 years old (those under 19 should be referred to their pediatrician or PCP for state-supplied vaccine) Zostavax: Covered if ≥ 60 years of age Vaccines on the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) list of recommended vaccines for children ≤ 18 years of age are supplied through the Vaccines for Children program administered by the Vermont Department of Health, and are not available through DVHA's pharmacy programs Vaccines on the ACIP list of recommended vaccines for adults ≥ 19 years of age are available at many primary care provider offices and through the pharmacy programs. Vaccines are subject to the same limitations as the ACIP guideline recommendations. Providers who participate in the Blueprint for Health initiative must enroll in the Vaccines for Adults program administered by the Vermont Department of Health. The ACIP guidelines and information about enrollment in these programs can be found at http://healthvermont.gov/hc/imm/provider.aspx*Vaccines not on the
		recommended list may require Prior Authorization.
	ANTI-MIGRAINE TRIP	TANS
Single Agent ORAL	Almotriptan (compare to Axert®) 6.25mg, 12.5mg Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month	Almotriptan, Amerge, Frova, Frovatriptan, Imitrex, Maxalt, Maxalt MLT, Naratriptan, Zomig, Zomig ZMT, Zolmitriptan, Zolmitriptan ODT:

SUMATRIPTAN† (compare to Imitrex®) Quantity Limit = 18 tablets/month (25 mg), 9 tablets/month (50 mg, 100 mg)

RELPAX® (eletriptan) 20 mg, 40 mg Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month

After Sumatriptan Trial

RIZATRIPTAN† (compare to Maxalt®) *Quantity Limit* = 12 tablets/month RIZATRIPTAN ODT† (compare to Maxalt-MLT®) § *Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month*

Amerge[®] (naratriptan) 1 mg, 2.5 mg Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month

Frova[®] (frovatriptan) 2.5 mg *Quantity Limit* = 9 *tablets/month*

Frovatriptan (compare to Frova®) 2.5mg

Quantity $Limit = \hat{9}$ tablets/month

Imitrex^{®*} (sumatriptan)

Quantity Limit = 18 tablets/month (25) tablets/month (50 mg, 100 mg),

Maxalt[®] (rizatriptan) 5 mg, 10 mg tablet *Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month*

Maxalt-MLT[®] (rizatriptan ODT) *Quantity Limit* = 12 tablets/month

NARATRIPTAN† (compare to Amerge[®]) § $(Quantity\ Limit = 9\ tablets/month)$

patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Sumatriptan, Relpax, and Rizatriptan or Rizatriptan ODT. If the request is for brand Frova, Maxalt, Zomig, or Zomig ZMT, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic product.

Rizatriptan, Rizatriptan ODT: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Sumatriptan.

Treximet: patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with 2 preferred Triptans, AND patient is unable to take the individual components (sumatriptan and naproxen) separately.

Zomig Nasal Spray, Imitrex Nasal Spray, Onzetra Xsail: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Sumatriptan Nasal Spray

Alsuma, Imitrex, Sumavel Dose Pro Injections, Zembrace: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic sumatriptan injection.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NASAL SPRAY SUMATRIPTAN (compare to Imitrex®) Quantity Limit =12 units/month (5 mg nasal spray), 6 units/month (20 mg nasal spray)	Zomig [®] (zolmitriptan) tablets Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zomig [®] ZMT (zolmitriptan ODT) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zolmitriptan† (compare to Zomig [®]) tablets Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zolmitriptan† ODT (compare to Zomig [®] ZMT) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg)	To exceed quantity limits: patient is taking a medication for migraine prophylaxis.
NASAL POWDER All products require PA.	Imitrex [®] (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (5 mg nasal spray), 6 units/month (20 mg nasal spray)	
INJECTABLE SUMATRIPTAN (compare to Imitrex [®]) Quantity Limit =4 injections/month (4 or 6 mg injection)	Zomig [®] (zolmitriptan) Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (2.5 or 5 mg nasal spray) Onzetra Xsail [®] (sumatriptan succinate) Quantity Limit = 8 doses/30 days	
	Alsuma [®] (sumatriptan) 6 mg/0.5ml Quantity Limit =4 injections/month Imitrex [®] (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit =4 injections/month (4 or 6 mg injection) Sumavel DosePro [®] (sumatriptan) 6 mg/0.5ml, 4 mg/0.5 ml	
Combination Product (Oral)	Quantity Limit =4 injections/month Zembrace® SymTouch (sumatriptan) 3mg/5ml	

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise note)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Treximet [®] (sumatriptan/naproxen) Quantity $Limit = 9$ tablets/month	

ANTI-OBESITY

Effective 10/12/2011, anti-obesity agents (weight loss agents) are no longer a covered benefit for all Vermont Pharmacy Programs. This change is resultant from Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board concerns regarding safety and efficacy of these agents.

ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN < 18 YEARS OLD)

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met

TABLETS/CAPSULES

ARIPIPRAZOLE (compare to Abilify[®])
FDA maximum recommended dose=30mgday, QL = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg, 10mg, & 15mg)

OLANZAPINE† (compare to Zyprexa[®])

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,

Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg
& 10 mg tabs)

RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day

QUETIAPINE† (compare to Seroquel[®])

FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day

ZIPRASIDONE† (compare to Geodon[®])

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met

Abilify[®] (aripiprazole)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg, 10 mg & 15 mg tabs)

Clozapine† (compare to Clozaril®)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day

Clozaril[®] (clozapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day

Geodon[®] (ziprasidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day

Invega[®] (paliperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 12 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 tab/day (3mg, 9mg), 2 tabs/day (6mg)

Risperdal[®] (risperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day

Seroquel[®] (quetiapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day

Saphris[®] (asenapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20mg/day QL = 2 tabs/ day

Seroquel XR[®] (quetiapine XR)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day

(150 mg & 200 mg tablet strengths), 2 tabs/day (50 mg strength)

Target symptoms or Diagnosis that will be accepted for approval: Target

Symptoms - Grandiosity/euphoria/mania; Obsessions/compulsions; Psychotic symptoms; Tics (motor or vocal). Diagnosis- Autism with Aggression and/or irritability; Disruptive Mood Dysregulation Disorder; Bipolar Disorder; Intellectual Disability with Aggression and/or Irritability; Major Depressive Disorder with psychotic features; Obsessive Compulsive Disorder; Schizophrenia/Schizoaffective Disorder; Tourette's Syndrome.

Criteria for approval of ALL drugs: Medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or diagnoses listed above AND the patient is started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient meets additional criteria outlined below. Note: all requests for patients < 5 years will be reviewed by the DVHA medical director.

Invega/Saphris: patient had had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) one of which is risperidone.

Abilify, Clozaril, Geodon, Risperdal, Seroquel, Zyprexa: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Clozapine: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics), two of which must be preferred agents.

Seroquel XR: patient has not been able to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of quetiapine immediate release resulting in a significant clinical impact.

Abilify Oral Solution: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Zyprexa [®] (olanzapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs) Abilify [®] (aripiprazole) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 25 mg/day Risperdal [®] (risperidone) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Versacloz [®] (clozapine) Oral Suspension FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Quantity limit = 18 ml/day Abilify [®] Discmelt (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 2 tabs/day (10 mg & 15 mg tabs) clozapine orally disintegrating tablets† (Compare to FazaClo [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day FazaClo [®] (clozapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets† (compare to Zyprexa Zydis [®]) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,	treatment failure with risperidone oral solution OR prescriber feels that risperidone would not be an appropriate alternative for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes. Versacloz Oral Solution: AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics). AND patient is unable to use clozapine orally disintegrating tablets. Olanzapine ODT, Risperdal M-Tabs, Risperidone ODT, Zyprexa Zydis: patient meets clinical criteria for non-orally disintegrating oral dosage forms of the same medication AND Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND if the request is for Risperdal M-tabs or Zyprexa Zydis, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Clozapine ODT, FazaClo: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics) If the request is for Fazaclo, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Abilify Discmelt Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Risperdal M-tab OR prescriber feels that risperidone would not be an appropriate alternative for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes Limitations: Approval for use in Children < 18 years old will not be granted for the following medications or dosage forms due to no FDA approval for use in children and little or no literature to support their use in this population. Exceptions will be made for patients who have been started and stabilized on
	Zyprexa Zydis [®] (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg&10mg)	
ANTI-I	PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS	(ADULTS ≥ 18 YEARS OLD)

Abilify $^{\circledR}$ (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg, 10 mg & 15 mg

TABLETS/CAPSULES

ARIPIPRAZOLE (compare to Abilify®)

Criteria for approval of ALL non-preferred drugs: patient has been started and

stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered

PREFERRED AGENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)

FDA maximum recommended dose=30mg/day, QL = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg, 10mg, & 15mg)

CLOZAPINE† (compare to Clozaril®)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day

OLANZAPINE† (compare to Zyprexa®)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,

Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg
& 10 mg tabs)

RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal[®])

FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day

QUETIAPINE† (compare to Seroquel[®]) > 50 mg/day

FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day

ZIPRASIDONE† (compare to Geodon[®])

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

(PA required)

tabs)

Clozaril®* (clozapine)

 $FDA\ maximum\ recommended\ dose = 900\ mg/day$ $Fanapt^{\textcircled{\$}}\ (iloperidone)$

FDA maximum recommended dose = 24 mg/day Quantity limit = 2 tablets/day

Geodon^{®*} (ziprasidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day Invega[®] (paliperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 12 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 tab/day (3mg, 9mg), 2tabs/day(6mg)

Latuda[®] (lurasidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day all strengths except 80 mg = 2 tablets/day

Nuplazid[™] (primavaserin)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 34mg, Quantity Limit = 2/tablets/day

Quetiapine (compare to Seroquel®) <50mg/day (adults >18 years old)

Quetiapine ER (compare to Seroquel® XR)

Rexulti® (brexpiprazole)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 3mg (adjunct of MDD) or 5mg (schizophrenia)

Risperdal[®]* (risperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Saphris $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ (asenapine) sublingual tablet

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day

Seroquel® (quetiapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day

Seroquel XR® (quetiapine XR)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day

(150 mg & 200 mg tablet strengths), 2 tabs/day (50 mg strength)

Vraylar® (cariprazine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 6mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day

ZYPREXA[®]* (olanzapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs)

PA CRITERIA

adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient meets additional criteria outlined below. **Note**: Trazodone dosed at < 150mg/day will not be considered as a trial for adjunct treatment of MDD or any anxiety disorder. Bupropion will not be considered as a trial for adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder.

Fanapt. Vraylar: The indication for use is the treatment of schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics).

Invega, Saphris: The indication for use is the treatment of schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics), one of which is risperidone. Note: Prior therapy with injectable Invega Sustenna® is not considered to be started and stabilized for oral Invega. Patients transferring to oral therapy from Invega Sustenna® should transition to oral risperidone (unless patient previously failed such treatment).

Abilify, Clozaril, Geodon, Risperdal, and Zyprexa: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Latuda:

Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or Bipolar I depression: The patient is pregnant OR

Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR

Indication for use is Bipolar I depression: the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR the prescriber feels that neither quetiapine or olanzapine/fluoxetine combination would be appropriate alternatives for the patient because of pre-existing conditions such as obesity or diabetes.

Nuplazid: The diagnosis or indication is the treatment of hallucinations/delusions associated with Parkinson's Disease psychosis.

Rexulti:

Indication for use is schizophrenia: the patient has had a documented side effect,allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products, one beingAbilify (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR

Indication for use is adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from two different classes AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with one preferred atypical antipsychotic product and Abilify being used as adjunctive therapy.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ORAL SOLUTIONS RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day	Abilify [®] (aripiprazole) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 25 mg/day Risperdal [®] (risperidone) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Versacloz [®] (clozapine) Oral Suspension FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Quantity limit = 18 ml/day	Quetiapine/Seroquel < or = 50mg/day: The patient is being prescribed > 50 mg/day with combinations of tablet strengths. OR Indication for use is a mental health indication (other than the two below indications or a sleep disorder) OR Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes OR Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes If the request if for brand Seroquel, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic quetiapine.
SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS GEODON [®] IM (ziprasidone intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day		NOTE: Quetiapine in doses of < 50 mg/day will not be approved for indications of insomnia, for sleep or as a hypnotic. Quetiapine ER, Seroquel XR: Indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder
LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS All products require PA	Abilify [®] IM (aripiprazole intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Olanzapine† intramuscular injection (compare to Zyprexa [®] IM) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Zyprexa [®] IM (olanzapine intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Abilify Maintena [®] (aripiprazole monohydrate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/month Quantity limit = 1 vial/28 days Aristada [®] (aripiprazole lauroxil) Quantity Limit = 1 syringe/28 days Invega Sustenna (paliperidone palmitate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 234 mg/month Invega Trinza (paliperidone palmitate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 819mg/3months Risperdal Consta (risperdone microspheres) FDA maximum recommended dose = 50 mg/14 days Zyprexa Relprevv (olanzapine pamoate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/month Quantity limit = 1 vial/28 days (405 mg) or 2 vials/month (210 or 300 mg)	(bipolar mania, bipolar depression, and bipolar maintenance: The patient has not been able to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of quetiapine immediate release resulting in a significant clinical impact OR Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes AND the patient has had a documented treatment failure with quetiapine immediate release being used as adjunctive therapy. Indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder): the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes or at least 2 antidepressants and buspirone AND the patient has had a documented treatment failure with quetiapine immediate release being used as adjunctive therapy. Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient must meet all clinical criteria for approval of Abilify/aripiprazole as listed above AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with preferred risperidone oral solution. Risperdal Oral Solution: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product risperidone. Versacloz Oral Solution: The patient has a medical necessity for a non-solid oral

Versacloz Oral Solution: The patient has a medical necessity for a non-solid oral dosage form and is unable to use clozapine orally disintegrating tablets.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS All products require PA COMBINATION PRODUCTS All products require PA	Abilify® Discmelt (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 2 tabs/day (10 mg & 15 mg tabs) clozapine orally disintegrating tablets† (Compare to FazaClo®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day FazaClo® (clozapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets† (compare to Zyprexa Zydis®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs) Risperdal® M-Tab (risperidone orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Risperidone† ODT (compare to Risperdal® M-Tab) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Zyprexa Zydis® (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs) olanzapine/fluoxetine† (compare to Symbyax®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 18 mg/75 mg (per day) Symbyax® (olanzapine/fluoxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 18 mg/75 mg (per day)	NON-PREFERRED SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Geodon IM. In addition, for approval of Zyprexa® IM, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic olanzapine IM. LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND patient meets additional clinical criteria as outlined below. Risperdal Consta Inj: Tolerability has been established previously with oral risperidone. Invega Sustenna Inj: Tolerability has been established previously with oral/injectable risperidone or oral paliperidone AND Invega Sustenna for at least four months AND only when the dose has been stable over the prior two months. Zyprexa Relprevv: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (non-compliance with oral medications) AND Tolerability has been established previously with oral arripiprazole for at least 2 weeks. Aristada®: Tolerability has been established previously with oral arripiprazole for at least 2 weeks AND the patient has documented treatment failure with Abilify Maintena ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND If the request is for FazaClo, Risperdal M-Tab or Zyprexa Zydis, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. COMBINATION PRODUCTS: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (ziprasidone, risperidone, and quetiapine). OR The prescriber provides a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. AND If the request is for brand product, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.
	ANTI-PSYCHOTIC: TYPI	CALS
ORAL HALOPERIDOL† (compare to Haldol®) LOXAPINE† (compare to Loxitane®) PERPHENAZINE TRIFLUOPERAZINE†	Chlorpromazine Fluphenazine Haldol®* (haloperidol) Loxitane®* (loxapine) Molindone Thioridazine	 Chlorpromazine: patient has a diagnosis of acute intermittent porphyria or intractable hiccups OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (may be typical or atypical anti-psychotics). Fluphenazine Oral Solution: patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
LONG ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS FLUPHENAZINE DECANOATE† HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE † (compare to Haldol® decanoate)	Thiothixene Haldol® decanoate* (haloperidol decanoate)	form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) Fluphenazine tablets: patient is transitioning to the decanoate formulation or requires supplemental oral dosing in addition to decanoate OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (may be typical or atypical anti-psychotics). All other oral medications: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (may be typical or atypical anti-psychotics). If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic. Long Acting Injectable Products: for approval of haldol decanoate, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.
	BILE SALTS AND BILIAR	RY AGENTS
URSODIOL tablet, capsule	Actigall® (ursodiol) Chenodal® (chendiol) Cholbam® (cholic acid) Ocaliva® (obeticholic acid) Urso® (Urosiol) Urso® Forte (ursodiol)	Chenodal: The indication for use is with radiolucent stones in well-opacifying gallbladders, in whom selective surgery would be undertaken except for the presence of increased surgical risk due to systemic disease or age AND the patient does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy: women who are pregnanat or may become pregnant, known hepatocyte dysfunction or bile ductal abnormalities such as intrahepatic cholestasis, primary biliary cirrhosis or sclerosing cholangitis. Cholbam: The indication for use is the treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects OR for the adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, AND the patient exhibits manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat soluble vitamin absorption AND the prescriber is hepatologist or gastroenterologist. Initial approval will be granted for 3 months. For reapproval after 3 months, there must be documented clinical benefit. Ocaliva: The indication for use is the treatment of primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) AND the patient has had an inadequate response or is unable to tolerate ursodiol. Urso, Urso Forte, Actigall: The patient must have a documented treatment limiting side effect to generic ursodiol.
	BONE RESORPTION IN	HIBITORS
ORAL BISPHOSPHONATES TABLETS/CAPSULES	Actonel [®] (risedronate) Alendronate oral solution	Actonel, Atelvia, Risedronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease, postmenopausal osteoporosis, osteoporosis in men or glucocorticoid

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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ALENDRONATE† (compare to Fosamax [®]) tablets BINOSTO® (alendronate) 70 mg effervescent tablet (Quantity Limit=4 tablets/28 days)	Atelvia (risedronate) Delayed Release Tablet (Quantity Limit = 4 tablets/28 days) Boniva® (ibandronate) (Quantity Limit = 150 mg tablet/1 tablet per 28 days) Etidronate Fosamax®* (alendronate)	induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure (at least a six-month trial) to generic alendronate tablets AND if the request is for brand Actonel, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to generic risedronate Alendronate Oral Solution: prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia) AND the patient has a documented intolerance to Binosto.
INJECTABLE BISPHOSPHONATES All products require PA	Fosamax Plus D [®] (alendronate/vitamin D) Ibandronate† (compare to Boniva [®]) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 150 mg tablet/1 tablet per 28 days) Risedronate† (compare to Actonel [®]) Boniva [®] Injection (ibandronate) (<i>QL</i> = 3 mg/3 months (four doses)/year) ibandronate Injection† (compare to Boniva [®]) (<i>QL</i> =3 mg/3 months (four doses)/year) Reclast [®] Injection (zoledronic acid) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 5 mg (one dose)/year) Zoledronic Acid Injection† (compare to Reclast [®]) 5mg/100ml(<i>QL</i> =5 mg (one dose)/year) Zometa [®] (zoledronic acid) Injection 4mg/100ml or conc. 4mg/5ml	Boniva Oral, Ibandronate: patient has a documented intolerance to Binosto. Boniva Oral, Ibandronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure** to generic alendronate tablets. AND if the request if for brand Boniva oral, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to generic Ibandronate Calcitonin Nasal Spray (generic), Miacalcin Nasal Spray: patient is started and stabilized on the requested medication. If the request is for generic Calcitonin Nasal Spray, the patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Miacalcin. Note: Calcitonin Nasal Spray (brand and generic) no longer recommended for osteoporosis. Miacalcin Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease Evista Tablets: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic raloxifene. Fosamax Tablets: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic alendronate tablets. Fosamax Plus D: there is a clinical reason why the patient is unable to take
ESTROGEN AGONIST/ANTAGONIST RALOXIFENE† (compare to Evista ®) Tablet (QL=1 tablet/day) INJECTABLE RANKL INHIBITOR All products require PA	Evista [®] (raloxifene) Tablet (QL = 1 tablet/day) Prolia [®] Injection (denosumab) (QL=60 mg/6 months (two doses)/year) Xgeva [®] (denosumab) (QL=120 mg/28 days) Calcitonin† Nasal Spray (compare to Miacalcin [®])	generic alendronate tablets and vitamin D separately. Etidronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure (at least a six-month trial) to generic alendronate and risedronate tablets Forteo: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis in females, primary or hypogoandal osteoporosis in males or glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure** to an oral bisphosphonate. AND prescriber has verified that the patient has been counseled about osteosarcoma risk Boniva Injection, Ibandronate Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect or
CALCITONIN NASAL SPRAY All products require PA CALCITONIN INJECTION	Miacalcin [®] (calcitonin) Nasal Spray Miacalcin [®] (calcitonin) Injection Forteo [®] (teriparatide) (Quantity Limit = 1 pen (3 ml)/28 days) (Lifetime max duration of treatment = 2 years)	treatment failure** to a preferred bisphosphonate. Prolia Injection: diagnosis or indication is osteopenia in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen deprivation therapy for nonmetastatic prostate cancer OR diagnosis or indication is osteopenia in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer OR patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure** to a preferred

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PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	DA CDITEDIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
All products require PA		bisphosphonate
PARATHYROID HORMONE INJECTION All products require PA		 Reclast Injection, Zoledronic Acid Injection (5mg): patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's disease of bone OR patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis OR patient is male with a diagnosis of osteoporosis OR patient has a diagnosis of glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure** to a preferred bisphosphonate. AND if the request is for Reclast, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic zoledronic acid injection. Zometa Injection, Zoledronic Acid Injection (4mg): Diagnosis or indication is bone metastases from solid tumors, multiple myeloma, osteopenia or treatment of hypercalcemia of malignancy Xgeva Injection: diagnosis or indication is bone metastases from solid tumors (e.g. prostate, breast, thyroid, non-small lung cancer), hypercalcemia of malignancy, or giant cell tumor of bone. **Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate.
	BOTULINUM TOXII	NS
	Botox® (onabotulinumtoxinA) Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB) Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA) Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA)	BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA): The indication for use is: o Strabismus and blepharospasm associated with dystonia, including essential blepharospasm, VII cranial nerve disorders/hemifacial spasm or Focal dystonias, including cervical dystonia, spasmodic dystonia, oromandibular dystonia OR Limb spasticity (e.g., due to cerebral palsy, multiple sclerosis, or other demyelinating CNS diseases) OR Focal spasticity (e.g., due to hemorrhagic stroke, anoxia, traumatic brain injury) OR Severe Axillary Hyperhidrosis (if member has failed an adequate trial of topical therapy) OR Overactive bladder or detrusor overactivity (if member has failed an adequate trial of at least TWO urinary antispasmodics (either short- or long-acting formulations) OR Chronic migraine (>15 days per month with headache lasting 4 hours a day or longer) and the member has failed or has a contraindication to an adequate trial of at least TWO medications for migraine prophylaxis from at least two different classes (tricyclic antidepressants, SNRI's, beta-blockers, calcium channel blockers or anticonvulsants). For re-approval after 3 months, the patient must

have had an improvement in symptoms. AND The patient is >12 years of age

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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		if for blepharospasm or strabismus, >16 years of age for cervical dystonia, and >18 years of age for upper or lower limb spasticity, hyperhidrosis, chronic migraine or overactive bladder/detrusor overactivity. Dysport (abobotulinumtoxinA): The patient has a diagnosis of cervical dystonia or upper limb spasticity AND The patient is ≥18 years of age OR the patient has a diagnosis of lower limb spasticity and is 2 years of age or older. Myobloc (rimabotulinumtoxinB): The patient has a diagnosis of focal dystonia, including cervical dystonia, spasmodic dystonia, oromandibular dystonia AND The patient is >16 years of age Xeomin (incobotulinumtoxinA): The patient has a diagnosis of cervical dystonia, upper limb spasticity, or blepharospasm. AND The patient is ≥18 years of age LIMITATIONS: Coverage of botulinum toxins will not be approved for cosmetic use (e.g., glabellar lines, vertical glabellar eyebrow furrows, facial rhytides, horizontal neck rhytides, etc.). (BOTOX Cosmetic (onabotulinumtoxinA) is not covered) IMPORTANT NOTE: Botulinum neurotoxins are used to treat various disorders of focal muscle spasm and excessive muscle contractions, such as focal dystonias. When injected intramuscularly, botulinum neurotoxins produce a presynaptic neuromuscular blockade by preventing the release of acetylcholine from the nerve endings. As a consequence of the chemistry and clinical pharmacology of each botulinum neurotoxin product, botulinum neurotoxins are not terchangeable, even among same sterotype products. Units of biological activity are unique to each preparation and cannot be compared or converted into units of another. It is important that providers recognize there is no safe dose conversion ratio—i.e., one unit of BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA, formerly type A) does not equal one unit of Myobloc (rimabotulinumtoxinA) does not equal one unit of Dysport (abobotulinumtoxinA) does not equal one unit of of totulinum neurotoxin can result in under or over dosage. It is expected that use of these products will be bas
	BPH AGENTS	
	DI II AGEN 15	
ALPHA BLOCKERS ALFUZOSIN ER (compare to Uroxatral®)	Cardura [®] * (doxazosin) Cardura XL [®] (doxazosin)	Cardura, Cardura XL: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two alpha blockers, one of which must be generic

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day DOXAZOSIN† (compare to Cardura®) TAMSULOSIN† (compare to Flomax®) Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day TERAZOSIN† (formerly Hytrin®) ANDROGEN HORMONE INHIBITORS FINASTERIDE† (compare to Proscar®) (QL = 1 tablet/day) COMBINATION PRODUCT	Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Flomax®* (tamsulosin) Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day Rapaflo® (silodosin) Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Uroxatral® (alfuzosin) Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Avodart® (dutasteride) (QL = 1 capsule/day) Dutaseride (compare to Avodart®) QL = 1 capsule/day finasteride† (compare to Proscar®) females; males age < 45 (QL = 1 tablet/day) Proscar® *(finasteride) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Dutasteride/tamsulosin (compare to Jalyn®) (QL=1 capsule/day) Jalyn® (dutasteride/tamsulosin) (QL = 1 capsule/day)	doxazosin. Flomax: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred alpha blockers, one of which must be generic tamsulosin. Rapaflo, Uroxatral: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred alpha blockers. In addition, for approval of Uroxatral, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic alfuzosin ER. Avodart, dutasteride, Proscar: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to generic finasteride AND for approval of brand Avodart, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic dutasteride. Finasteride for males age < 45: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) Dutasteride/tamsulosin, Jalyn: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented treatment failure/inadequate response to combination therapy with generic tamsulosin and finasteride AND is unable to take tamsulosin and dutasteride as the individual separate agents AND for approval of Jayln, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic dutasteride/tamsulosin. LIMITATIONS: Coverage of androgen hormone inhibitors will not be approved for cosmetic use in men or women (male-pattern baldness/alopecia or hirsutism). (This includes Propecia (finasteride) and its generic equivalent whose only FDA approved indication is for treatment of male pattern hair loss.) Current clinical guidelines recommend the use of Cialis (tadalafil) only in men with concomitant erectile dysfunction or pulmonary hypertension. Medicaid programs do not receive Federal funding for drugs used in the treatment of erectile dysfunction so Cialis will not be approved for use in BPH.
	CARDIAC GLYCOSIDI	ES
DIGOXIN† DIGOXIN† Oral Solution LANOXIN [®] (digoxin)		
	CHEMICAL DEPENDEN	ICV
AL COMOL DEPENDENCY	CHEMICAL DEFENDER	NGI
ALCOHOL DEPENDENCY		

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ACAMPROSATE† DISULFIRAM† 250 mg, 500 mg tab (compare to Antabuse®)	Antabuse [®] * (disulfiram)	Antabuse: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product
NALTREXONE oral †		
Preferred Agent after Clinical Criteria are Met Vivitrol® (naltexone for extended-release injectable suspension) (QL = 1 injection (380 mg) per 30 days)		
OPIATE DEPENDENCY		
Preferred Agent after Clinical Criteria are Met SUBOXONE® sublingual FILM (buprenorphine/naloxone) QL = 2 films per day (8 mg strength), 3 films per day (2 mg strength)or 1 film per day (4 mg and 12 mg strengths) (Maximum daily Dose = 16 mg/day) *Maximum days supply for Suboxone is 14 days* Note: Methadone for opiate dependency can only be prescribed through a Methadone Maintenance Clinic For Prevention of Relapse to Opioid Dependency Vivitrol® (naltrexone for extended-release injectable suspension) (QL = 1 injection (380 mg) per 30 days)	buprenorphine† sublingual TABLET(formerly Subutex®) QL = 3 tablets per day (2 mg strength) or 2 tablets/day (8 mg strength) (Maximum Daily Dose = 16 mg/day) Revia®* (naltrexone oral) buprenorphine/naloxone† (formerly Suboxone®) sublingual TABLET QL = 2 tablets per day (8 mg strength) or 3 tablets per day (2 mg strength) (Maximum daily Dose = 16 mg/day) Bunavail® (QL= 1film per day(2.1/0.3mg, 6.1/1mg), 2films per day (4.2/0.7mg) Zubsolv® (QL=1 film per day of all strengths) **Maximum days supply for oral buprenorphine/naloxone or buprenorphine is 14 days** Probuphine® (buprenorphine) subdermal implant (QL = 4 implants per 6 months) Maximum length of therapy=1 year	Suboxone, Buprenorphine/Naloxone, Buprenorphine: Diagnosis of opiate dependence confirmed (will not be approved for alleviation of pain) AND Prescriber has a DATA 2000 waiver ID number ("X-DEA license") in order to prescribe AND A "Pharmacy Home" for all prescriptions has been selected (Pharmacy located or licensed in VT) AND Requests for Buprenorphine/Naloxone SL tablet, Bunavail or Zubsolv after documented intolerance of Suboxone Film must include a completed MedWatch form that will be submitted by DVHA to the FDA. AND If buprenorphine (formerly Subutex) is being requested, Patient is either pregnant and history (copy of positive pregnancy test) has been submitted (duration of PA will be one 1 month post anticipated delivery date) OR Patient is breastfeeding a methadone or morphine dependent baby and history from the neonatologist or pediatrician has been submitted. Probuphine: Patient must have achieved and sustained prolonged clinical stability on transmucosal buprenorphine AND is currently on a maintenance dose of ≤ 8mg per day of Suboxone® or it's transmucosal buprenorphine product equivalent (defined as stable on transmucosal buprenorphine dose of ≤ 8mg for 3 months or longer without any need for supplemental dosing or adjustments) AND the provider and patient are both enrolled in the Probuphine® REMS program AND clinical justification must be provided detailing why the member cannot use a more cost effective buprenorphine formulation. Note: Probuphine® will be approved as a medical benefit ONLY and will NOT be approved if billed through pharmacy point of sale. Probuphine® will not be approved for new entrants to treatment. Initial approval will be granted for 6 months with extension considered for an additional 6 months (There is no clinical experience with insertion of Probuphine® beyond a single insertion in each arm).

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Vivitrol: There must be a documented trial of oral naltrexone AND Patient should be opiate free for > 7 -10 days prior to initiation of Vivitrol. If the diagnosis is alcohol dependence, the patient should not be actively drinking at the time of initial Vivitrol administration.
OVERDOSE TREATMENT		
NALOXONE HCL Prefilled luer-lock needleless syringe plus intranasal mucosal atomizing device (Rescue kit) NARCAN® (naloxone hcl) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 4 single-use sprays/28days		

GASTROINTESTINAL AGENTS: CONSTIPATION/DIARRHEA, IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME-CONSTRIPATION (IBS-C), IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME, OPIOID INDUCED CONSTIPATION

Preferred Agents (No PA Required)	Non-preferred Agents (PA Required)	<u>Criteria</u>
Constipation: Chronic, IBS_C, or Opioid-Induced (Amitiza, Linzess, & Movantik length of approval: Initia	PA of 3 months and & 12 months thereafter; Relistore: 3 months
Bulk-Producing Laxatives PSYLLIUM†	Amitiza [®] (lubiprostone) ($Qty Limit = 2 capsules/day$) Linzess [®] (linaclotide) ($Qty limit = 1 capsule/day$)	Amitiza: The patient has a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) (24 mcg capsules) OR The patient is a woman and has a diagnosis of irritable
Osmotic Laxatives LACTULOSE† POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 3350 (PEG)† (Movantik (naloxegol) (<i>Qty limit=1 tablet/day</i>) Relistor [®] (methylnaltrexone) tablets (<i>Qty Limit = 3 tabs/day</i>)	bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) (8 mcg capsules) OR opioid- induced constipation AND The patient has had documented treatment failure to lifestyle and dietary modification (increased fiber and fluid intake and increased physical activity). AND The patient has had documented side effect,
Stimulant Laxative BISACODYL† SENNA†	Relistor® (methylnatrexone) injection	allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial each of at least 2 preferred laxatives from the Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories (see below). Linzess: The patient is 18 years of age or older. AND The patient has a diagnosis
Stool Softener DOCUSATE†		of chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) (145 mcg capsules) OR The patient has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) (290 mcg capsules) AND The patient has had documented treatment failure to
Miscellaneous DICYCLOMINE		lifestyle and dietary modification (increased fiber and fluid intake and increased physical activity). AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial each of at least 2 preferred laxatives from the Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories (see below). Movantik: The patient is current using an opiate for at least 4 weeks AND The patient must have documented opioid-induced constipation AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS) (length of approval: 6 l	Months)	Relistor Tablets: The patient is current using an opiate for at least 4 weeks AND has documented opioid-induced constipation AND has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories AND has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Amitiza or Movantik. Relistor Injection: The patient must have documented opioid-induced constipation and be receiving palliative care AND. The patient must have had documented treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from 2 different laxative classes (see below) used in combination.
bhoit bower syndrome (BBS) (length of approval. of	Gattex® (teduglutide) Vials Maximum days'	Gattex: Patient has a diagnosis of short bowel syndrome AND Patient is receiving
	supply = 30 days	specialized nutritional support administered intravenously (i.e. parenteral nutrition) AND Patient is 18 years of age or older AND Patient does not have an active gastrointestinal malignancy (gastrointestinal tract, hepatobiliary, pancreatic), colorectal cancer, or small bowel cancer. AND After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires evidence of decreased parenteral nutrition support from baseline.
Antidiarrheal: HIV/AIDs (length of approval: initial approval)	pproval 3 months, subsequent 1 year)	
DIPHENOXYLATE/ATROPINE† LOPERAMIDE†	Fulyzaq [®] (crofelemer) 125 mg DR Tablets QL = 2 tablets/day	Fulyzaq: Patient has HIV/AIDS and is receiving anti-retroviral therapy AND Patient is at least 18 years of age AND Patient requires symptomatic relief of noninfectious diarrhea AND Infectious diarrhea (e.g. cryptosporidiosis, c. difficile, etc.) has been ruled out AND Patient has tried and failed at least one anti-diarrheal medication (i.e. loperamide or atropine/diphenoxylate)
Antidiarrheal: IBS-D (length of approval: initial appro	val 3 months, subsequent 1 year)	
	Alosetron (compare to Lotronex®) Lotronex® (alosetron) Viberzi® (eluxadoline)	 Lotronex/alosetron: The patient is a woman and has a diagnosis of severe diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) with symptoms lasting 6 months or longer AND has had anatomic or biochemical abnormalities of the GI tract excluded AND has not responded adequately to conventional therapies loperamide, cholestyramine, and TCA's. For approval of generic alosetron, the patient must have documented intolerance to brand Lotronex. Viberzi: The patient has a diagnosis of IBS-D AND does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy A) known or suspected biliary duct obstruction, or sphincter of Oddi disease or dysfunction B) alcoholism, alcohol abuse, alcohol addiction, or drink more than 3 alcoholic beverages/day C) a history of pancreatitis; structural diseases of the pancreas D) severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class C) AND has not responded adequately to conventional therapies loperamide, cholestyramine, and TCA's.

	LYON PREFERRED & GENTS	
PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No FA required unless otherwise noted)	(FA required)	FACRITERIA
	CONTRACEPTIVES	S
SELECT PRODUCTS (length of approval: 1 year) MONOPHASIC AGENTS:		
Due to the extensive list of products, any	Brevicon-28 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
monophasic BCP not listed as non-preferred is	Gildesse fe (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
considered preferred.	Lo-Estrin (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	Lo-Estrin FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE)	
	LoEstrin (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	LoMedia FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE)	
	Lo/Ovral 21	
	Lo/Ovral 28	
	Modicon (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	Nordette-28	
	Norinyl 1/35 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	Ogestrel (norgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	Ortho-Ccept 28 (desogestrel/ethinyl estradiol)	
	Ortho-Cyclen-28 (norgestimate/ethinyl estradiol)	
	Ovcon-35/28 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	Yaz (drospirenone/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	Yasmin 28 (drospirenone/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	Zovia 1-50(ethynodiol D/ ethinyl estradiol)	
BIPHASIC AGENTS	Ne	N. O. I. A. William C. I. and C. I.
AZURETTE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Mircette (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
DESOGESTREL ETHINYL ESTRADIOL	Necon 10/11-28 (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
KARIVA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
MINASTRIN FE (norethindrone ethinyl estradiol)		
NORETHIDRONE/ETHINYL ESTRADIOL 0.5/1-35		
PIMTREA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
VIORELE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRPHASIC AGENTS		
ALYACEN (norethindrone ethinyl estradiol)	Cyclessa (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
ARANELLE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Estrostep FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
CAZIANT (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Ortho-Novum 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
CYCLAFEM (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Ortho Tri-Ccyclen (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)	
DASETTA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	Tri-Norinyl (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 171 required unless otherwise noted)	(171 required)	TH CRITICAL
ENPRESSE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
LEENA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
LEVONEST (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol))		
MYZILRA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
NATAZIA (dienogest/estradiol valerate)		
NECON 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
Norgestimate ethinyl estradiol		
NORTREL 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
ORTHO TRI-CYCLEN LO (norgestimate/ ethinyl		
estradiol)		
PIRMELLA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
TILIA FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)		
TRI-ESTARYLLA (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-LEGEST FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)		
TRI-LINYAH (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRINESSA (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-PREVIFEM (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-SPRINTEC (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRIVORA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
VELIVET (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
EXTENDED CYCLE		
AMETHIA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
AMETHIA LO (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
AMETHYST (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
ASHLYNA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
CAMRESE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
CAMRESE LO (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
DAYSEE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
INTROVALE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
JOLESSA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
LEVONORGESTREL ETHINYL ESTRADIOL		
TBDSPK 3 month		
LEVONORGESTREL ETHESTRAD ETHINYL		
ESTRADIOL TBDSPK 3 month		
LO-SEASONIQUE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
QUASENSE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
QUARTETTE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
SEASONIQUE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
PROGESTIN ONLY CONTRACEPTIVES		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CAMILA (norethindrone)	Nor-QD (norethindrone)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
DEBLITANE (norethindrone)	Ortho Micronor (norethindrone)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
ERRIN (norethindrone)		
HEATHER (norethindrone)		
JENCYCLA (norethindrone)		
JOLIVETTE(norethindrone)		
LYZA (norethindrone)		
NORA-BE (norethindrone)		
NORETHINDRONE 0.35MG		
NORLYROC (norethindrone)		
SHAROBEL (norethindrone)		
INJECTABLE CONTRACEPTIVES		
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE 150MG	Depo-Provera (IM) (medroxyprogesterone acetate)	
(IM) VIAL/SYRINGE	150mg Susp vial/syringe	
DEPO-PROVERA 104 (SUB-Q) SYRINGE		
(medroxyprogesterone acetate)		
VAGINAL RING		
NUVARING® (etonogestrel/ethinyl estradiol vaginal		
ring)		
TOPICAL CONTRACEPTIVE		
ORTHO EVRA PATCH (norelgestromin/ethinyl		
estradiol)		
XULANE PATCH (norelgestromin/ ethinyl estradiol)		
EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTIVE		
AFTERA (levonorgestrel)	Plan B One-step (levonorgestrel)	
ECONTRA EZ (levonorgestrel)		
FALLBACK (levonorgestrel)		
LEVONORGESTREL		
MY WAY (levonorgestrel)		
NEXT CHOICE (levonorgestrel)		
OPCICON ONE-STEP (levonorgestrel)		
TAKE ACTION (levonorgestrel)		
ELLA (ulipristal)		
CORO	NARY VASODILATORS/ANTIANGINALS,	/SINUS NODE INHIBITORS
ORAL		
	Dilata gp® (in 111 linit and gp	
ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE† tablet(compare to	Dilatrate-SR [®] (isosorbide dinitrate SR capsule) Imdur [®] * (isosorbide mononitrate ER tablet) Ismo [®] * (isosorbide mononitrate tablet)	Dilatrate-SR, Imdur: The patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment
Isordil [®])	Ismo [®] * (isosorbide mononitrate tablet)	failure to at least two of the following medications: isosorbide dinitrate ER
1501011)		tablet, isosorbide mononitrate ER tablet, nitroglycerin ER capsule or Nitro-

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE† ER tablet ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† tablet (compare to Ismo®, Monoket®) ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† ER tablet (compare to Imdur®) NITROGLYCERIN† SL tablet NITROGLYCERIN† ER capsule NITROLINGUAL PUMP SPRAY® NITROGLYCERIN SPRAY LINGUAL† (compare to Nitroglycerin Pump Spray®) NITROMIST® Lingual Spray NITROQUICK® (nitroglycerin SL tablet) NITROSTAT® (nitroglycerin SL tablet) NITRO-TIME® (nitroglycerin ER capsule)	Isosorbide dinitrate SL tablet Isordil®* (isosorbide dinitrate tablet) Monoket®* (isosorbide mononitrate tablet) BiDil® (isosorbide dinitrate/hydralazine) Ranexa® (ranolazine) (Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day (500 mg), 2 tablets/day (1000 mg)))	time. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation. Ismo, Isordil, Monoket, Isosorbide dinitrate SL tablet: The patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: isosorbide dinitrate tablet or isosorbide mononitrate tablet. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation Bidil: The prescriber provides a clinically valid reason why the patient cannot use isosorbide dinitrate and hydralazine as separate agents. Ranexa: The patient has had a diagnosis/indication of chronic angina. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one medication from two of the following classes: beta-blockers, maintenance nitrates, or calcium channel blockers. AND The patient does not have any of the following conditions: Hepatic insufficiency, Concurrent use of medications which may interact with Ranexa: CYP450 3A4 inducers (rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentin, phenobarbital, phenytoin, carbamazepine, St.John's wort) CYP450 3A4 inhibitors (diltiazem, verapamil, ketoconazole, protease inhibitors, grapefruit juice, macrolide antibiotics) Note: doses of digoxin or drugs metabolized by CYP450 2D6 (TCAs, some antipsychotics) may need to be adjusted if used with Ranexa. AND The dose requested does not exceed 3 tablets/day (500 mg) or 2 tablets/day (1000 mg).
NITREK [®] (nitroglycerin transdermal patch) NITRO-BID [®] (nitroglycerin ointment) NITROGLYCERIN TRANSDERMAL PATCHES† (compare to Nitro-Dur [®])	Nitro-Dur [®] * (nitroglycerin transdermal patch)	Nitro-Dur: patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Nitrek or generic nitroglycerin transdermal patches.
SINUS NODE INHIBITORS		
	Corlanor® (ivabradine) (QL=60 tabs/30 days)	 Corlanor Clinical Criteria: Diagnosis of stable, symptomatic heart failure AND Left ventricular ejection fraction of ≤ 35% AND Resting heart rate ≥ 70 bpm AND In sinus rhythm AND Persisting symptoms despite maximally tolerated doses of beta blockers or who have contraindication to beta blocker therapy

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	CORTICOSTEROIDS: OI	RAL
CORTISONE ACETATE tablets DEXAMETHASONE† tablets, elixir, intensol, solution DEXPAK® tabs (dexamethasone taper pack) HYDROCORTISONE† tab (compare to Cortef®) MEDROL® (methylprednisolone) 2mg tablets METHYLPREDNISOLONE† (compare to Medrol®) tabs METHYLPREDNISOLONE DOSE PACK† (compare to Medrol Dose Pack®) tabs ORAPRED® ODT (prednisolone sod phosphate) (age < 12 yrs) PREDNISOLONE† 3 mg/ml oral solution, syrup (compare to Prelone®) PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE† 3 mg/ml oral solution (compare to Orapred®) PREDNISOLONE SOD PHOSPHATE ORAL SOLUTION† 6.7mg/5ml	Celestone [®] (betamethasone) oral solution Cortef [®] * (hydrocortisone) tablets Flo-Pred [®] (prednisolone acetate) oral suspension Medrol [®] * (methylprednisolone) tablets Medrol Dose Pak [®] * (methylprednisolone) tabs Millipred [®] (prednisolone) tablets Millipred [®] (prednisolone sodium phos) oral solution Millipred DP [®] (prednisolone sodium phos) oral solution Millipred DP [®] (prednisolone) dose pack tablets Orapred [®] * oral solution* (prednisolone sod phos) Orapred [®] ODT (prednisolone sod phos) (age ≥ 12 yrs) Pediapred [®] * (prednisolone sod phosphate) oral solution prednisolone sodium phosphate oral solution 25 mg/5ml Rayos [®] (prednisone) Delayed Release Tablet (<i>Quantity limit</i> = 1 tablet/day) Veripred [®] 20 oral solution (prednisolone sodium phosphate)	 Rayos: The patient has had a trial of generic immediate release prednisone and has documented side effects that are associated with the later onset of activity of immediate release prednisone taken in the morning. All Others: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. OR The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to least two preferred medications. If a product has an AB rated generic, one tria must be the generic formulation.

COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS

(5mg/5ml base) (compare to Pediapred[®]) PREDNISONE† intensol, solution, tablets

All generics MUCINEX [®] (guaifenesin)	Hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine (compare to Tussionex®) (QL = 60 ml/RX) Tussionex® (hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine) (QL = 60 ml/RX) TussiCaps® (hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine) (QL = 12 capsules/RX) All other brands	Tussionex, TussiCaps, Hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine suspension (generic): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two of the following generically available cough or cough/cold products: hydrocodone/homatropine (compare to Hycodan), promethazine/codeine (previously Phenergan with Codeine), guaifenesin/codeine (Cheratussin AC) or benzonatate. AND patient is 6 years old of age or greater. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 60 ml (Tussionex) or 12 capsules (TussiCaps). AND If the request is for Tussionex□, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine suspension. All Other Brands: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the
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PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the generically available preparations would not be a suitable alternative.
	CYSTIC FIBROSIS MEDICA	ATIONS
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met: BETHKIS® (tobramycin) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days) (2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) KITABIS® (tobramycin sol) (QL= 56vials/56days; maximum days' supply = 56 days; 2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) TOBI® (tobramycin PODHaler capsules for inhalation) (QL = 224 capsules/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days) (4 capsules twice daily for 28 days, then 28 days off)	Cayston® (aztreonam) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 84 vials/56 days; maximum days supply = 56 days) (3 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) (2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) Kalydeco® (ivacaftor) tablets (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day, maximum days' supply = 30 days) Kalydeco® (ivacaftor) packets (Quantity Limit = 2 packets/day, maximum days' supply = 30 days) Orkambi® (lumacaftor/ivacaftor) (Quantity Limit= 120/30 days; max days supply=30 days) Pulmozyme® (dornase alfa) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 60/30 days; maximum days supply=30 days) TOBI® (tobramycin) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days supply = 56 days) (2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) Tobramycin inhalation solution† (compare to Tobi®) (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days)(2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)	TOBI, tobramycin inhalation solutions: Diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis and the patient has a documented failure or intolerance to Kitabis and Bethkis. Cayston: diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis and the patient has a documented failure, intolerance or inadequate response to inhaled tobramycin therapy alone Kalydeco: The patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis. AND □ Patient has one of the following mutations on at least one allele in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R and who have an R117H mutation in the CFTR gene (documentation provided). AND The patient is ≥2 years old. Note: Renewal of Prior Authorization will require documentation of member response. TOBI PODHALER: allowed after a trial of another form of inhaled tobramycin Orkambi: The patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis AND Initial Criteria ≥ 6 years of age Patient must be determined to be homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene as confirmed by an FDA-approved CF mutation test AND Patient has a baseline forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 40 percent of the predicted normal value AND Patient has a baseline forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 40 percent of the predicted normal value AND Tif the patient is between the ages of 6-18, they must have undergone a baseline ophthalmic examination to monitor for lens opacities/cataracts Prescriber is a CF specialist or pulmonologist Ongoing Approval Criteria Patient has LFTs/bilirubin monitored every 3 months for the first year of therapy and annually after the first year ALT or AST ≤ 5 X the upper limit of normal or ALT/AST ≤ 3 X the upper limits of normal and bilirubin is ≤ 2 X the upper limit of normal Between the ages of 12 and 18, have follow up ophthalmic exam at least annually

DERMATOLOGICAL AGENTS

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) ALDARA® (imiquimod) 5 % Cream EFUDEX®* (fluorouracil) 5% cream, solution FLUOROURACIL (compare to CARAC®) 0.5%	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required) Diclofenac Sodium 3 % Gel (compare to Solaraze®) Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days Fluorouracil† (compare to Efudex®) 5% cream, 5%, 2% solution Imiquimod† (compare to Aldara®) 5 % cream	Imiquimod (generic) cream: The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Aldara Picato: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a
EFUDEX®* (fluorouracil) 5% cream, solution	Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days Fluorouracil† (compare to Efudex [®]) 5% cream, 5%, 2% solution	brand Aldara Picato: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a
EFUDEX®* (fluorouracil) 5% cream, solution	Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days Fluorouracil† (compare to Efudex [®]) 5% cream, 5%, 2% solution	brand Aldara Picato: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a
cream $CARAC^{(\mathbb{R})}$ (fluorouracil) 0.5% cream $C=cream$, $F=foam$, $G=gel$, $L=lotion$, $O=ointment$, $S=solution$	Picato [®] (ingenol mebutate) 0.015 % Gel Qty Limit = 3 tubes Picato [®] (ingenol mebutate) 0.05 % Gel Qty Limit = 2 tubes Solaraze [®] (diclofenac sodium) 3 % Gel Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days Tolak [®] (fluorouracil) Cream Zyclara (imiquimod) 3.75 % Cream Qty Limit = 56 packets/6 weeks Zyclara (imiquimod) 2.5%, 3.75 % Cream Pump Qty Limit = 2 pumps/8 weeks	documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with a generic topical fluorouracil product. OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with preferred brand Aldara Solaraze Gel, Tolak, Diclofenac Gel: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with a preferred topical fluorouracil product. Zyclara Cream: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis on the face or scalp AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 5-fluorouracil and Aldara or generic imiquimod 5% cream. OR The treatment area is greater than 25 cm2 on the face or scalp. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 5-fluorouracil.
ANTIOBIOTICS TOPICAL		
Single Agent BACITRACIN† MUPIROCIN OINTMENT† (compare to Bactroban®)	Altabax [®] (retapamulin) $QL = 1$ tube Bactroban [®] (mupirocin) Cream Bactroban [®] * (mupirocin) Ointment Centany [®] Ointment (mupirocin) Gentamicin Cream or Ointment Mupirocin cream† (compare to Bactroban [®])	Altabax: The patient is being treated for impetigo. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with mupirocin ointment AND MRSA (methicillin resistant staph aureus) has been ruled out by culture Bactroban Cream or Ointment, mupirocin cream, Centany Ointment: The patient has had a documented intolerance with generic mupirocin ointment AND If the request is for brand Bactroban Cream, the patient has also had a
Combination Products BACITRACIN-POLYMYXIN† NEOMYCIN-BACITRACIN-POLYMYXIN† Note: Bactroban® Nasal Ointment is not included in this managed category	Cortisporin [®] Cream (neomycin-polymyxin-hydrocortisone) Cortisporin [®] Ointment(bacitracin-neomycin-polymyxin-hydrocortisone)	documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Cortisporin Cream or Ointment, Gentamicin Cream or Ointment: The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred generic topical antibiotic
C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution ANTIFUNGALS: ONYCHOMYCOSIS	All other branded products	

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(1.10 1777 equilibria unicos otner wiso noted)	(Friequieu)	
CICLOPIROX † 8 % solution (compare to Penlac® Nail Lacquer) QL =6.6 ml/90 days	Ciclodan® (ciclopirox 8% solution) Penlac® Nail Lacquer (ciclopirox 8 % solution) QL = 6.6 ml/90 Kerydin® Jublia® QL=48 weeks treatment	Ciclodan, Jublia, Kerydin, Penlac Sol: The patient meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient is immunocompromised, Patient has diagnosis of systemic dermatosis, Patient has significant vascular compromise AND Documented intolerance to generic ciclopirox 8% solution. LIMITATIONS: Coverage of Onychomycosis agents will NOT be approved solely for cosmetic purposes. Kits with multiple drug products or non-drug items not covered.
ANTIFUNGALS: TOPICAL		
Single Agent CICLOPIROX † (compare to Loprox®) 0.77% C, Sus, G; 1%Sh CLOTRIMAZOLE† 1% C, S KETOCONAZOLE † (compare to Kuric®, Nizoral®) 2% C, 2% Sh MICONAZOLE † all generic/OTC products NYSTATIN†O, C, P (compare to Mycostatin®, Nystop®, Nyamyc®) TOLNAFTATE† (compare to Tinactin®) 1% C, P, S Combination Products CLOTRIMAZOLE W/BETAMETHASONE† (compare to Lotrisone®) C, L C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, P=powder, S=solution, Sh=shampoo, Sp=spray, Sus=suspension	Ciclodan® (ciclopirox) C Econazole 1% C Ertaczo® (sertaconazole) 2% C Exelderm® (sulconazole) 1% C, S Extina® (ketoconazole) 2% F Ketoconazole† (compare to Extina®) 2 % Foam Lamisil RX/OTC® (terbinafine) 1% C, S, Sp, G Luzu® (luliconazole) 1% Cream Mentax®) 1% C Naftin® (naftifine) 1% & 2% C, 1%, 2% G Nizoral®* (ketoconazole) 2% Sh Nystatin w/triamcinolone C, O Nystop®, Nyamyc®* (nystatin) P Oxistat® (oxiconazole) 1% C Lotrisone®* (clotrimazole w/betamethasone) C Vusion® (miconazole w/zinc oxide) O (QL=50 g/30 days) All other branded products Note: Please refer to "Dermatological: Antifungals: Onychomycosis" for ciclopirox solution and Penlac®	All Non-Preferred Agents (except Vusion): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO different preferred generic topical antifungal agents. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic equivalent of the requested product.) OR The patient has a contraindication that supports the need for a specific product or dosage form of a brand topical antifungal. Vusion: The patient has a diagnosis of diaper dermatitis complicated by documented candidiasis AND The patient is at least 4 weeks of age.AND The patient has had two trials (with two different preferred antifungal agents) used in combination with a zinc oxide diaper rash product resulting in documented side effects, allergy, or treatment failures.
ANTIVIRALS: TOPICAL	Nail Lacquer	
ANTIVIRALS; IUFICAL		
ABREVA OTC (docosanol) 10% C C=cream, O=ointment Note: See Anti-Infectives: Antivirals: Herpes: Oral for Sitavig®	Acyclovir (compare to Zovirax [®]) 5 % O Denavir [®] (penciclovir) 1% C Zovirax [®] (acyclovir) 5% C, O Xerese® (acyclovir 5%/hydrocortisone 1%) C	Acyclovir, Denavir, Xerese, Zovirax: The patient has a diagnosis of oral herpes simplex infection and a failure of both oral antiviral and Abreva OTC AND for approval of generic acyclovir ointment, the patient must also have documented intolerance to brand Zovirax. ** Topical antiviral therapy offers minimal clinical benefit in the treatment of

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(1) o 1111oquinos amosa americas nates	(11110quinos)	
		genital herpes and its use is discouraged by the CDC so topical antiviral
		therapy will not be approved for this indication. **
CORTICOSTEROIDS: LOW POTENCY		
ALCLOMETASONE 0.05% C, O† (compare to Aclovate B) FLUOCINOLONE 0.01% C, S, oil† (compare to Derma-Smoothe, Synalar B) HYDROCORTISONE† 0.5%, 1%, 2.5% C; 1%, 2.5% L, 0.5%, 1%, 2.5% O C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Capex [®] (fluocinolone) 0.01% shampoo Derma-Smoothe [®] * (fluocinolone 0.01%) oil Desonate [®] (desonide) 0.05% G Desonide† 0.05% C,L,O (compare to DesOwen [®]) DesOwen [®] * (desonide) 0.05% C, L Synalar [®] * (fluocinolone) 0.01% S All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
CORTICOSTEROIDS: MEDIUM POTENCY		
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE† 0.05% C, L, O (formerly Diprosome®) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE† 0.1% C, L, O (formerly Beta-Val®) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE†0.12% (compare to Luxiq®) F CLOCORTOLONE 0.1% C (compare to Cloderm®) FLUOCINOLONE† 0.025% C, O (compare to Synalar®) FLUTICASONE† 0.05% C; 0.005% O (compare to Cutivate®) HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE† 0.1% C, O, S MOMETASONE FUROATE† 0.1% C, L, O, S (compare to Elocon®) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE† 0.025%, 0.1% C, L, O (formerly Aristocort® or Kenalog®)	Cloderm® (clocortolone) 0.1% C Cordran® (all products) Cutivate® (fluticasone) 0.05% L Dermatop® (prednicarbate) 0.1% C, O desoximetasone 0.05% C, O (compare to Topicort®) Elocon®* (all products) Flurandrenolide (compare to Cordran®) C, L, O Fluticasone† (compare to Cutivate®) 0.05%, L Hydrocortisone Valerate† 0.2% C,O Kenalog® (triamcinolone) Aerosol Spray Luxiq® (betamethasone valerate) F prednicarbate† (compare to Dermatop®) 0.1% C, O Sernivo® (betamethasone dipropionate) 0.05% Spray Synalar®* (fluocinolone) 0.025% C, O Topicort®* (desoximetasone) 0.05% C, O Triamcinolone Aerosol Spray Trianex®* (triamcinolone) 0.05% O All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
CORTICOSTEROIDS: HIGH POTENCY		
AUGMENTED BETAMETHASONE† 0.05% C, L(compare to Diprolene [®] AF) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE† 0.1% C, O (formerly Beta-Val [®])	Amcinonide† (formerly Cyclocort [®]) Apexicon E [®] (diflorasone) 0.05% C Diflorasone diacetate† 0.05% C, O (compare to Apexicon E [®])	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(()	
DESOXIMETASONE† 0.05% C, G, O; 0.25% C, O (compare to Topicort®) FLUOCINONIDE† 0.05% C, G, O, S (formerly Lidex®) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE† 0.5% C, O (formerly Aristocort®) C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Diprolene® AF* (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% C, L Halog® (halcinonide) all products Topicort®* (desoximetasone) 0.05% G; 0.25% C, O, Spray All other brands	
CORTICOSTEROIDS: VERY HIGH POTENCY		
AUGMENTED BETAMETHASONE† 0.05% C,L, O (compare to Diprolene®) 0.05% G DIFLORASONE DIACETATE† 0.05% O (compare to Apexicon®, formerly Psorcon E®) HALOBETASOL PROPRIONATE† (compare to Ultravate®) C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Clobetasol propionate† (compare to Clobex®) 0.05% L, Sh, Spray Clobetasol propionate (compare to Temovate®/Cormax®) 0.05% C,G,O,S Clobetasol 0.05% F (compare to Oulux®) clobetasol propionate emulsion† (compare to Olux E®) 0.05% F Clobex® (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% L, shampoo, spray Diprolene®* (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% L, O Diprolene®AF 0.05% C fluocinonide† (compare to Vanos®)0.1% C Olux® */Olux E® (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% F Temovate®* (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, , O, Vanos® (fluocinonide) 0.1% C Ultravate®* (halobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, O All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
GENITAL WART THERAPY		
ALDARA® (imiqumod 5%)	Imiquimod [†] 5 % (compare to Aldara [®]) cream Condylox [®] Gel (podofilox gel)	Condylox gel, Veregan: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Aldara Condylox Solution: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic podofilox solution.
PODOFILOX SOLUTION† (compare to Condylox $^{\textcircled{\$}}$)	Condylox [®] * solution (podofilox solution) Veregan® (sinecatechins ointment) (Quantity limit = 15 grams (1 tube)/per 30 days)	Imiquimod (generic) cream: The patient has had a documented intolerance to

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
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		brand Aldara
	Zyclara® (imiquimod 3.75%) Cream	
	(Quantity limit = 56 packets)/per 8 weeks)	
	Zyclara® (imiquimod 3.75%) Cream Pump	
	(Quantity limit = 2 pumps/per 8 weeks)	
IMMUNOMODULATORS		
ELIDEL (pimecrolimus) PROTOPTIC (tacrolimus)	Tacrolimis Ointment† (compare to Protopic [®])	Criteria for Approval (requests will be approved for up to 1 year): The patient has a diagnosis of atopic dermatitis (eczema). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one moderate to high potency topical corticosteroid within the last 6 months. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 30 grams/fill and 90 grams/6 months. AND If the request is for generic tacrolimus ointment, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Protopic. Note: Use in children less than 2 years of age is not indicated. Protopic ointment 0.1% is not indicated for use in children, only the 0.03% strength.
SCABICIDES AND PEDICULOCIDES	1	
<u>SCABICIDES</u>	Elimite [™] (permethrin 5%) C	Non-marketing Cooking day, The making hand a decimand of the Cooking
PERMETHRIN† 5 % (compare to Elimite [®]) C	Eurax® (crotamiton 10 %) C, L	Non-preferred Scabicides: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to permethrin cream or treatment failure with two treatments of
	Lindane† L	permethrin cream.
PEDICULICIDES (lice treatment)	Emdane E	Non-Preferred Pediculicides: The patient has had a documented side effect or
PERMETHRIN† 1 % <i>CR</i> , <i>L</i> PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE AND PYRETHRINS† <i>G</i> ,		allergy to OTC permethrin and piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins and one
S, Sh	Lindane† Sh	treatment of Natroba or Sklice OR treatment failure with two treatments of
NATROBA® (spinosad 0.9 %) Ss§	Malathion $\dagger L$ (compare to Ovide [®])	OTC permethrin and/or piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins and one treatment of
SKLICE [®] (Ivermectin 0.5 %) L	Ovide $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (malathion) L	Natroba or Sklice. For approval of Ovide® Lotion, the patient must also have
SKLICE (IVEIIIICUII 0.5 %) L	Spinosad† (compare to Natroba) Ss	a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product.
	Ulesfia [®] (benzyl alcohol 5%) L	
C=cream, CR=crème rinse, G=gel, L=lotion, S=solution,	All other brand and generic Scabicides and	
Sh=shampoo, Sp=spray, Ss=suspension	Pediculicides	
	DESMOPRESSIN: INTRANAS	AL/ORAL
<u>Intranasal</u>	DDAMB [®] (1	
	DDAVP [®] (desmopressin) Nasal Solution or Spray 0.01%	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: Intranasal: The diagnosis or indication for the
		requested medication is (1) Diabetes Insipidus, (2) hemophilia type A, or (3)
	Desmopressin † Nasal Solution or Spray 0.01 % (compare to DDAVP®)	Von Willebrand disease AND If the request is for brand DDAVP, the patient

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted) Oral DESMOPRESSIN†	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required) Minirin † (desmopressin) Nasal Spray 0.01% Stimate® (desmopressin) Nasal Solution 1.5 mg/ml DDAVP®* (desmopressin) tablets	PA CRITERIA has a documented intolerance to generic desmopressin spray or solution. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: non-preferred oral: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is (1) Diabetes Insipidus and/or (2) primary nocturnal enuresis AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to
		generic desmopressin tablets LIMITATIONS: Desmopressin intranasal formulations will not be approved for the treatment of primary nocturnal enuresis (PNE) due to safety risks of hyponatremia. Oral tablets may be prescribed for this indication.
	DIABETIC TESTING SUPI	PLIES
MONITORS/METERS		
Please refer to the DVHA website for covered Diabetic testing supplies.		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber demonstrates that the patient has a medical necessity for clinically significant features that are not available on any of the preferred meters/test strips. LIMITATIONS: Talking monitors are not covered under the pharmacy benefit.
TEST STRIPS/LANCETS		
DIABETIC TEST STRIPS Please refer to the DVHA website for covered Diabetic testing supplies.		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber demonstrates that the patient has a medical necessity for clinically significant features that are not available on any of the preferred meters/test strips. LIMITATIONS: Talking monitors are not covered under the pharmacy benefit.
<u>LANCETS</u>		
All brands and store brands		
EPINEPHRINE: AUTO-INJECTOR		
EPINEPHRINE INJ (compare to Adrenaclick®) 0.15MG (epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml (1:1000)) EPINEPHRINE INJ (compare to Adrenaclick®) 0.3MG (epinephrine 0.3mg/0.3ml (1:1000))	Adrenaclick® 0.15MG (epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml (1:1000)) Adrenaclick® 0.3MG (epinephrine 0.3mg/0.3ml (1:1000))	Adrenaclick: The patient has a documented intolerance to both preferred products.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
EPIPEN [®] 2-PAK INJ 0.3 MG (epinephrine 0.3 mg/0.3 ml (1:1000))		
EPIPEN-JR [®] 2-PAK INJ 0.15 MG (epinephrine 0.15 mg/0.3 ml (1:2000))		
	ESTROGENS: VAGINA	AL
Estradiol ESTRACE VAGINAL® Cream ESTRING® Vaginal Ring VAGIFEM® Vaginal Tablets Conjugated Estrogens PREMARIN VAGINAL® Cream Estradiol Acetate FEMRING® Vaginal Ring		
	FIBROMYALGIA AGEN	ITS
	Savella® (milnacipran) tablet, titration pack Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Cymbalta® (duloxetine) Duloxetine† (compare to Cymbalta®) Lyrica® (pregabalin)	Savella: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fibromyalgia AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Lyrica. Cymbalta/Duloxetine: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine, Lyrica® or Savella® (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) AND if the request is for duloxetine, the patient has had a documented intolerance with brand Cymbalta. Lyrica: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Savella®, if medication is being used for fibromyalgia (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) AND If the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Lyrica capsules (eg. swallowing disorder).

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-PREF	EKKED	AGENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

(PA required)

PA CRITERIA

GASTROINTESTINAL

INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE INJECTABLES (Initial approval is 3 months, renewals are 1 year)

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met

HUMIRA® (adalimumab)

Quantity limit = 6 syringes/28 days for the first month (Crohn's starter kit);2 syringes/28 days subsequently

REMICADE[®] (infliximab)

Cimzia[®] (certolizumab pegol)

Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days

Entyvio® (vedolizumab)

Quantity limit = 300mgX 3/42 days, 300mg X 1 every 56 days thereafter

Simponi® (golimumab) SC

3 of 100mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector X 1, then 100mg/28days

Tysabri[®] (natalizumab)

Clinical Criteria (Crohn's Disease)

Humira, Remicade, Cimzia, Tysabri, Entyvio:

- Patient has a diagnosis of Crohn's disease and has already been stabilized on the medication. OR
- Diagnosis is moderate to severe Crohn's disease and at least 2 of the
 following drug classes resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction,
 inadequate response, or treatment failure (i.e. resistant or intolerant to
 steroids or immunosuppressants): aminosalicylates, antibiotics,
 corticosteroids, and immunomodulators such as azathioprine, 6mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. Note: Humira and Cimzia have been
 shown to be effective in patients who have been treated with infliximab
 but have lost response to therapy.

Cimzia additional criteria:

- Patient age > 18 years AND
- The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira cannot be used.

Tysabri additional criteria:

 The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to BOTH. Remicade and Humira.

Entyvio additional criteria:

- Patient age > 18 years AND
- The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure (including corticosteroid dependence despite therapy), or contraindication to BOTH Remicade and Humira

Clinical Criteria (Ulcerative Colitis)

Humira, Remicade:

- Patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has already been stabilized on the medication. OR
- The patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has had a
 documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least 2 of the
 following 3 agents: aminosalicylates (e.g. sulfasalazine, mesalamine,
 etc), corticosteroids, or immunomodulators (e.g. azathioprine, 6mercaptopurine, cyclosporine, etc.).

Entyvio, Simponi:

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
H.PYLORI COMBINATION THERAPY	Lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin (compare to Prevpac®) (Quantity limit = 112 caps & tabs/14 days) Omeclamox-Pak® (omeprazole, clarithromycin, amoxicillin) (Quantity limit = 80 caps & tabs/10 days) Prevpac® (lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin) (Quantity limit = 112 caps & tabs/14 days) Pylera® (bismuth subcitrate, metronidazole, tetracycline) capsules (Quantity limit=120 capsules/10 days)	Patient has a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis and has already been stabilized on the drug OR Age > 18 years AND a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis AND has demonstrated corticosteroid dependence or has had an inadequate response to or failed to tolerate oral aminosalicylates, oral corticosteroids, azathioprine, or 6-mercaptopurine AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira and Remicade cannot be used. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented treatment failure with combinations of individual proton pump inhibitors or H2 antagonists given together with two appropriate antibiotics OR The patient has been unable to be compliant with individual agents prescribed separately. AND For approval of brand Prevpac®, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent combination product.
H-2 BLOCKERS		
FAMOTIDINE† (compare to Pepcid [®]) tablet RANITIDINE† (compare to Zantac [®]) tablet	Cimetidine† (compare to Tagamet®) tablet Pepcid [®] * (famotidine) tablet § ranitidine† capsule § Tagamet [®] * (cimetidine) tablet § Zantac [®] * (ranitidine) tablet §	Nizatidine capsule, Pepcid tablet, ranitidine capsule, Tagamet tablet, Zantac tablets: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least one preferred medication. If a medication has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation. For approval of ranitidine capsules, the patient must have had a trial of ranitidine tablets.
SYRUPS AND SPECIAL DOSAGE FORMS CIMETIDINE † ORAL SOLUTION RANITIDNE† syrup (compare to Zantac®)	famotidine† (compare to Pepcid [®]) oral suspension § Nizatidine†Oral Solution (compare to Axid [®]) Pepcid [®] (famotidine) Oral Suspension §	 Famotidine Oral Suspension, Nizatidine Oral Solution, Pepcid Oral Suspension: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ranitidine syrup or cimetidine oral solution. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation. Cimetidine tablet current users as of 05/29/2015 would be grandfathered

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
INFLAMMATORY BOWEL AGENTS (ORAL & I	RECTAL PRODUCTS)	
$\frac{\text{MESALAMINE PRODUCTS}}{\text{Oral}}$ $\frac{\text{Oral}}{\text{APRISO}^{\mathbb{B}}} \text{(mesalamine capsule extended-release)}$ $\text{ASACOL}^{\mathbb{B}} \text{ (mesalamine tablet delayed-release)}$ $\text{DELZICOL}^{\mathbb{B}} \text{ (mesalamine capsule delayed-release)}$ $(QL = 6 \ capsules/day)$	Asacol HD [®] (mesalamine tablet delayed release)	 Azulfidine, Colazal: patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent of the requested medication. Asacol HD: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two (2) preferred oral mesalamine products. Entocort EC/Uceris ER tab: The patient had a documented intolerance to the generic budesonide 24 hr capsules.
LIALDA [®] (mesalamine tablet extended-release) PENTASA ER 250mg [®] (mesalamine cap CR)	Pentasa ER 500mg [®] (mesalamine cap CR) Sfrowasa [®] (mesalamine enema sulfite free)	Giazo: The diagnosis is ulcerative colitis AND The patient is male and > 18 years old. AND The patient has a documented intolerance to generic balsalazide. Pentasa 500mg current users as of 8/7/2015 will be grandfathered
Rectal CANASA® (mesalamine suppository) MESALAMINE ENEMA† (compare to Rowasa®)	Entocort EC [®] * (budesonide 24 hr cap) $QL = 3 \frac{capsules}{day}$ Uceris [®] (budesonide) ER Tablet $QL = 1 \frac{tablet}{day}$	Sfrowasa: The patient has had a documented intolerance to mesalamine enema. LIMITATIONS: Kits with non-drug products are not covered.
CORTICOSTEROIDS ORAL BUDESONIDE 24HR (compare to Entocort EC®) QL = 3 capsules/day RECTAL UCERIS RECTAL FOAM (budesonide) OTHER BALSALAZIDE† (compare to Colazal®) DIPENTUM® (olsalazine) SULFAZINE SULFAZINE EC SULFASALAZINE† (compare to Azulfidine®) SULFASALAZINE DR	Azulfidine [®] * (sulfasalazine) Colazal [®] * (balsalazide) Giazo [®] (balsalazide disodium) tablet $QL = 6 \ tablets/day$	
PROKINETIC AGENTS		
Tablets METOCLOPRAMIDE† tabs (compare to Reglan [®]) Oral Solution METOCLOPRAMIDE† (formerly Reglan [®]) oral sol	Reglan [®] * (metoclopramide)	Reglan: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic metoclopramide tablets.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Orally Disintegrating Tablets	Metozolv ODT (metoclopramide) ($QL=4 tabs/day$)	Metozolv ODT: The patient has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND Generic metoclopramide oral solution cannot be used
PROTON PUMP INHIBITORS		
ORAL CAPULES/TABLETS OMEPRAZOLE† RX capsules (compare to Prilosec®) (Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day) PANTOPRAZOLE† tablets (compare to Protonix®) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day) LANSOPRAZOLE† generic RX capsules (compare to Prevacid®) § (Quantity limit = 1 cap/day)	Aciphex [®] (rabeprazole) tablets (<i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i>) Dexilant [®] (dexlansoprazole) capsules (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) Esomeprazole [®] Strontium capsules (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) Nexium [®] (esomeprazole) capsules § (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>), omeprazole † generic OTC tablets (<i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i>) omeprazole magnesium† generic OTC 20 mg capsules § (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) omeprazole/sodium bicarb capsules RX (compare to Zegerid [®]) § (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) Prevacid [®] RX (lansoprazole) capsules (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>) Prevacid [®] 24 hr OTC (lansoprazole) capsules (<i>Quantity limit=1 cap/day</i>)	 Nexium powder for suspension, Prevacid Solutabs (for patients > 12 years old), Prilosec packet, and Protonix packet: The patient has a requirement for a non-solid oral dosage form (e.g. an oral liquid, dissolving tablet or sprinkle). Aciphex Sprinkle: The patient has a requirement for a non-solid oral dosage form AND The member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to omeprazole capsule opened and sprinkled omeprazole or lansoprazole suspension or Prevacid solutab. Other non-preferred medications: The member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Omeprazole RX generic capsules, Lansoprazole RX generic capsules, and Pantoprazole generic tablets. If the request is for Prevacid 24 hr OTC or Prevacid RX, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to lansoprazole generic RX capsules. If the request is for brand Zegerid RX capsules, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (twice daily dosing): Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD) – If member has had an adequate trial
	limit=1 cap/day) Prilosec OTC® 20mg (omeprazole magnesium) tablets (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) Prilosec®* RX (brand) (omeprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) Protonix®* (pantoprazole) tablets (Quantity limit=1 tab/day) rabeprazole (compare to Aciphex®) tablets (Quantity limit = 1 tab/day) Zegerid RX® (omeprazole/sodium bicarb) caps, oral, suspension (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)hex® Sprinkle (rabeprazole) DR Capsule (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)	 (e.g. 8 weeks) of standard once daily dosing for GERD, twice daily dosing may be approved. Zollinger-Ellison (ZE) syndrome – Up to triple dose PPI may be approved. Hypersecretory conditions (endocrine adenomas or systemic mastocytosis) – Double dose PPI may be approved. Erosive Esophagitis, Esophageal stricture, Barrett's esophagitis (complicated GERD) – Double dose PPI may be approved. Treatment of ulcers caused by H. Pylori – Double dose PPI may be approved for up to 2 weeks. Laryngopharyngeal reflux – Double dose PPI may be approved. LIMITATIONS: First-Lansoprazole® and First-Omeprazole Suspension Kits ered as Federal Rebate no longer offered. Nexium 24HR OTC (esomeprazole) capsules OTC Plan Exclusion - these products are not covered
SUSPENSION & SPECIAL DOSAGE FORMS	Nexium [®] (esomeprazole) powder for suspension § (Quantity limit=1 packet/day) Prevacid Solutabs [®] (lansoprazole) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day) Prilosec [®] (omeprazole magnesium) packet (Quantity limit=2 packets/day)	

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PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(1vo 17) required unless otherwise noted)	(17) Tequired)	MERILAM
	Protonix [®] (pantoprazole) packet (Quantity limit=1	
	packet/day)	
	GAUCHER'S DISEASE MEDI	CATIONS
	Cerdelga (Quantity limit=2 caps/day) Cerezyme® (imiglucerase for injection) Elelyso® (taliglucerase alfa for injection) Vpriv® (velaglucerase alfa for injection)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The diagnosis or indication is Gaucher disease (GD) type I. AND The diagnosis has been confirmed by molecular or enzymatic testing. Age Limits
	Zavesca® (miglustat) ($QL = max \ 3 \ caps/daily$)	Elelyso, Vpriv: for patients ≥ 4 years old
	Maximum days supply per fill for all drugs is 14 days	Cerezyme: for patients ≥ 2 years old Cerdelga, Zavesca: for patients ≥ 18 years old
		Cerdelga/Vpriv additional criteria: Failure, intolerance or other contraindication to enzyme replacement therapy with Elelyso
		Cerdelga additional criteria: ■ For whom enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g. due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access) ■ Testing to verify if CYP2D6 extensive metabolizer (EM), intermediate metabolizer (IM), poor metabolizer (PM), ultra-rapid metabolizer (URM), or if CYP2D6 genotype cannot be determined ■ Dose max: 84mg twice/day if EM or IM ■ Dose max: 84mg/day if PM ■ Not indicated or URM ■ Case by case determination if CYP2D6 cannot be determined Zavesca additional criteria: ■ For whom enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g. due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)
	COUT ACENTS	
	GOUT AGENTS	Colomia colohisina tahlata
SINGLE INGREDIENT COLCHICINE	0	Colcrys, colchicine tablets: Diagnosis or indication is Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) or Diagnosis OR
MITIGARE® (colchicine) capsule QL= 2 capsule/day SINGLE INGREDIENT URICOSURIC AGENTS PROBENECID†	Colcrys (colchicine) tablet $QL = 3$ tablets/day (gout) or 4 tablets/day (FMF) Colchicine tablets (compare to Colcrys) Colchicine capsules	Diagnosis or indication is acute treatment of gout flares: The patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least one drug from the NSAID class OR the patient is not a candidate for therapy with at least one drug form the NSAID class due to one of the following: • The patient is 60 years of ager or older
XANTHINE OXIDASE INHIBITORS		The patient has a history of GI bleed

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ALLOPURINOL† (compare to Zyloprim®) COMBINATION PRODUCTS COLCHICINE/PROBENECID† PEG-URICASE AGENTS	Zyloprim [®] * (allopurinol) Zurampic [®] (lesinurad)	The patient is currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin), a oral corticosteroid, or methotrexate. OR Diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of gout flares in adults: the patient must have a documented intolerance to Mitigare capsules. Colchicine capsules: the diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of gout flares in adults AND the patient must have a documented intolerance to Mitigare
	Uloric [®] (febuxostat) QL (40 mg tablets) = 1 tablet/day	capsule. Uloric: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of gout AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to allopurinol. NOTE: Treatment failure is defined as inability to reduce serum uric acid levels to < 6 mg/dl with allopurinol doses of 600 mg/day taken consistently. Additionally, renal impairment is not considered a contraindication to allopurinol use. Zurampic: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of symptomatic hyperuricemia associated with gout AND the patient has not achieved target serum uric acid levels (< 6 mg/dl) with an allopurinol dose of at least 300mg or febuxostat 80mg AND the medication is being used in combination with a xanthine oxidase inhibitor (Zurampic is not recommended for use as monotherapy). Zyloprim: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic allopurinol
	GROWTH STIMULATING A	AGENTS
GENOTROPIN® NORDITROPIN®	Humatrope® Nutropin® AQ Omnitrope® Saizen® Zomacton® Specialized Indications – See Specific Criteria Increlex® (mecasermin) Serostim® Zorbtive®	Criteria for Approval Pediatric: 1) The patient must have one of the following indications for growth hormone: □ Turner syndrome confirmed by genetic testing. □ Prader-Willi Syndrome confirmed by genetic testing. □ Growth deficiency due to chronic renal failure. □ Patient who is Small for Gestational Age (SGA) due to Intrauterine Growth Retardation (IUGR)and catch up grow not achieved by age 2 (Birth weight less than 2500g at gestational age of <37 weeks or a birth weight or length below the 3rd percentile for gestational age) OR □ Pediatric Growth Hormone Deficiency confirmed by results of two provocative growth hormone stimulation tests (insulin, arginine, levodopa, propranolol, clonidine, or glucagon) showing results (peak level) <10ng/ml. The requested medication must be prescribed by a pediatric endocrinologist (or pediatric nephrologist if prescribed for growth deficiency due to chronic renal failure). 3) Confirmation of non-closure of epiphyseal plates (x-ray determining bone age) must be provided for females > age 12 and males > age 14. 4) Initial requests can be approved for 6 months. Subsequent requests can

be approved for up to 1 year with documentation of positive response to

treatment with growth hormone.

DEFENDED A GENTER	NON PREFERRED A CENTER	
PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(IVO I A Tequired diffess otherwise noted)	(LA required)	Criteria for Approval Adult: The patient must have one of the following indications for growth hormone: Panhypopituitarism due to surgical or radiological eradication of the pituitary. OR Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency confirmed by one growth hormone stimulation test (insulin, arginine, levodopa, propranolol, clonidine, or glucagon) showing results (peak level) <5ng/ml. Growth hormone deficient children must be retested after completion of growth. LIMITATIONS: Coverage of Growth Hormone products will not be approved for patients who have Idiopathic Short Stature. HUMATROPE, NUTROPIN AQ, OMNITROPE, SAIZEN, ZOMACTON: The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both preferred agents. Increlex: Member has growth hormone gene deletion AND neutralizing antibodies to growth hormone, OR primary insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) deficiency (IGFD), defined by the following: o Height standard deviation score < -3 AND Basal IGF-1 standard deviation score < -3 AND Normal or elevated growth hormone level Member is ≥ 2 years old (safety and efficacy has not been established in patients younger than 2), AND Member has open epiphysis, AND Member is under the care of an endocrinologist or other specialist trained to diagnose and treat growth disorders. Serostim: A diagnosis of AIDS associated wasting/anorexia Zorbtive: A diagnosis of short bowel syndrome. Concomitant use of specialized nutritional support (specialist)
	************	and
	HEMOPHILIA FACTO	JKS
AHF-Factor VII		
NOVOSEVEN® RT		
AHF-Factor VIII		
ADVATE® HELIXATE FS® HEMOFIL® M KOATE®-DVI KOGENATE FS® MONOCLATE-P® NOVOEIGHT®	Adynovate [®] Afstyla [®] Eloctate [®] Nuwiq [®] Kovaltry [®]	All Non-Preferred Products: The prescriber must provide a clinically compelling reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the preferred products would not be suitable alternatives.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
OBIZUR® RECOMBINATE® XYNTHA®		
AHF-Factor IX		
ALPHANINE® SD BEBULIN® BENEFIX® MONONINE®	Alprolix® Idelvion® Ixinity® Kcentra® Profilnine® Rixubis®	All Non-Preferred Products: The prescriber must provide a clinically compelling reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the preferred products would not be suitable alternatives.
AHF-Von Willebrand Factor		
ALPHANATE® HUMATE-P® WILATE®	Vonvendi [®]	All Non-Preferred Products: The prescriber must provide a clinically compelling reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the preferred products would not be suitable alternatives.

HEPATITIS C AGENTS

Initial PA: 3 months; subsequent maximum 3 months

RIBASPHERE† 200 mg tabs RIBAVIRINn† 200 mg tablets

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met

EPCLUSA® (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) HARVONI® (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir)

TECHNIVIE® (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir)

PEG-INTRON/PEG-INTRON REDIPEN

(peginterferon alfa-2b) (*QL= I kit (4 pens per) 28 lays*)

PEG-INTRON REDIPEN PAK 4 (peginterferon alfa-2b) (QL= I kit (4 pens per) 28 days)

Non-Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met

Copegus® (ribavirin 200 mg tabs)

Daklinza® (daclatasvir)

Moderiba® tablets,Dose Pak (ribavirin)

Olysio® (simeprevir) 150 mg Capsules

(QL = 1 capsule/day)(Maximum 12 weeks/lifetime)

Pegasys® (peginterferon alfa-2a)(QL=4 vials/28 days)

Pegasys Convenience PAK®(peg-interferon alfa-2a)(*QL=1 kit/28 days*)

Pegasys Proclick (peginterferon alfa-2a)

Rebetol Oral Solution® (ribavirin 40 mg/ml)

Ribapak Dose Pack® (ribavirin) ribavirin † 200 mg capsules

Ribasphere† 400 and 600 mg tabs(ribavirin)

SOVALDI® (sofosbuvir)

Viekira PAK® (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir tablet with dasabuvir tablet)

Viekira® XR (dasabuvir, ombitasvir, paritaprevir, and

Direct Acting Agents: Daklinza, Epclusa, Harvoni, Olysio, Sovaldi, Technivie and Viekira pak, Viekira XR, Zepatier:

- Hep C PA form must be completed and clinical documentation supplied.
 Combination therapy will be either approved or denied in its entirety.
- Member must have Metavir fibrosis score of F2, F3, or, F4.
- Prescriber is, or has consulted with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist, or other hepatitis specialist. Consult must be within the past year with documentation of recommended regimen.
- See PA form for detailed requirements and for documentation required
- For approval of a non-preferred agent, the provider must submit clinical documentation detailing why the patient is not a candidate for a preferred direct acting agent regimen.

Pegasys: Diagnosis is hepatitis C AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Peg-Intron

Non-preferred Ribavirin Brands/strengths: The patient is unable to use generic ribavirin 200 mg tablets

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
		DA CRITERIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ritonavir) extended-release tablets	
	Zepatier® (elbasvir/grazoprevir)	
	zepatiei (cioasvii/grazopievii)	
	HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA	MEDICATIONS
	D : (® ()	Desired Francis IV-III-4 and Till IV-V
	Berinert® (human C1 inhibitor)	Berinert, Firazyr, Kalbitor: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. (Approval may be granted so that 2
	Cinryze® (human C1 inhibitor)	doses may be kept on hand for Berinert or Kalbitor and 3 doses for Firazyr).
	(QL = 20 vials/30days) Firazyr [®] (icatibant)	Cinryze: The diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of Hereditary Angioedema
	(QL = 3 syringes (9 ml)/fill)	(HAE) attacks.
	Kalbitor® (escallantide)	Ruconest: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary
	($QL = 6$ vials (2 packs) per fill)	Angioedema (HAE) attack AND the patient has had a documented side effect,
	Ruconest® (recombinant C1 esterase inhibitor)	allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to Berinert® (Approval may be
	($QL = 4 \text{ vials/fill}$)	granted so that 2 doses may be kept on hand)
	(QL = 4 viais/jiii)	grained so that 2 doses may be kept on hand)
	EXONDIDIOPATHIC PULMONAR	Y FIBROSIS (IPF)
	Esbriet® (pirfenidone) ($QL = 270 \ tabs/month$)	Clinical Criteria: Esbriet, Ofev
	Ofev [®] (nintedanib) ($QL = 60 \text{ tabs/month}$)	\circ Age ≥ 18
		o Diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF-ICD-9 Code 516.31 or
		ICD-10 code J84.112) as well as exclusion of other known causes of
		Interstitial Lung Disease.
		 May not be used in combination with Ofev® or Esbriet® respectively.
		 The prescriber is a pulmonologist.
		 Clinical documentation that the member is a non-smoker or has not
		smoked in 6 weeks.
		o FVC≥ 50% of predicted
		 AND one of the following
		 High-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) revealing IPF or probable IPF.
		 Surgical lung biopsy consistent with IPF or probable IPF.
		Reauthorization Criteria:
		 Documentation the patient is receiving clinical benefit to Esbrit® or
		Ofev® therapy as evidenced by < 10% decline in percent predicted FVC
		of < 200mL decrease in FVC AND
		 There is clinical documentation that the member has remained tobacco-
		free.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No DA required unless otherwise metad)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	DA CDITEDIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	IMMUNOLOGIC THERAPIES I	FOR ASTHMA
(Initial 3 months, Renewal 1 year)		
	Xolair® (omalizumab) subcutaneous injection vial Quantity limit = 6 vials every 28 days Nucala® (mepolizumab) subcutaneous injection Quantity limit = 1 vial every 28 days Cinqair® (reslizumab) Intravenous injection	 Nolair®: Diagnosis of moderate to severe persistent asthma: The patient must be 6 years of age or older AND The patient has had a therapeutic failure or contraindication to an inhaled corticosteroid (with or without chronic oral corticosteroid therapy), a leukotriene receptor antagonist, and a long-acting beta-agonist AND The prescriber is a pulmonologist, allergist, or immunologist AND Patient has tested positive to at least one perennial aerollergen by skin or blood test (i.e.: RAST, CAP, intracutaneous test) AND Patient has a IgE level ≥ 30 and ≤ 700 IU/ml (ages 12 and older) OR IgE level ≥ 30 and ≤ 1300 IU/ml (ages 6-11) prior to beginning therapy with Xolair. Diagnosis of chronic idiopathic urticaria:

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		 The patient has a pre-treatment FEV₁ < 80% predicted AND The prescriber is an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist. AND For continuation of therapy after the initial 3 month authorization, the patient must continue to receive therapy with both an ICS and a controller medication (LABA or LTRA) AND have either a decreased frequency of exacerbations OR decreased use of maintenance oral corticosteroids OR reduction in the signs and symptoms of asthma OR an increase in predicted FEV₁ from baseline. Limitations: Nucala® and Cinqair® will not be considered in patients who are currently smoking, in combination with omalizumab, OR for treatment of other eosinophilic conditions.
	IMMUNOSUPPRESANTS,	ORAL
AZATHIOPRINE tablet CYCLOSPORINE capsule CYCLOSPORINE MODIFIED MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL tablet, capsule, suspension MYCOPHENOLIC ACID delayed release tablet SIROLIMUS tablet TACROLIMUS capsule ZORTRESS® (everolimus) tablet	Astagraf® XL (tacrolimus) capsule Azasan® (azathioprine) tablet Cellcept® (mycophenolate mofetil) tablet, capsule, suspension Envarsus® XR (tacrolimus) tablet Gengraf® (cyclosporine modified) capsule, solution Imuran® (azathioprine) tablet Myfortic® (mycophenolic acid) delayed release tablet Neoral® (cyclosporine modified) capsule, solution Prograf® (tacrolimus) capsule Rapamune® (sirolimus) tablet, solution Sandimmune® (cyclosporine) capsule, solution	Criteria: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested product OR the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a preferred agent (if a product has and AB rated generic, there must be a trial of the generic formulation).
	INTERLEUKIN (IL)-1 RECEPTO	R BLOCKERS
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met ILARIS® (canakinumab) (QL = 1 vial/56 days)(CAPS diagnosis) (QL = 2 vials/28 days)(sJIA diagnosis)	Arcalyst [®] (rilonacept) ($QL = 2$ vials for loading dose, then 1 vial per week)	Ilaris: The diagnosis is Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) OR The diagnosis is Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) OR The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) AND The patient is > 4 years old OR The diagnosis is systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) with active systemic features and varying degrees of synovitis with continued disease activity after initial therapy (Initial therapy defined as 1 month of anakinra (Kineret), 2 weeks of glucocorticoid monotherapy (oral or IV) or one month of NSAIDs). AND patient is > 2 years of age.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA Arcalyst: The diagnosis is Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) OR The diagnosis is Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) OR The diagnosis is Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) AND The patient is > 12 years
		old AND The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to Ilaris (canakinumab) Note: Medical Records to support the above diagnosis must accompany the Prior Authorization request. Authorization for continued use shall be reviewed at least every 12 months to confirm patient has experienced disease stability or improvement while on therapy.
	IRON CHELATING AGE	NTS
EXJADE® (deferasirox) FERRIPROX [®] (deferiprone)	Jadenu [®] (deferasirox)	Jandenu [®] : patient has had a documented side effect allergy or treatment failure to Exjade [®] ; Jadenu [®] will not be approved without compelling clinical reason why Exjade [®] cannot be used as they are different forms of the same medication
	LIPOTROPICS	
BILE ACID SEQUESTRANTS		
CHOLESTYRAMINE† powder (compare to Questran®)	Questran ^{®*} powder (cholestyramine) Questran Light ^{®*} powder (cholestyramine light)	Questran: The patient has had a documented intolerance to cholestyramine powder Questran Light: The patient has had a documented intolerance to cholestyramine
CHOLESTYRAMINE LIGHT† powder (compare to Questran Light®) PREVALITE† powder (cholestyramine light)	Colestid ^{®*} tablets, granules (colestipol) Welchol [®] (colesevelam)	light powder Colestid: The patient has had a documented intolerance to colestipol tablets or granules
COLESTIPOL† tablets, granules (compare to Colestid [®])		Welchol: If being prescribed for lipid reduction, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to cholestyramine and colestipol. OR If being prescribed for lipid reduction, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to cholestyramine and colestipol.
FIBRIC ACID DERIVATIVES		
GEMFIBROZIL† (compare to Lopid [®]) 600 mg	Antara® (fenofibrate micronized) 43 mg, 30 mg, 90 mg, 130 mg	Lopid: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic gemfibrozil. Fenofibrate nanocrystallized, Fenofibric acid (45mg,135mg): The patient has
On statin concurrently or after gemfibrozil trial FENOFIBRATE NANOCRYSTALIZED† (compare to $Tricor^{\textcircled{8}}$) 48 mg, 145 mg Quantity Limit = I capsule/day	fenofibrate tablets†(compare to Lofibra® tablets) § 54 mg, 160 mg fenofibrate capsule† (compare to (Lipofen®) § 50 mg, 150 mg	been started and stabilized on the medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient is taking a statin concurrently. OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil. Antara, fenofibrate, fenofribrate micronized, fenofibric acid (35mg, 105mg),

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON DEFEDDED ACENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
FENOFIBRIC ACID (compare to Trilipix [®]) 45 mg, 135 mg delayed release capsule <i>Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day</i>	fenofibrate micronized capsule†(compare to Lofibra capsules) 67 mg, 134 mg, 200 mg fenofibrate micronized† (compare to Antara®) § 43 mg, 130 mg fenofibric acid § 35 mg, 105 mg Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Fenoglide® (fenofibrate MeltDose) 40 mg, 120 mg Fibricor® (fenofibric acid) § 35 mg, 105 mg Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Lipofen® (fenofibrate) 50 mg, 150 mg Lofibra® (fenofibrate micronized) Capsules 67mg, 134 mg, 200 mg Lofibra® (fenofibrate) Tablets 54 mg, 160 mg Lopid®* (gemfibrozil) 600 mg Tricor® (fenofibrate nanocrystallized) § 48 mg, 145 mg Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Triglide® (fenofibrate) 50 mg, 160 mg Trilipix (fenofibric acid) § 45 mg, 135 mg delayed release capsule	Fenoglide, Fibricor, Lipofen, Lofibra, Tricor, Triglide, and Trilipix: The patient is taking a statin concurrently and has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with preferred fenofibrate nanocrystallized or fenofibric acid strengths. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial with the generic formulation.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil and preferred fenofibrate nanocrystallized or fenofibric acid strengths. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial with the generic formulation.) Note regarding fibrates: For patients receiving statin therapy, fenofibrate appears less likely to increase statin levels and thus may represent a safer choice than gemfibrozil for co-administration in this group of patients - Am J Med 2004;116:408-
HOMOZYGOUS FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLEST	EROLEMA (HoFH) AGENTS	
All products require a PA	 Juxtapid[®] (lomitapide) Capsule QL = 5 and 10 mg caps (1 per day), 20 mg cap (3 per day) Kynamro® (mipomersen) Syringe for Subcutaneous Injection QL = 4 syringes(4 ml)/28 days Maximum days' supply per fill for all drugs is 28 days 	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: Patient has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) AND Medication will be used as adjunct to a low-fat diet and other lipid-lowering treatments AND Patient does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy: ■ Pregnancy (Juxtapid) ■ Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors (Juxtapid) ■ Moderate or severe hepatic impairment or active liver disease including unexplained persistent abnormal liver function tests (Juxtapid, Kynamro) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to BOTH atorvastatin and Crestor AND □ After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires confirmation that the patient has responded to therapy (i.e. decreased LDL levels) AND the patient does not have any contraindications to therapy.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 111 required amess office wise noted)	(Fiftequieu)	THERM
NICOTINIC ACID DERIVATIVES IMMEDIATE RELEASE PRODUCTS NIACIN† NIACOR®† (niacin) EXTENDED RELEASE PRODUCTS NIASPAN® (niacin extended release) HIGH INTENSITY STATINS ATORVASTATIN† 40 or 80 mg (compare to Lipitor®) (QL = 1 tablet/day) CRESTOR® 20 or 40 mg (rosuvastatin calcium) (QL = 1 tablet/day)	Niacin extended release† (compare to Niaspan [®]) Lipitor ^{®*} (atorvastatin) 40 or 80 mg ($QL = 1 \ tablet/day$)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented intolerance to the branded product. Lipitor 40 or 80 mg: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic atorvastatin.
MODERA DE ANDENGADA COMA DANG		
MODERATE INTENSITY STATINS ATORVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Lipitor®) (QL = 1 tablet/day) CRESTOR® 5 or 10 mg (rosuvastatin calcium) (QL = 1 tablet/day) LOVASTATIN† 40 mg (compare to Mevacor®) (QL = 1 tablet/day) PRAVASTATIN† 40 or 80 mg (compare to Pravachol®)) (QL = 1 tablet/day) SIMVASTATIN† 20 or 40 mg (compare to Zocor®) (QL = 1 tablet/day)	Altoprev® 40 or 60 mg (lovastatin SR) (QL = 1 tablet/day) fluvastatin† 40 mg (compare to Lescol®) (QL = 2 tabs/day) Lescol® 40 mg (fluvastatin) (QL = 2 tabs/day) Lescol® XL 80 mg (fluvastatin XL) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Lipitor® (atorvastatin) 10 or 20 mg (QL = 1 tablet/day) Livalo® 2 or 4 mg (pitavastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Mevacor® 40 mg (lovastatin)) (QL = 1 tab/day) Pravachol® 40 or 80 mg (pravastatin)(QL = 1 tab/day) Zocor® (simvastatin) 20 or 40 mg (QL = 1 tablet/day)	 Lipitor 10 or 20 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to generic simvastatin OR The patient has had an inadequate response to a six week trial of simvastatin 40 mg/day AND If the request is for Lipitor, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic atorvastatin. Altoprev 40 or 60 mg, fluvastatin 40 mg BID, Lescol 40 mg BID, Lescol XL, Livalo 2 or 4 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to all 3 of generic lovastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin. OR The patient has had inadequate responses to six week trial of each of lovastatin 40 mg/day, pravastatin 80mg/day, simvastatin 40 mg/day and Crestor 10 mg/day. AND If the request is for Lescol, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fluvastatin. Mevacor 40 mg, Pravachol 40 or 80 mg, Zocor 20 or 40 mg: The patient has had documented intolerance to the generic equivalent LIMITATIONS: Simvastatin 80 mg: initiation of simvastatin 80 mg or titration to 80 mg is not recommended by the FDA due to the increased risk of myopathy, including rhabdomyolysis. Patients may only continue on this dose when new to Medicaid if the patient has been taking this dose for 12 or more months without evidence of muscle toxicity. If the request is for Zocor 80 mg, the patient must have met the prior treatment length requirement and have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent
LOW INTENSITY STATINS		
LOVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Mevacor [®]) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	Altoprev [®] 20 mg (lovastatin SR) ($QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$) fluvastatin† 20 or 40 mg (compare to Lescol [®]) ($QL = 1$	Altoprev 20 mg, fluvastatin 20 or 40 mg, Lescol 20 or 40 mg, Livalo 1 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to all

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
PRAVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Pravachol®)) (QL = 1 tablet/day SIMVASTATIN† 5 or 10 mg (compare to Zocor®) (QL = 1 tablet/day) MISCELLANEOUS/COMBOS	tab/day (20mg) or 2 tabs/day (40 mg)) Lescol® 20 or 40 mg(fluvastatin) ($QL = 1 tab/day$ (20mg) or 2 tabs/day (40 mg)) Livalo® 1 mg (pitavastatin) ($QL = 1 tablet/day$) Mevacor®* 10 or 20 mg (lovastatin)) ($QL = 1 tablet/day$) Pravachol®* 20 mg (pravastatin) ($QL = 1 tab/day$) Zocor®* (simvastatin) 5 or 10 mg ($QL = 1 tablet/day$)	3 of generic lovastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin. OR The patient has had inadequate responses to six week trial of each of lovastatin 20 mg/day, pravastatin 20 mg/day and simvastatin 10 mg/day. AND If the request is for Lescol, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fluvastatin. Mevacor 10 or 20 mg, Pravachol 20 mg, Zocor 5 or 10 mg: The patient has had documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
WISCELLANEOUS/COMBOS		
SIMCOR® (simvastatin/extended release niacin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Zetia® (ezetimibe) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Miscellaneous Lovaza® (omega-3-acid ethyl esters) Omega-3-acid ethyl esters† (compare to Lovaza®) Vascepa® (icosapent ethyl) (QL = 4 capsules/day) Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors/Combinations Liptruzet® (ezetimibe/atorvastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Vytorin® (ezetimibe/simvastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Other Statin Combinations Advicor® (lovastatin/extended release niacin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Amlodipine/atorvastatin † (compare to Caduet®) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Caduet® (atorvastatin/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	 Lovaza, Vascepa, Omega-3-acid ethyl esters: The patient has been started and stabilized on this medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has triglyceride levels > 500 mg/dL AND The patient has a documented contraindication, side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a fibric acid derivative and niacin. AND If the request is for brand Lovaza, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Amlodipine/atorvastatin, Caduet: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. For approval of Caduet, the patient must have also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. For combinations containing 40mg or 80 mg atorvastatin, the individual generic components are available without PA and should be prescribed. Advicor: The patient is unable to take the individual drug components separately. Liptruzet, Vytorin: The patient has had an inadequate response to atorvastatin or Crestor. AND If the request is for Vytorin 10/80, the patient has been taking this dose for 12 or more months without evidence of muscle toxicity.
PCSK9 INHIBITORS		
	Praluent [®] (alirocumab) Repatha [®] (evolocumab)	 Criteria for approval: Age > 18 years of age or > 13 and dx of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) Concurrent use with statin therapy Documented adherence to prescribed lipid lowering medications for the previous 90 days Recommended or prescribed by a lipidologist or cardiologist Diagnosis of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia or clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease or (Repatha only) homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(
		o Presence of tendon xanthomas OR o In 1st or 2nd degree relative-documented tendon xanthomas, MI at age ≤ 60 years or TC > 290 mg/dL OR o Confirmation of diagnosis by gene or receptor testing AND • Unable to reach goal LDL-C with maximally tolerated dose of statin and ezetimibe 10 mg daily + another concurrently administered lipid lowering agent o A trial of 2 or more statins, at least one of which must be either atorvastatin or rosuvastatin is required. Additional criteria for the diagnosis of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease: (both are required) • History of MI, angina, coronary or other arterial revascularization, stroke, TIA, or PVD of atherosclerotic origin AND • Unable to reach goal LDL-C with maximally tolerated doses of stain + ezetimibe 10 mg daily o A trial of 2 or more statins, at least one of which must be either atorvastatin or rosuvastatin is required. Additional criteria for the diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (Repatha only): (both are required) • Total cholesterol and LDL-C > 600 mg/dL and TG within reference range OR • Confirmation of diagnosis by gene testing AND • Unable to reach goal LDL-C with maximally tolerated dose of statin and ezetimibe 10 mg daily + another concurrently administered lipid lowering agent o A trial of 2 or more statins, at least one of which must be either atorvastatin or rosuvastatin is required.
	MISCELLANEOUS	
Pyridostigmine bromide (Compare to Mestinon)	Mestinon®	Benylsta: The diagnosis or indication is active systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) AND The patient is positive for autoantibodies (anti-nuclear antibody
PREFERRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	Benlysta® (belimumab) Vials (Maximum days supply per fill = 28 days)	(ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA). AND The patient has had a documented inadequate response or intolerance to at least TWO of the
CARBAGLU [®] dispersible tablets (carglumic acid) (Maximum days supply per fill = 14 days)	Elaprase [®] (idursulfase) ($QL = calculated\ dose/week$) Cuvposa [®] oral solution (glycopyrrolate)* Maximum days supply per fill is 30 days	following agents: NSAIDs, hydroxychloroquine, prednisone, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate. Note: The efficacy of Benlysta® has not been evaluated in patients with severe active lupus nephritis or severe active central nervous system lupus. Benlysta has
GLYCOPYRROLATE 1 mg, 2 mg tablets (compare to		not been studied in combination with other biologics or intravenous

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)
Robinul [®] , Robinul Forte [®])	Glycate (glycopyrrolate) Quantity limit = 5 tablets/day
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met MAKENA® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate) injection	Robinul [®] 1 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate) Robinul [®] Forte 2 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate)
250 mg/ml 5 ml vials Maximum fill = 5 ml/fill (35 day supply)	Hetlioz® (tasimelteon) 20 mg oral capsule Quantity limit =1 capsule/day * Maximum days supply per fill is 30 days*
Kionex® (sodium polystyrene sulfonate) powder, suspension	Korlym® tablets (mifepristone) Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day
SPS® (sodium polystyrene sulfonate) suspension	Otrexup® or Rasuvo® Single-dose auto-injector for subcutaneous use
	(methotrexate) (Quantity Limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Myalept® (metreleptin) vial for subcutaneous injection QL = one vial/day (Maximum days' supply per fill = 30
	days) Nuedexta® capsules (dextromethorphan/quinidine) Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day
	Samsca [®] tablets (tolvaptan) <i>Quantity limit = 15 mg</i> tablets (1 tablet/day), 30 mg tablets (2 tablets/day)
	Signifor [®] (pasireotide) Ampules QL (all strengths) = $2 ml (2 amps)/day$ Maximum days' supply = 30 days
	Solesta [®] submucosal injection gel 50 mg/15 ml (Quantity Limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Soliris® (eculizumab) (Quantity Limit = 12 vials(360 ml) /28 days) Maximum days' supply per fill = 28 days Somatuline® Depot Injection (lanreotide) (Quantity Limit = 0.2 ml/28 days (60 mg syringe), 0.3 ml/28 days (90 mg syringe) and 0.5 ml/28 days (120 mg syringe))
	Lysteda [®] tablets (tranexamic acid) <i>Quantity limit</i> = 30 tablets/28 days tranexamic acid† (compare to Lysteda®)
	Quantity limit = 30 tablets/28 days Xenazine® tablets (tetrabenazine) (Maximum 1 month supply per fill Quantity limit = 50 mg/day at initial approval (12.5 mg tablets ONLY), up to100 mg/day at subsequent approvals (12.5 mg or 25 mg tablets) Veltassa® (patiromer sorbitex calcium) powder packets (QL = 1 packet/day)

PA CRITERIA

cyclophosphamide. Use of Benlysta is not recommended in these situations.

Carbaglu: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is hyperammonemia due to N-acetylglutamate synthetase (NAGS) deficiency AND The prescriber is a specialist in metabolic disorders (e.g., medical geneticist) or prescriber is in consultation with a specialist. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval.

Elaprase (Hunter's Syndrome Injectable): The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Hunter's Syndrome

Cuvposa: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Sialorrhea or a neurologic condition associated with excessive drooling (e.g. cerebral palsy, mental retardation, Parkinson's disease). AND The dose cannot be obtained from the tablet formulation. AND (For patients >18 years of age) The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to scopolamine patches.

Glycate: The indication for use is adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic ulcer. AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic glycopyrrolate.

Robinul, Robinul Forte: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic glycopyrrolate.

Hetlioz: Patient has documentation of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24) AND Patient has documentation of total blindness AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Rozerem and at least one OTC melatonin product.

Korlym: Patient is ≥18 years of age AND Patient has a diagnosis of endogenous Cushing's syndrome AND Patient is diagnosed with type 2 diabetes mellitus or glucose intolerance AND Patient has hyperglycemia secondary to hypercortisolism AND Patient has failed or is not a candidate for surgery AND Patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to at least 2 adrenolytic medications (eg. ketoconazole, etomidate) AND Patient does not have any of the following contraindications to Korlym: Pregnancy (pregnancy must be excluded before the initiation of therapy or if treatment is interrupted for >14 days in females of reproductive potential. Nonhormonal contraceptives should be used during and one month after stopping treatment in all women of reproductive potential) OR Patient requires concomitant treatment with systemic corticosteroids for serious medical conditions/illnesses (immunosuppression for organ transplant) OR Patient has a history of unexplained vaginal bleeding OR Patient has endometrial hyperplasia with atypia or endometrial carcinoma OR Patient is

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		concomitantly taking simvastatin, lovastatin, or a CYP3A substrate with a narrow therapeutic index (e.g., cyclosporine, dihydroergotamine, ergotamine, fentanyl, pimozide, quinidine, sirolimus, or tacrolimus). Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Makena: Patient is 16 years of age or older AND Patient has a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth AND Patient is having a singleton (single offspring) pregnancy AND Therapy will be started between 16 weeks, 0 days and 20 weeks, 6 days of gestation AND Therapy will be continued until week 37 (through 36 weeks, 6 days) of gestation or delivery, whichever occurs first. Otrexup, Rasuvo: The patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) or psoriasis. AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methotrexate AND The patient has been unable to be compliant with a non-auto-injector form of injectable methotrexate (includes difficulty with manual dexterity). Myalept: Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy AND Patient has one or more of the following metabolic abnormalities AND is refractory to current standards of care for lipid and diabetic management: Insulin resistance (defined as requiring > 200 units per day), Hypertriglyceridemia, Diabetes AND Prescription is written by or in consultation with an endocrinologist AND The prescriber is registered in the MYALEPT REMS program. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Reauthorization for continued use criteria: Patient has experienced an objective response to therapy • Sustained reduction in hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) level from baseline OR • Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline Nuedexta: The patient must have a diagnosis of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) secondary to a neurological condition AND the patient

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		sodium < 120 mEq/L or the patient is symptomatic with a serum sodium < 125 mEq/L. AND The treatment will be initiated or is being reinitiated in a hospital setting where serum sodium can be monitored Signifor: Patient has a diagnosis of (pituitary) Cushing's disease AND Patient is 18 years of age or older AND Pituitary surgery is not an option or has not been curative AND After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires confirmation that the patient has experienced an objective response to therapy (i.e., clinically meaningful reduction in 24-hour urinary free cortisol levels and/or improvement in signs or symptoms of the disease). Solesta: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fecal incontinence. AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient has had an inadequate response with conservative therapy, including diet, fiber supplementation, and anti-diarrheal medication Soliris: The patient has a diagnosis of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) documented by flow cytometry. AND The patient has received the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation. OR The patient has received the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation. Authorization for continued use shall be reviewed to confirm that the patient has experienced an objective response to the therapy. Somatuline: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Acromegaly. Lysteda, Tranexamic acid: The diagnosis or indication is clinically significant heavy menstrual bleeding AND The patient has been started and stabilized on oral tranexamic acid within the previous 360 days OR The patient does not have a contraindication to therapy with oral tranexamic acid (i.e., active thrombotic disease, history of thrombosis/thromboembolism, or an intrinsic risk of thrombosis/thromboembolism), and if oral tranexamic acid is to be used concomitantly with an estrogen containing

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		documented intolerance to the generic product. Xenazine: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Huntington's disease with chorea. AND Age > 18 years. Veltassa: The patient requires therapy for the treatment of non-emergent hyperkalemia and has a side effect, allergy, or contraindication to one preferred sodium polystyrene sulfonate product.
	MOOD STABILIZER	s
LITHIUM CARBONATE† (formerly Eskalith [®]) LITHIUM CARBONATE SR† (compare to Lithobid [®] , formerly Eskalith CR [®]) LITHIUM CITRATE SYRUP†	Equetro [®] (carbamazepine SR) Lithobid [®] * (lithium carbonate SR)	Lithobid: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with the generic equivalent of the requested medication. Equetro: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a carbamazepine product from the anticonvulsant therapeutic drug category
	MUCOSAL COATING AG	ENTS
ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE†(formerly Amphojel®) EPISIL® (wound barrier) GELCLAIR® (povidone sodium hyaluronate glycyrrhetinic acid gel) MYLANTA/DIPHENYDRAMINE/LIDOCAINE VISCOUS (aka "Magic Mouthwash") Or other similar single or combination products	MuGard [®] (mucoadhesive oral wound rinse) (QL = 4 bottles/month)	 MuGard: Patient is receiving radiation and/or chemotherapy. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one oral mucosal coating agent (e.g. aluminum hydroxide suspension, Mylanta) or a topical anesthetic (e.g. viscous lidocaine or diphenhydramine solutions) or combinations of similar agents. Additional criteria for viscous lidocaine: Due to a FDA safety alert, viscous lidocaine will require prior authorization for children ≤3 years of age.
MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS MEDICATIONS		
INJECTABLES Interferons	Extavia [®] (interferon beta-1b)	 Ampyra: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND Patient age > 18 years. Copaxone 40 mg Syringe: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or
AVONEX® (interferon <i>B</i> -1a)	Copaxone [®] 40 mg (glatiramer)($QL = 12 \text{ syringes}(12)$	contraindication to at least one preferred drug (not Copaxone 20 mg). AND

PREFERRED AGENTS **NON-PREFERRED AGENTS** (PA required) PA CRITERIA (No PA required unless otherwise noted) BETASERON® (interferon *B*-1b) ml)/28 days) The patient is unable to tolerate or be compliant with Copaxone 20 mg daily Plegridy® (peginterferon beta-1a) dosing. REBIF[®] (interferon *B*-1a) Tysabri[®] (natalizumab) Extavia: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND The provider REBIF® REBIDOSE (interferon B-1a) Glatopa® 20mg (glatiramer acetate) (QL=1 carton (30 provides a clinical reason why Betaseron cannot be prescribed. Other syringes/30 days) **Glatopa 20mg:** Patient is ≥ 18 years AND diagnosis of relapsing forms of COPAXONE[®] 20 mg (glatiramer acetate) (OL = 1Zinbryta[®] (daclizumab) QL=1 syringe/30 days, Multiple Sclerosis AND the provider provides a clinical reason why Copaxone kit/30 days) Maximum 30 day supply per fill 20mg cannot be prescribed. **Plegridy:** Patient is ≥ 18 years. Diagnosis of relapsing form of Multiple Sclerosis. Documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication **ORAL** to at least three preferred drugs including at least one preferred form of AUBAGIO® (teriflunamide) tablet interferon. (OL = 1 tablet/day, maximum 28 day supply per fill)**Tysabri:** Patient has a diagnosis of relapsing multiple sclerosis and has already TECFIDERA® (dimethyl fumarate) been stabilized on Tysabri OR Diagnosis is relapsing multiple sclerosis and the (QL = 2 capsules/day, maximum 30 day supply perpatient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to at least two preferred drugs. OR Diagnosis of relapsing GILENYA® (fingolimod) capsule multiple sclerosis and the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, (QL = 1 capsule/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill)treatment failure, or contraindication to one preferred drug and has tested negative for anti-JCV antibodies. Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met Zinbryta: Patient has a diagnosis of relapsing multiple sclerosis and has already $AMPYRA^{\otimes}$ (dalfampridine) tablet (OL = 2 tablets/day, been stabilized on Zinbryta OR Patient is ≥18 years of age AND Diagnosis is maximum 30 day supply per fill) relapsing multiple sclerosis and the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to at least three other MS agents, two of which must be preferred AND the patient does not have pre-existing hepatic disease or hepatic impairment (LFT monitoring is recommended prior to starting therapy, monthly during therapy, and for 6 months after stopping therapy) AND the physician, pharmacy, and patient are enrolled in the Zinbryta® REMS

MUSCLE RELAXANTS, SKELETAL

Musculoskeletal Agents

Single Agent

CHLORZOXAZONE† 500 mg tablets

(compare to Parafon Forte DSC^(R))

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$

CYCLOBENZAPRINE†5 mg, 10 mg tablets (compare to

Flexeril[®])

(Quantity limit = 6 tablets/day (5 mg), 3 tablets/day

Amrix®(cyclobenzaprine sustained-release) 15 mg, 30 mg capsule
(Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day)

carisoprodol 250 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)

carisoprodol \dagger 350 mg (compare to Soma[®]) tablets (*Quantity limit* = 4 tablets/day)

cyclobenzaprine 7.5 mg \dagger tab (compare to Fexmid[®]) (Quantity limit = 3 tablets/day)

Amrix, cyclobenzaprine 7.5 mg, Fexmid: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why a preferred generic cyclobenzaprine cannot be used. For approval of Fexmid, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

program.

Brand skeletal muscle relaxants with generics available (Flexeril, Parafon Forte DSC, Robaxin): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents (One trial must be the AB rated generic).

carisoprodol, carisoprodol/ASA, carisoprodol/ASA/codeine, Soma,

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(10 mg)) METHOCARBAMOL† 500mg, 750 mg tablets (compare to Robaxin®) (Quantity limit = 8 tablets/day) ORPHENADRINE CITRATE ER† (previously Norflex®) 100 mg tablet (Quantity limit = 2 tablets/day) Combination Product ASA = aspirin Maximum duration of therapy all musculoskeletal agents = 90 days Antispasticity Agents BACLOFEN† (formerly Lioresal®) DANTROLENE† (compare to Dantrium®) TIZANIDINE† (compare to Zanaflex®) tablets	Fexmid [®] (cyclobenzaprine) 7.5 mg tablet (Quantity limit = 3 tablets/day) Lorzone [®] (chlorzoxazone) 375 mg, 750 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) metaxalone† (compare to Skelaxin [®]) 800 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) Parafon Forte DSC [®] * (chlorzoxazone) 500 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) Robaxin [®] * (methocarbamol) 500mg, 750 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 8 tablets/day) Skelaxin [®] (metaxalone) 800 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) Soma [®] (carisoprodol) 250 mg, 350 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) carisoprodol, ASA† (previously Soma Compound [®]) (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) carisoprodol, ASA, codeine† (previously Soma Compound with Codeine [®]) (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) Dantrium [®] * (dantrolene) tizanidine† (compare to Zanaflex [®]) capsules Zanaflex [®] (tizanidine) capsules Zanaflex [®] * (tizanidine) tablets	metaxolone, Skelaxin: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents. Additionally, if a brand name product is requested where an AB rated generic exists, the patient must also have had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Lorzone: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents. Dantrium, Zanaflex tablets: The patient must have a documented intolerance with the AB rated generic product. Tizanadine capsules, Zanaflex capsules: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why generic tizanidine tablets cannot be used. AND If the request is for Zanaflex capsules, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic tizanadine capsules
NEUROGENIC ORTHOSTATIC HYPOTENSION		
FLUDROCORTISONE† MIDODRINE†	Northera®	Quantity Limits: • Initial 2 weeks approval

Continued therapy approvals based on documentation of continued benefit clinically and as evidenced by positional blood pressure readings

diagnosis of neurogenic orthostatic hypotension caused by primary autonomic failure (Parkinson's disease, multiple system atrophy, or pure

Clinical Criteria:

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(NOTA required unless otherwise noted)	(FA required)	TA CRITERIA
		 autonomic failure), dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency, or non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy, AND the presentation of symptoms including dizziness, lightheadedness, and the feeling of "blacking out" AND Failure of multiple non-pharmacologic measures as appropriate (e.g. removal of offending medications, compression stockings, increased fluid and salt intake) AND Failure, intolerance or contra-indication to fludrocortisone AND midodrine
	NUTRITIONALS, LIQUID ORAL S	UPPLEMENTS
	ALL Note: Nutritional supplements administered via tube feeds may be provided through the Medical Benefit	EleCare, EleCare Jr: The patient is an infant or child who needs an amino acid-based medical food or who cannot tolerate intact or hydrolyzed protein. AND The product is being requested for the dietary management of protein maldigestion, malabsorption, severe food allergies, short-bowel syndrome, eosinophilic GI disorders, GI-tract impairment, or other conditions for which an amino acid-based diet is required. All Others: Requested nutritional supplement will be administered via tube feeding. OR Patient has one of the following conditions where feeding is difficult or malabsorption or maldigestion occurs: AIDS, Cancer, Celiac Disease, Cerebral Palsy, Chronic Diarrhea, Cognitive Impairment, Cystic Fibrosis, Dementia (includes Alzheimer's), Developmental Delays, Difficulty with chewing/swallowing food, Inflammatory Bowel Disease, Parkinson's, Short Gut. OR Patient has experienced unplanned weight loss or is extremely low weight (see further definitions below) OR Patient has demonstrated nutritional deficiency identified by low serum protein levels (albumin or pre-albumin levels to be provided) (albumin <3.5 g/dL /pre-albumin <15 mg/dL) Unplanned Weight Loss/Low Weight Table: Adult: □ Involuntary loss of > 5% of body weight within 1 month □ Loss of > 2% of body weight within one week □ BMI of < 18.5 kg/m2 Elderly: (>65): □ Involuntary loss of > 10 % of body weight within 6 months □ Involuntary loss of > 5 % of body weight within 3 months □ Loss of > 2 % of body weight within one month □ BMI of < 18.5 kg/m2 Children: □ < 80 % of expected weight-for-height □ < 90 % of expected height-for-age □ Mid-upper arm circumference/head circumference ratio < 0.25 Limitations: Infant formulas are not covered under the pharmacy benefit. Please

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	contact WIC.
ONCOLOGY: ORAL (sel	ect)
OPHTHALMICS	
gatifloxacin 0.5% solution (compare to Zymaxid [®]) levofloxacin 0.5% solution Ocuflox *(ofloxacin) solution Ofloxacin (compare to Ocuflox) solution Zymaxid (gatifloxacin 0.5%) solution Azasite (azithromycin) solution All other brands	 Aminoglycosides: Single and Combination Agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with TWO preferred ophthalmic aminoglycosides or aminoglycoside combination, one of wich must be Tobradex Macrolides: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with erythromycin Miscellaneous: Single and Combination Agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least TWO preferred ophthalmic antibiotics. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation) Quinolones: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with TWO preferred ophthalmic quinolones.
Tobramycin w/Dexamethasone † (compare to Tobradex ®) suspension Tobradex ST ® (tobramycin/dexamethasone) suspension Pred-G® S.O.P. (gentamicin/prednisolone) ointment Bacitracin ointment Bleph-10®* (sulfacetamide) solution Sulfacetamide sodium † (compare to Bleph-10®) solution Sulfacetamide sodium ointment	
	ONCOLOGY: ORAL (selection) OPHTHALMICS gatifloxacin 0.5% solution (compare to Zymaxid®) levofloxacin 0.5% solution Ocuflox®*(ofloxacin) solution Ofloxacin† (compare to Ocuflox®) solution Zymaxid® (gatifloxacin 0.5%) solution Azasite®(azithromycin) solution All other brands Tobramycin w/Dexamethasone† (compare to Tobradex®) suspension Tobradex ST® (tobramycin/dexamethasone) suspension Pred-G® S.O.P. (gentamicin/prednisolone) ointment Bacitracin ointment Bleph-10®* (sulfacetamide) solution Sulfacetamide sodium† (compare to Bleph-10®) solution

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(R)	
Combination	Blephamide (sulfacetamide/prednisolone acetate)	
PRED-G [®] (gentamicin/prednisolone) ointment,	suspension Blephamide® S.O.P. (sulfacetamide/prednisolone	
suspension TOBRADEX® (tobramycin/dexamethasone)	acetate) ointment Maxitrol®* (neomycin/polymyxin/dexamethasone)	
suspension, ointment	suspension, ointment	
ZYLET [®] (tobramycin/loteprednol) suspension	Neomycin/Polymyxin w/Hydrocortisone ointment, suspension	
	_	
MISCELLANEOUS	Polytrim [®] * (polymyxin B/trimethoprim) soln	
Single Agent		
All products require PA		
Combination		
BACITRACIN ZINC W/POLYMYXIN B [†] ointment		
NEOMYCIN/BACITRACIN/POLYMYXIN ointment		
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN, W/DEXAMETHASONE† (compare to Maxitrol®) ointment, suspension		
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN W/GRAMICIDIN		
solution (compare to Neosporin [®])		
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN/BACITRACIN/ HYDROCORTISONE [†] ointment		
HYDROCORTISONE ointment NEOSPORIN® * (neomycin/polymyxin/gramicidin)		
solution		
POLYMYXIN B W/TRIMETHOPRIM† (compare to		
Polytrim [®]) solution		
SULFACETAMIDE W/PREDNISOLONE SOD PHOSPHATE solution		
ANTIHISTAMINES		
	.	Andrew Brown Flored Friends On A 22 / A 22 /
KETOTIFEN† 0.025 % (eg. Alaway®, Zaditor®	Azelastine † (compare to Optivar ^(b)) ($QL = 1$ bottle/month)	Azelastine, Bepreve, Elestat, Epinastine, Olopatadine (non-authorized generics) Patanol, Pataday: The patient has had a documented side effect,
OTC, others)	Bepreve $^{\textcircled{B}}$ (bepotastine besilate) ($QL = 1$ bottle/month)	allergy, or treatment failure to Olopatadine authorized generic or Pazeo. For
(QL=1 bottle/month)	Elestat [®] (epinastine) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month)	approved of Elestat the patient must also have had a documented intolerance to
OLOPATADINE 0.1% (compare to Patanol®) (authorized generic, labeler code 61314 is the only	Epinastine† (compare to Elestat®) ($QL = 1$ bottle/month)	the generic equivalent.
preferred form)	Emadine [®] (emedastine) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = 2	Lastacaft, Emadine: The patient is pregnant and the diagnosis is allergic conjunctivitis OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
(<i>QL=1 bottle/month</i>) PAZEO® (olopatadine 0.7%)	bottles/month)	treatment failure to ketotifen. AND The patient has had a documented
(QL= 1 bottle/month)	Lastacaft [®] (alcaftadine) ($QL = 1 bottle/month$)	sideeffect, allergy, or treatment failure to Pazeo.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
((******)	
	Olopatadine 0.1% (compare to Patanol®) (non-authorized	
	generic forms)	
	Pataday® § (olopatadine 0.2%)	
	(Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) $P_{\text{total}} = P_{\text{total}} = $	
	Patanol [®] § (olopatadine 0.1%) (<i>Quantity Limit</i> = I bottle/month)	
	(Quantity Limit – 1 boute/mount)	
CORTICOSTEROIDS: TOPICAL		
®	D 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ALREX [®] (loteprednol) 0.2% suspension DUREZOL [®] (difluprednate) 0.05% emulsion	Dexamethasone sodium phosphate 0.1% solution	Non-preferred agents: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
FLAREX® (fluorometholone acetate) 0.1%	FML Forte [®] (fluorometholone) 0.25% suspension	treatment failure with TWO preferred ophthalmic corticosteroid. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic
suspension	FML Liquifilm [®] (fluorometholone) 0.1% suspension Lotemax [®] (loteprednol) 0.5% ointment (pres. free), gel Pred Forte [®] /Omnipred [®] (prednisolone acetate) 1%	formulation)
FLUOROMETHOLONE 0.1% suspension† FML® (fluorometholone) 0.1% ointment Lotemax® (loteprednol) 0.5% suspension,	Pred Forte Omnipred (prednisolone acetate) 1%	, ,
FML (fluorometholone) 0.1% ointment	suspension	
MAXIDEX [®] (dexamethasone) suspension	All other brands	
PRED MILD® (prednisolne acetate) 0.12%		
suspension		
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE 1%suspensionS†		
VEXOL® (rimexolone) 1% suspension		
E=emulsion, G=gel,O=ointment, S=suspension,		
Sol=solution		
CYSTARAN		
	Cystaran® (cysteamine) 0.44% ophthalmic solution (QL=4 bottles (60 ml)/28 days)	Cystaran: The indication for use is corneal cystine accumulation in patients with
	QL=4 bottles (60 mt)/ 28 days) $Maximum\ days'\ supply/RX = 28\ days$	cystinosis.
DRY EYE SYNDROME	Maximum days supply/101 20 days	
	B (1	
Generic OTC Ocular Lubricants	Restasis (cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion) 0.05% $(QL=60 \text{ vials per } 30 \text{ days}).$	Restasis: The patient has a diagnosis of moderate to severe keratoconjunctivitis
ARTIFICIAL TEARS† Ointment ARTIFICIAL TEARS† Solution	Xiidra [®] (lifitegrast) solution ($QL = 60$ vials per 30 days)	sicca (dry eye syndrome) or Sjogren syndrome with suppressed tear production due to ocular inflammation AND The member does not have any of the
GENTEAL Solution		following contraindications or exclusions to therapy: A) An active ocular
GENTEAL P.M. Ointment		infection B) Concurrent topical anti-inflammatory drugs C) Concurrent punctal
LUBRIFRESH P.M.† Ointment REFRESH P.M. Ointment		plug use AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
REFRESH P.M. Oilithent REFRESH Lacri-lube Ointment		treatment failure to two ocular lubricants (e.g., artificial tears, lubricant gels,
REFRESH PLUS Solution		etc.).
TEARS NATURALE† Solution		Xiidra: The patient has a diagnosis of Dry Eye Disease AND has a documented
		side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Restasis.
		1

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
((Cross-pares)	
GLAUCOMA AGENTS/MIOTICS		
ALPHA-2 ADRENERGIC Single Agent ALPHAGAN P® 0.1 %, 0.15 % (brimonidine tartrate) BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE† 0.2 % (formerly Alphagan®)	apraclonidine† (compare to Iopidine $^{\mathbb{R}}$) brimonidine tartrate 0.15 % † (compare to Alphagan $P^{\mathbb{R}}$) Iopidine $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (apraclonidine)	ALPHA 2 ADRENERGIC AGENTS: Single Agent: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred ophthalmic alpha 2 adrenergic agent. If the request is for brimonidine tartrate 0.15%, the patient must have a documented intolerance of brand name Alphagan P 0.15%.
Combination COMBIGAN® (brimonidine tartrate/timolol maleate) SIMBRINZA® (brinzolamide 1% and brimonidine 0.2%) Suspension	Betagan [®] * (levobunolol) Betimol [®] (timolol) Betoptic S [®] (betaxolol suspension) Istalol [®] * (timolol)	BETA BLOCKERS: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred ophthalmic beta blocker. PROSTAGLANDIN INHIBITORS Lumigan, Bimatoprost: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic latanoprost and Travatan Z.
BETA BLOCKER		deather tartale with generic manoprose and Travalan 2.
BETAXOLOL HCL† (formerly Betoptic [®]) CARTEOLOL HCL† (formerly Ocupress [®])	Metipranolol (formerly Optipranolol [®]) Timoptic [®] * (timolol maleate) Timoptic XE [®] * (timolol maleate gel)	Travoprost: The patient has had a documented intolerance to Travatan Z. Zioptan: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication.
LEVOBUNOLOL HCL† (compare to Betagan [®]) TIMOLOL MALEATE† (compare to Timoptic [®])	Timolol maleate gel (compare to Timotic XE [®])	(Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic latanoprost and Travatan Z. OR The patient has a sensitivity to preservatives used in ophthalmic preparations
PROSTAGLANDIN INHIBITORS LATANOPROST† (compare to Xalatan®) TRAVATAN Z® (travoprost) (BAK free)	Bimatoprost 0.3% (Lumigan [®]) Lumigan [®] 0.01 %/0.03 % (bimatoprost) Travoprost [®] (Xalatan [®] * (latanoprost) Zioptan [®] (tafluprost)	 Xalatan: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Travatan Z. CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITORS Single Agent: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred carbonic anhydrase inhibitor.
CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITOR Single Agent DORZOLAMIDE 2 % (compare to Trusopt®)	Azopt [®] (brinzolamide 1%) Trusopt [®] * (dorzolamide 2 %)	 Combination Product: Cosopt: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product. Cosopt PF: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the preservatives in the generic combination product.
Combination DORZOLAMIDE w/TIMOLOL (compare to Cosopt®)	Cosopt ^{®*} (dorzolamide w/timolol) Cosopt PF [®] (dorzolamide w/timolol) (pres-free) Simbrinza [®] (brinzolamide 1% and brimonidine 0.2%) Susp	
<u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>	Miochol-E [®] (acetylcholine)	Miscellaneous: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ISOPTO [®] CARPINE (pilocarpine) PILOCARPINE HCL† PHOSPHOLINE IODIDE [®] (echothiophate)		failure with a preferred miscellaneous ophthalmic agent. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation)
MAST CELL STABILIZERS		
CROMOLYN SODIUM† (formerly Crolom®)	Alocril [®] (nedocromil sodium) Alomide [®] (lodoxamide)	Criteria for Approval: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with generic cromolyn sodium
NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DR	RIGS (NSAIDs)	
ACULAR [®] (ketorolac 0.5% ophthalmic solution) FLURBIPROFEN † 0.03% ophthalmic solution ILEVRO [®] ophthalmic suspension (nepafenac 0.3%) KETOROLAC† 0.4 % ophthalmic solution (compare to Acular LS [®]) KETOROLAC† 0.5 % ophthalmic solution (compare to Acular [®])	Acular LS [®] (ketorolac 0.4% ophthalmic solution) Acuvail (ketorolac 0.45 %) Ophthalmic Solution (Quantity Limit = 30 unit dose packets/15 days) Bromday [®] ophthalmic solution (bromfenac 0.09%) Bromfenac† 0.09 % ophthalmic solution (formerly Bromday [®]) (once daily) Diclofenac† 0.1% ophthalmic solution (Voltaren [®]) Nevanac [®] ophthalmic suspension (nepafenac 0.1%) Ocufen [®] * ophthalmic solution (flurbiprofen 0.03%) Prolensa [®] ophthalmic solution (bromfenac 0.07%)	 Acuvail: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Acular OR ketorolac 0.5% OR The patient has a documented hypersensitivity to the preservative benzalkonium chloride. Acular LS, Bromday, Bromfenac, Diclofenac, Ocufen, Prolensa,: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO preferred agents. In addition, if a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation.
	OTIC ANTI-INFECTIVI	ES
Anti-infective Single Agent All products require PA	Ciprofloxacin† 0.2% (compare to Cetraxal [®]) otic solution ($Qty\ limit = 14\ unit$	All non-preferred products: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two preferred products.
Anti-infective/Corticosteroid Combination CIPRODEX® (ciprofloxacin 0.3%/dexamethasone 0.1%) otic suspension CIPRO-HC® (ciprofloxacin 0.2%/hydrocortisone 1%) otic suspension	dose packages/ 7 days) Otiprio® (ciprofloxacin 6%) otic suspension Ofloxacin† 0.3% Otic solution (formerly Floxin®) Floxin® (ofloxacin) otic solution Coly-Mycin S®/Cortisporin TC® (neomycin/colistin/thonzium/hydrocortisone) Neomycin/Polymixin B Sulfate/Hydrocortisone Suspension	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN B SULFATE/HYDROCORTISONE† SOLUTION	Otovel® (ciprofloxacin 0.3%/fluocinolone 0.025%) otic solution QL = 28 unit dose packages/7days	
Miscellaneous Agents ACETIC ACID† Otic solution ACETIC ACID-ALUMINUM ACETATE† Otic		
solution	Acetasol HC† (acetic acid 2%/hydrocortisone 1% otic solution) Acetic Acid/Hydrocortisone† Otic Solution	

OVER THE COUNTER (OTC) MEDICATIONS

Please refer to the DVHA website for covered OTC categories not already managed on the PDL. Many categories limited to generics ONLY and other categories not covered. No PA process for non-covered OTCs.

PANCREATIC ENZYME PRODUCTS

CREON [®] DR Capsule ZENPEP [®] DR Capsule	Pancreaze [®] DR Capsule Pertzye [®] DR Capsule Viokace [®] DR Capsule	Pancreaze, Pertzye, Viokace: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested product. OR The patient has had treatment failure or documented intolerance with both Creon and Zenpep.
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PARATHYROID AGENTS

CALCITRIOL (compare to Rocaltrol®)	Drisdol® (ergocalciferol)	Non-preferred agents (except Natpara): The patient must have a documented
DOXERCALCIFEROL (compare to Hectoral®)	Hectoral® (doxercalciferol)	side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two preferred agents. If a product
ERGOCALCIFEROL (compare to Drisdol®)	Natpara® (parathyroid hormone) (max dosage = 2	has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.
PARICALCITOL (compare to Zemplar®)	cartridges per 28 days)	Natpara clinical criteria
SENSIPAR® (cinacalcet)	Rocaltrol® (calcitriol)	 Natpara: diagnosis of hypocalcemia secondary to hypoparathyroidism
	Zemplar® (paricalcitol)	(but NOT acute post-surgical hypoparathyroidism within 6 months of
		surgery) AND
		 Natpara PA form must be completed and clinical and lab documentation
		supplied AND
		Must be prescribed by an endocrinologist AND
		• Must be documented by ALL of the following:
		○History of hypoparathyroidism >18 months AND
		○Biochemical evidence of hypocalcemia AND
		oConcomitant serum intact parathyroid hormone (PTH)
		concentrations below the lower limit of the normal
		laboratory reference range on 2 test dates at least 21 days
		apart within the past 12 months AND
		■ No history of the following:

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		 omutation in CaSR gene OR opseudohypoparathyroidism OR oa condition with an increased risk of osteosarcoma AND Hypocalcemia is not corrected by calcium supplements and preferred active forms of vitamin D alone AND Patients must be taking vitamin D metabolite/analog therapy with calcitriol ≥0.25 μg per day OR equivalent AND Must be taking supplemental oral calcium treatment ≥ 1000 mg per day over and above normal dietary calcium intake AND Serum calcium must be ≥ 7.5 mg/dl prior to starting Natpara AND Serum thyroid function tests and serum magnesium levels must be within normal limits AND Documentation of creatinine clearance > 30 mL/min on two separate measurements OR creatinine clearance > 60 mL/min AND serum creatinine < 1.5 mg/dL
	PARKINSON'S MEDICAT	TIONS
DOPAMINE PRECURSOR CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† (compare to Sinemet [®]) CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† ER (compare to Sinemet [®] CR) CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† ODT DOPAMINE AGONISTS (ORAL) BROMOCRIPTINE† (compare to Parlodel [®]) PRAMIPEXOLE† (compare to Mirapex [®]) ROPINIROLE† (compare to Requip [®])	Rytary® (carbidopa/levodopa ER caps) Sinemet ®* (carbidopa/levodopa) Sinemet CR®*(carbidopa/levodopa ER) Mirapex®* (pramipexole) Mirapex ER® (pramipexole ER) QL = 1 tab/day Requip®* (ropinirole) Requip XL® (ropinirole XL) QL = 1 tab/day (all strengths except 12 mg), QL = 2 tabs/day (12 mg) ropinirole XL† (compare to Requip XL®) QL = 1 tab/day (all strengths except 12 mg), QL = 2 tabs/day (12 mg) Tasmar® (tolcapone) Tolcapone (compare to Tasmar®)	Sinemet, Sinemet CR, Mirapex, Parlodel, Requip: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Rytary: The patient has a diagnosis of Parkinson's disease, post-encephalitic parkinsonism, or parkinsonism following intoxication from carbon monoxide or manganese AND the prescriber is a neurologist AND the patient is having breakthrough symptoms despite a combination of concurrent IR and ER formulations of carbidopa/levodopa Amantadine tablets: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic amantadine capsules. Azilect: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with selegiline. AND The dose requested does not exceed 1 mg/day carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone: The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Stalevo. Mirapex ER, Requip XL, ropinirole XL: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. Requests will not be approved for Restless Leg Syndrome (RLS) AND The patient has had an inadequate response (i.e. wearing off effect or "off" time) with the immediate release product. OR The patient has not been able to be adherent to a three times daily dosing schedule of the immediate release product resulting in a significant clinical impact. AND If the requested
DOPAMINE AGONISTS (TRANSDERMAL)		product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. Tasmar, Tolcapone: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND
Neupro [®] (rotigotine) transdermal patch (Quantity Limit = 1 patch/day)		The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(2mg, 4 mg, 6 mg and 8 mg patches) COMT INHIBITORS COMTAN® (entacapone) ENTACAPONE† (compare to Comtan®) MAO-B INHIBITORS SELEGILINE† OTHER AMANTADINE syrup AMANTADINE† capsules (PA required for < 10 day supply) STALEVO® (carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone)	Azilect $^{\textcircled{R}}$ (rasagiline) (QL = 1 mg/day) Zelapar $^{\textcircled{R}}$ (selegiline ODT) (QL = 2.5 mg/day) Amantadine† tablets (Quantity limit PA also required for \leq 10 day supply) carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone† (compare to Stalevo $^{\textcircled{R}}$)	Comtan or entacapone. For approval of generic talcapone, the patient must have documented intolerance to brand Tasmar. Zelapar: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient is on current therapy with levodopa/carbidopa. AND Medical necessity for disintegrating tablet administration is provided (i.e. inability to swallow tablets or drug interaction with oral selegiline). AND the dose requested does not exceed 2.5mg/day Limitations: To prevent the use of amantadine in influenza treatment/prophylaxis, days supply < 10 days will require PA.
	PHOSPHODIESTERASE-4 (PDE-4) INHIBITORS
	Daliresp® tablet (roflumilast) Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day Otezla® tablet (apremilast)	Daliresp: The indication for the requested medication is treatment to reduce the risk of COPD exacerbations in patients with severe COPD associated with chronic bronchitis and a history of exacerbations. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to at

PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) INHIBITORS

 $(Starter\ pack - Quantity\ limit = 27\ tablets/14\ days)$

 $(30 \text{ mg tablets} - Quantity limit} = 2 \text{ tablets/day})$

* Maximum days' supply per fill = 30)

Effective 7/1/06, phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitors are no longer a covered benefit for all Vermont Pharmacy Programs for the treatment of erectile dysfunction. This change is resultant from changes set into effect January 1, 2006 and as detailed in Section 1903 (i)(21)(K) of the Social Security Act (the Act), precluding Medicaid Federal Funding for outpatient drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction. Sildenafil will remain available for coverage via prior-authorization for the treatment of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension.

least one inhaled long-acting anticholinergic AND at least one inhaled long-

Otezla: The patient has a diagnosis of psoriatic arthritis AND The patient is 18

years of age or older AND The patient has had inadequate response to,

acting beta-agonist AND at least one inhaled corticosteroid.

intolerance to, or contraindication to methotrexate.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SILDENAFIL CITRATE† (compare to Revatio®) tablet (Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day)	Adcirca [®] (tadalafil) (<i>Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day</i>) Revatio® (sildenafil) Tabs (<i>Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day</i>) Revatio® (sildenafil citrate) suspension Revatio® (sildenafil citrate) vial (<i>Quantity Limit = 3 vials/day, maximum 14 days supply per fill</i>)	 Adcirca (tadalafil) 20 mg, Revatio (sildenafil citrate) 20 mg: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND patient has a documented intolerance to generic sildenafil. Revatio Suspension: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND medical necessity for a liquid formulation is provided OR the patient is unable to tolerate a 20mg dose. Revatio IV: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND The patient has a requirement for an injectable dosage form. AND Arrangements have been made for IV bolus administration outside of an inpatient hospital setting.
	PLATELET INHIBITO	RS
AGGREGATION INHIBITORS BRILINTA® (ticagrelor) Tablet $QL = 2 \text{ tablets/day}$ CILOSTAZOL† (compare to Pletal®) CLOPIDOGREL†75 mg (compare to Plavix®) EFFIENT® (prasugrel) Tablet $QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$ TICLOPIDINE† (formerly Ticlid®)	Plavix ^{®*} 75 mg (clopidogrel bisulfate) Pletal [®] * (cilostazol) Zontivity [®] (vorapaxar) Tablet $QL = 1$ tablet/day	 Agrylin, Persantine, Plavix, Pletal: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the medication. Dipyridamole/Aspirin: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand formulation of the medication. Durlaza: The patient is ≥ 18 years of age AND the indication for use is to reduce the risk of death and myocardial infarction (MI) in patients with chronic coronary artery disease (history of MI, unstable angina pectoris, or chronic stable angina) OR to reduce the risk of death and recurrent stroke in patients who have had an ischemic stroke or transient ischemic attack AND the patient
OTHER AGGRENOX® (dipyridamole/Aspirin) ANAGRELIDE† (compare to Agrylin®) ASPIRIN† DIPYRIDAMOLE† (compare to Persantine®)	Agrylin [®] * (anagrelide) Persantine [®] * (dipyridamole) Dipyridamole/Aspirin (compare to Aggrenox [®]) Durlaza [®] (asprin extended release) capsules Yosprala [®] (aspirin and omeprazole)	who have had an ischemic stroke of transient ischemic attack AND the patient is unable to use at least 4 preferred products, one of which must be enteric coated aspirin. Yosprala: The patient must be at risk for developing aspirin-associated gastric ulcers (history of gastric ulcers or age ≥ 60) AND the patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to 3 preferred PPI's (one of which must omeprazole) used in combination with aspirin. Zontivity: The patient is started and stabilized on the medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has

a history of myocardial infarction (MI) or peripheral arterial disease (PAD) AND The indication for use is reduction of thrombotic cardiovascular events. AND The medication is being prescribed in combination with aspirin and/or

Limitations: Plavix/clopidogrel 300mg is not an outpatient dose and is not

clopidogrel.

covered in the pharmacy benefit.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	POST-HERPETIC NEURALGIA	AGENTS
	Gralise® (gabapentin) tablet, starter pack Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day (Maximum 30 day supply per fill)	Gralise: The patient has a diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia (PHN) AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with at least one drug from the tricyclic antidepressant class. AND The patient has had an inadequate response to the generic gabapentin immediate-release.
	PSORIASIS	
INJECTABLES (Initial approval is 3 months, rene	ewals are 1 year)	
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met COSENTYX® (secukinumab) (Quantity limit=8 pens or vials month one, then 4 pens or vials monthly) ENBREL® (etanercept) Quantity limit = 8 syringes/28 days for the first 3 months; then 4 syringes/28 days(50 mg) or 8 syringes/28 days (25 mg) subsequently HUMIRA® (adalimumab) Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days for one month; 2 syringes/28 days subsequently	Remicade [®] (infliximab) Stelara [®] (ustekinumab) (Quantity limit = 45 mg (0.5 ml) or 90 mg (1 ml) per dose) (90 mg dose only permitted if pt weight > 100 kg) Taltz [®] (ixekizumab) (Quantity limit = 3 syringes/28 days for the first month, 2 syringes/28 days months 2 and 3 and 1 syringe/28 days subsequently)	Clinical Criteria: For all drugs: The prescription must be written by a dermatologist AND The patient has a documented diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis and has already been stabilized on the drug being requested OR The prescription must be written by a dermatologist AND The patient has a documented diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis affecting > 10% of the body surface area (BSA) and/or has involvement of the palms, soles, head and neck, or genitalia and has had a documented side effect, allergy, inadequate treatment response, or treatment failure to at least 2 different categories of therapy [i.e. at least 2 topical agents and at least 1 oral systemic agent, (unless otherwise contraindicated)] from the following categories: Topical agents: emollients, keratolytics, corticosteroids, calcipotriene, tazarotene, etc. Systemic agents: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, mycophenolate mofetil, etc. Phototherapy: ultraviolet A and topical psoralens (topical PUVA), ultraviolet A and oral psoralens (systemic PUVA, narrow band ultraviolet B (NUVA), etc. Additional Criteria for Cosentyx: The prescriber must provide evidence of a trial and failure or contraindication to Humira®. Additional Criteria for Remicade, Stelara, Taltz: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira® and Cosentyx and Cosentyx.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NON BIOLOGICS		
NON-BIOLOGICS		
ORAL CYCLOSPORINE † (all brand and generic) METHOTREXATE † (all brand and generic) METHOXSALEN† (compare to Oxsoralen-Ultra®) 8-MOP® (methoxsalen) SORIATANE® (acitretin) capsules TOPICAL CALCIPOTRIENE† Cream, Ointment, Solution TAZORAC® (tazarotene cream, gel)	Acitretin† (compare to Soriatane®) capsules Oxsoralen-Ultra® (methoxsalen) Calcitrene® (calcipotriene) ointment calcitriol† (compare to Vectical®) Ointment (Quantity Limit = 200 g (2 tubes)/week) Calcipotriene/betamethasone ointment† (compare to Taclonex®) (QL for initial fill = 60 grams) Dovonex cream® (calcipotriene) Enstilar® (calcipotriene/betamethasone) foam Sorilux® (calcipotriene) foam Taclonex® (calcipotriene/betamethasone ointment/scalp suspension) (QL for initial fill = 60 grams) Vectical® Ointment (calcitriol) (Quantity Limit = 200 g (2 tubes)/week)	 Acritretin Capsules: The patient has a documented intolerance to brand Soriatane capsules. Calcitrene Ointment: The patient has a documented intolerance to Calcipotriene ointment. Dovonex Cream: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Oxsoralen-Ultra: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. Enstilar, Taclonex or calcipotriene/betamethasone diproprionate Ointment or Scalp Suspension: The patient has had an inadequate response to a 24 month trial of a betamethasone dipropionate product and Dovonex (or generic calcipotriene), simultaneously. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Tazorac 0.05% or 0.1% cream or gel. Note: If approved, initial fill of Taclonex® or calcipotriene/betamethasone diproprionate will be limited to 60 grams. Vectical Ointment, Calcitriol Ointment: The patient ≥ 18 years of age AND The patient has a diagnosis of mild-to-moderate plaque psoriasis AND The patient has demonstrated inadequate response, adverse reaction or contraindication to calcipotriene AND If the request is for brand Vectical, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Sorilux: The patient ≥ 18 years of age AND The patient has a diagnosis of plaque psoriasis AND The patient has demonstrated inadequate response or intolerance to other dosage forms of calcipotriene (brand or generic) Limitations: Kits with non-drug or combinations of 2 drug products are not covered.
	PULMONARY AGENT	гѕ
ANTICOLINERGICS: INHALED		
METERED DOSE INHALER (SINGLE AGENT) Short Acting		Anoro Ellipta/Bevespi Aerosphere: patient has a diagnosis of COPD (not FDA approved for asthma). AND
ATROVENT HFA [®] (ipratropium) Long Acting SPIRIVA [®] HANDIHALER (tiotropium)		 Mild-Moderate COPD- failure of individual and combination therapy of one preferred Long Acting Beta Adrenergic (LABA) and a preferred Long Acting Anticholinergic OR Severe COPD- failure of one preferred Inhaled Corticosteroid/LABA combination product and the preferred Long Acting Anticholinergic.
Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day NEBULIZER (SINGLE AGENT)	Incruse Ellipta® (umeclidinium bromide) (<i>Quantity Limit= 1 inhaler/30 days</i>)	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
IPRATROPIUM SOLN FOR INHALATION	Tudorza ^(g) Pressair (aclidinium bromide)	Incruse Ellipta/Tudorza: The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or
METERED DOSE INHALER (COMBO PRODUCT)	Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler/30 days	treatment failure to Spiriva®
Short Acting	Spiriva [®] Respimat (tiotropium)	
(R)	QL = 1 inhaler/30days	Spiriva Respimat: patient has a diagnosis of COPD and a compelling clinical
COMBIVENT® RESPIMAT (ipratropium/albuterol) Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler (4 grams)/30 days		reason why they cannot use Spiriva Handihaler.
Quantity Limit – 1 undiet (1 grams), 30 days		
Long Acting STIOLTO RESPIMAT® (tiotropium/olodaterol)	®	
Quantity Limit = 3 inhalers/90 days	Anoro [®] Ellipta (umeclidinium/vilanterol) Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler (60 blisters)/30 days	
NEBULIZER (COMBINATION PRODUCT)	Bevespi Aerosphere® (glycopyrrolate/formoterol)	
IPRATROPIUM/ALBUTEROL†	$Quantity\ Limit = I\ inhaler/30days$	
ANTIHISTAMINES: INTRANASAL		
	SINGLE AGENT	
	Astelin® (azelastine) Nasal Spray	ASTELIN, ASTEPRO, AZELASTINE, DYMISTA, OLOPATADINE,
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	PATANASE: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic
	A-tong @ (ltime 0.15 0/) Nl Suggest	rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
	Astepro® (azelastine 0.15 %) Nasal Spray $Quantity\ Limit = 1\ bottle\ (30\ ml)/30\ days$	treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) OR cetirizine (OTC) AND a preferred
		nasal corticosteroid used in combination. AND If the request is for Astepro, the
	azelastine (compare to Astelin®) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
	azelastine 0.15 % (compare to Astepro®) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 mi)/30 days	
	Olopatadine † 0.6% (compare to Patanase®) Nasal	
	Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (31 gm)/30 days	
	Patanase® (olopatadine 0.6%) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (31 gm)/30 day	
	COMBO WITH CORTICOSTEROID	
	Dymista [®] (azelastine/fluticasone) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (23 gm)/30 days	
ANTIHISTAMINES: 1ST GENERATION	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
		CDITEDIA EOD ADDDOVAI. The prescriber must provide a clinically valid
All generic antihistamines	All brand antihistamines (example: Benadryl®)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the
All generic antihistamine/decongestant combinations	All brand antihistamine/decongestant combinations	generically available products would not be a suitable alternative.
7 m generic antinistamino/decongestant comoniations		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(example: Deconamine SR [®] , Rynatan [®] , Ryna-12 [®])	
ANTIHISTAMINES: 2 ND GENERATION		
SINGLE AGENT TABLET LORATADINE † (OTC) (Allergy Relief [®] , Alavert [®]) CETIRIZINE† OTC (formerly Zyrtec [®]) 5 mg, 10 mg tablets After loratadine OTC and cetirizine OTC trials FEXOFENADINE † 60 mg, 180 mg (OTC) tablets (formerly Allegra [®]) COMBINATION WITH PSEUDOEPHEDRINE LORATADINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE SR 12hr 5 mg/120 MG † (OTC) (Alavert Allergy/Sinus [®]) LORATADINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE SR 24hr 10 mg/240 MG † (OTC) SINGLE AGENT ORAL LIQUID	Clarinex [®] (desloratadine) 5 mg tablet desloratadine† (compare to Clarinex [®]) 5 mg tablet Levocetirizine† (compare to Xyzal [®]) 5 mg tablet Xyzal [®] (levocetirizine) 5 mg tablet All other brands Cetirizine/Pseudoephedrine SR 12hr 5 mg/120 mg OTC† Clarinex-D [®] 12 hr (desloratadine/pseudoephedrine 2.5 mg/120 mg)	FEXOFENADINE 60MG/180 MG TABLETS: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failur to loratadine (OTC) AND cetirizine (OTC). CLARINEX TABLETS, DESLORATADINE TABLETS, LEVOCETIRIZINE TABLETS, XYZALTABLETS: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) AND cetirizine (OTC) AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to fexofenadine. AND If the request is for Clarinex or Xyzal, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent tablets. CERTIRIZINE CHEWABLE TABLETS, CLARINEX REDITABS, DESLORATADINE ODT: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) rapidly disintegrating tablets or requires less than a 10 mg dose of loratadine. AND If the request is for Clarinex Reditabs, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent tablets
LORATADINE † (OTC) syrup (Allergy Relief [®]) CETIRIZINE † (OTC, RX) syrup	Levocetirizine (compare to Xyzal [®]) Solution Xyzal [®] (levocetirizine) Solution	CLARINEX SYRUP, LEVOCETIRIZINE SOLUTION, XYZAL SOLUTION
CHEWABLE/ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLET LORATADINE † (OTC) (Allergy Relief [®] , Alavert [®]) rapidly disintegrating tablet (RDT) (compare to Claritin [®]) 10 mg	Certirizine † OTC Chewable Tablets 5 mg, 10 mg Clarinex Reditabs (desloratadine) 2.5 mg, 5 mg Desloratadine ODT (compare to Clarinex Reditabs) 2.5 mg, 5 mg All other brands	 ORAL LIQUID: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine syrup AND cetirizine syrup. AND If the request is for Xyzal, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to levocetirizine solution. CETIRIZINE D, CLARINEX-D: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine-D (OTC). LIMITATIONS: Many Allegra® and Zyrtec® brand products as well as Claritin capsules are not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered. Fexofenadine suspension not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered. Fexofenadine/pseudoephedrine combination products) (brand and generic) are not covered – individual components may be prescribed separately.

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
BETA-ADRENERGIC AGENTS	. (8)	
METERED-DOSE INHALERS (SHORT-ACTING)	Ventolin [®] HFA (albuterol)	ProAir® Respiclick, Ventolin HFA, Xopenex HFA: documented side effect,
PROAIR [®] HFA (albuterol)	Xopenex [®] HFA (levalbuterol)	allergy, or treatment failure to BOTH preferred short acting metered dose inhalers.
	ProAir [®] Respiclick (albuterol)	Serevent : The patient has a diagnosis of asthma and is prescribed an inhaled corticosteroid (pharmacy claims will be evaluated to assess compliance with
PROVENTIL [®] HFA (albuterol)		long term controller therapy) OR the patient has a diagnosis of COPD.
		Arcapta, Striverdi: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD (not FDA approved for
		asthma). AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment
METERED-DOSE INHALERS (LONG-		failure to Serevent. Levalbuterol nebulizer solution (age < 12 years): The patient must have had a
ACTING) (Preferred after clinical criteria are		documented intolerance to the brand Xopenex nebulizer solution.
met)		Levalbuterol, Xopenex nebulizer solution (age > 12 years): The patient must
SEREVENT® DISKUS (salmeterol xinafoate)	Arcapta [®] Neohaler (indacaterol)	have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to albuterol
Quantity Limit = 60 blisters/30 days	Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day	nebulizer. AND for approval of generic, the patient must have had a
		documented intolerance to the brand Xopenex nebulizer solution.
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS (SHORT-ACTING)	Striverdi Respimat® (olodaterol)	Brovana or Perforomist Nebulizer Solution: The patient must have a diagnosis
ALBUTEROL † 0.63 mg/3 ml and 1.25 mg/3 ml		of COPD. AND The patient must be unable to use a non-nebulized long-acting
neb solution	Levalbuterol † neb solution (compare to Xopenex [®]) (all	bronchodilator or anticholinergic (Serevent or Spiriva) due to a physical
ALBUTEROL † 2.5 mg/3 ml neb solution	ages)	limitation Metaproterenol tablets/syrup: The patient has had a documented side effect,
ALBUTEROL † 5 mg/ml neb solution XOPENEX® neb solution	Xopenex [®] neb solution (age > 12 yrs)	allergy or treatment failure with generic albuterol tablets/syrup.
(levalbuterol HCL) (age ≤ 12 yrs)		Terbutaline tablets: The medication is not being prescribed for the
		prevention/treatment of preterm labor.
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS (LONG-ACTING)	D O C C D O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Vospire ER tablets: The patient must have had a documented side effect,
All products require a PA	Brovana® (arformoterol) $QL = 2 \ vial/day$ Perforomist® (formoterol) $QL = 2 \ vial/day$	allergy, or treatment failure to generic albuterol ER tablets.
TABLETS/SYRUP (SHORT-ACTING)	metaproterenol tablets/syrup †	
ALBUTEROL † tablets/syrup	terbutaline tablets †	
TABLETS (LONG ACTING)		
TABLETS (LONG-ACTING)		
ALBUTEROL ER † tablets		
	Vospire ER [®] * (albuterol)	
CORTICOSTEROIDS/COMBINATIONS: INHAI	, , ,	

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
METERED DOSE INHALERS (SINGLE AGENT)		Metered-dose inhalers (single agent): The patient has had a documented side
ASMANEX [®] 110 or 220 mcg/inh (mometasone furoate)	Aerospan [®] (flunisolide HFA) ($QL = 6$ inhalers (53.4 gm)/90 days)	effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two preferred agents.
(QL =3 inhalers/90 days)	Alvesco® (ciclesonide)	
FLOVENT [®] DISKUS (fluticasone propionate) $(QL = 3 \text{ inhalers/90 days})$	(QL = 18.3 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days)) (80 mcg/inh) (QL = 36.6 gm (6 inhalers)/90 days)) (160 mcg/inh)	
FLOVENT [®] HFA (fluticasone propionate) $(QL = 36 \text{ gm}(3 \text{ inhalers})/90 \text{ days})$	Arnuity Ellipta 100 or 200mcg/inh (fluticasone furoate)	
PULMICORT FLEXHALER [®] (budesonide) $(QL = 6 inhalers/90 days)$	(QL= 90 blisters/90 days) Asmanex HFA 100 or 200mcg (mometasone furoate)	
QVAR [®] 40 mcg/inh (beclomethasone) ($QL = 17.4 \text{ gm } (2 \text{ inhalers})/90 \text{ days})$	(QL=3 inhalers/90 days)	
QVAR [®] 80 mcg/inh (beclomethasone) (QL = 58.4 gm (6 inhalers)/90 days) METERED DOSE INHALERS (COMBINATION PRODUCT)		
ADVAIR [®] HFA (fluticasone/salmeterol) $(QL = 36 \text{ gm } (3 \text{ inhalers})/90 \text{ days})$		Breo Ellipta: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD or Asthma AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to any 2 of the
ADVAIR [®] DISKUS (fluticasone/salmeterol) $(QL = 3 \text{ inhalers/90 days})$		following: Advair, Dulera, or Symbicort. Budesonide Inh Suspension (all ages): The patient requires a nebulizer
DULERA [®] (mometasone/formoterol) ($QL = 39 \text{ gm } (3 \text{ inhalers})/90 \text{ days})$	Breo Ellipta [®] (fluticasone furoate/vilanterol)	formulation. AND The patient has a documented intolerance to the brand product.
SYMBICORT [®] (budesonide/formoterol) $(QL = 30.6 \text{ gm } (3 \text{ inhalers})/90 \text{ days})$	(QL = 180 blisters(3 inhalers)/90 days)	Pulmicort Respules (age > 12 years): The patient requires a nebulizer formulation.
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS	Budesonide Inh Suspension (compare to Pulmicort	
PULMICORT RESPULES [®] (budesonide) (age ≤ 12 yrs)	Respules [®]) (all ages) Pulmicort Respules [®] (budesonide) (age > 12 years)	
CORTICOSTEROIDS: INTRANASAL	Description A O(K) (head-mathagene)	
CINCLE ACENT	Beconase $AQ^{(U)}$ (beclomethasone) QL = 50 gm (2 inhalers)/30 days	Beconase AQ, Budesonide, Flonase, Flunisolide 25 mcg/spray, Flunisolide 25
SINGLE AGENT	budesonide † (compare to Rhinocort Aqua [®])	mcg/spray, Nasonex, QNASL, Rhinocort Aqua, triamcinolone, Veramys
FLUTICASONE Propionate† (compare to Flonase [®]) $QL = 16 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days$	QL = 8.6 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days	The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure of
	Flonase®* (fluticasone propionate)	two preferred nasal glucocorticoids. If the request is for Rhinocort Aqua®, t
OMNARIS [®] (ciclesonide)	QL = 16 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days	patient has also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
QL = 12.5 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days	flunisolide † 25 mcg/spray (formerly Nasalide $^{\mathbb{W}}$) $QL = 50 \text{ ml } (2 \text{ inhalers})/30 \text{ days}$	Dymista: The diagnosis or indication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has l
ZETONNA [®] (ciclesonide)	QL = 30 mi (2 mnaters)/50 adys flunisolide† 29 mcg/spray (formerly Nasarel [®])	a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) OR
QL = 6.1 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days	QL = 50 ml (2 inhalers)/30 days	cetirizine (OTC) AND a preferred nasal corticosteroid used in combination.
•	QL = 16.5 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days	Limitations: Nasacort Allergy OTC not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(170 171 required diffess other wise noted)	(Triequica)	TH CRITICAL
	NASONEX [®] (mometasone) $QL = 17 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ QNASL [®] (beclomethasone diproprionate) HFA $QL = 8.7 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ Rhinocort Aqua [®] (budesonide) $QL = 8.6 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ triamcinolone † (compare to Nasacort AQ [®]) $QL = 16.5 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ Veramyst [®] (fluticasone furoate) $QL = 10 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ COMBINATION WITH ANTIHISTAMINE Dymista [®] (azelastine/fluticasone) $QL = 23 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$	Nasacort AQ RX available after PA obtained.
LEUKOTRIENE MODIFIERS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met MONTELUKAST SODIUM† (compare to Singulair®) tablets§ MONTELUKAST SODIUM† (compare to Singulair®) chews§ 4mg for ages 2-5, 5mg for age 6-14 MONTELUKAST SODIUM† (compare to Singulair®) granules§ ages 6months-23months	Accolate [®] (zafirlukast) § Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Singulair [®] (montelukast sodium) § tablets, chew tabs, granules Quantity Limit = 1 tablet or packet per day zafirlukast (compare to Accolate [®]) § Zyflo (zileuton) Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Zyflo CR [®] (zileuton SR) Quantity Limit = 4 tablets/day	 Montelukast: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma. The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis. The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a second generation non-sedating antihistamine and a nasal corticosteroid. The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is urticaria. The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO preferred 2nd generation antihistamines (i.e. loratadine (OTC), cetirizine (OTC), fexofenadine). If the request is for brand Singulair tablets, chew tablets or granules; the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent montelukast preparation. Zafirlukast, Accolate: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma. AND If the request is for Accolate, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic zafirlukast. Zyflo/Zyflo CR: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Accolate or Singulair/Montelukast. Montelukast chewable and granules: Will only be approved for appropriate FDA approved age and indications.
SYNAGIS	CVNA CICO (1:-:	
	SYNAGIS® (palivizumab) Quantity Limit = 1 vial/month (50 mg) or 2 vials/month	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL:
	Quantity Limit — 1 viat/month (30 mg) of 2 viats/month	UNITEMIA FUN AFFNU YAL;

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
((***********	
	(100 mg)	 □ Infants born at 28 weeks of gestation or earlier (i.e., ≤ 28 weeks, 6 days) and under twelve months of age at the start of the RSV season (maximum 5 doses). □ Infants born at 29-32 weeks (i.e., between 29 weeks, 0 days and 31 weeks, 6 days) of gestation and under 1 year of age at the start of the RSV season who develop chronic lung disease of prematurity defined as a requirement for >21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth (maximum 5 doses). □ Children under 24 months of age with chronic lung disease of prematurity defined as born at 31 weeks, 6 days or less who required >21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth and continue to require medical support (chronic corticosteroid therapy, diuretic therapy, or supplemental oxygen) during the 6-month period before the start of the second RSV season (maximum 5 doses).
		 □ Children under 12 months of age with hemodynamically significant congenital heart disease (CHD) (dosing continues in the RSV season through the end of the month the infant reaches 12 months old -maximum 5 doses): Acyanotic heart disease and receiving medication to control congestive heart failure and will require cardiac surgical procedures, Moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension, Cyanotic heart disease and recommended for Synagis therapy by Pediatric Cardiologist □ Infants under 12 months of age with either: (dosing continues in the RSV season through the end of the month the infant reaches 12 months old -maximum 5 doses) Congenital abnormalities of the airways that impairs the ability to clear secretions from the upper airway because of ineffective cough, Neuromuscular condition that impairs the ability to clear secretions from the upper airway because of ineffective cough □ Infants and children less than 24 months of age who will undergo a heart transplant during the RSV season □ Infants and children less than 24 months of age who are profoundly immunocompromised during the RSV season (e.g. undergoing organ or stem cell transplant or receiving chemotherapy). EXCLUDED FROM APPROVAL: □ Infants and children with hemodynamically insignificant heart disease.
		 □ Infants with cardiac lesions adequately corrected by surgery, unless they continue to require medication for congestive heart failure. □ Infants with mild cardiomyopathy who are not receiving medical therapy. □ Breakthrough hospitalization for RSV disease (Synagis therapy should be discontinued for the season once hospitalization for RSV has occurred). □ Infants and children with Down syndrome unless other indications above are present.

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA Infants and children with cystic fibrosis unless other specific conditions are present This drug must be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor for Synagis, Wilcox Home Infusion, and processed through the DVHA POS prescription processing system using NDC values. Under no circumstances will claims processed through the medical benefit be accepted.
	PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENS	ION MEDICATIONS
ENDOTHELAN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS TRACLEER® (bosentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day PROSTACYCLIN AGONISTS Injection EPOPROSTENOL † (compare to Flolan®) REMODULIN® (treprostinil sodium injection) VELETRI® (epoprostinil) Inhalation TYVASO® (treprostinil inhalation solution) VENTAVIS® (iloprost inhalation solution) Oral ORENITRAM® (treprostinil) ER Tablet sGC STIMULATOR All products require a PA **Maximum days supply for all drugs is 30 days**	Letairis [®] (ambrisentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = one tablet/day Opsumit [®] (macitentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = one tablet/day Flolan ^{®*} (epoprostenol) Uptravi [®] (selexipag) tablets 200mcg strength, QL = 140 tablets/30 days for the first 2 months then 2 tablets/day subsequently. All other strengths, QL = 2 tablets/day Adempas [®] (riociguat) Tablets Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day	Adempas: The patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group I with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II or III. OR The patient has a diagnosis of chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH, WHO Group 4) AND the patient has persistent or recurrent disease after surgical treatment (e.g., pulmonary endarterectomy) or has CTEPH that is inoperable AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient will not use Adempas concomitantly with the following: Nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrate) in any form. Phosphodiesterase (PDE) inhibitors, including specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline) AND The patient is not pregnant AND Female patients are enrolled in the Adempas REMS Program Flolan: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic epoprostenol. Letairis, Opsumit: Patient has a diagnosis of PAH WHO Group 1 with NYHA Functional Class II or III AND Patient is not pregnant AND Female patients have been enrolled in the REMS Program AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Tracleer. Uptravi: The patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group I with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II or III heart failure AND the patient is unable to tolerate or has failed 2 different preferred medications, one of which must be Orenitram

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	RENAL DISEASE: PHOSPHATE	BINDERS
CALCIUM ACETATE † (compare to Phos Lo®) capsule CALCIUM ACETATE † (compare to Eliphos®) tablet RENAGEL® (sevelamer) RENVELA® (sevelamer carbonate) tablets ORAL SOLUTIONS PHOSLYRA® (calcium acetate) oral solution	Auryxia [®] (ferric citrate) ($QL = 12/day$) Eliphos [®] (calcium acetate) tablet Fosrenol [®] (lanthanum carbonate) Renvela [®] (sevelamer carbonate) Oral Suspension Packet ($QL = 2 \ packs/day \ (0.8 \ g \ strength \ only)$ Velphoro [®] (sucroferric oxyhydroxide) Chew Tablet	 Eliphos: The patient must have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent calcium acetate tablet or capsule. Renvela Oral Suspension Packet: The patient has a requirement for a liquid dosage form. Fosrenol, Velphoro Chew Tablet/Auryxia Tablet: The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to one preferred phosphate binder.
	RESTLESS LEG SYNDROME ME	DICATIONS
DOPAMINE AGONISTS (ORAL) PRAMIPEXOLE † (compare to Mirapex®) ROPINIROLE† (compare to Requip®) DOPAMINE AGONISTS (TRANSDERMAL) NEUPRO® (rotigotine) transdermal patch (Quantity Limit = 1 patch/day) (1mg, 2 mg and 3 mg patches ONLY)	Mirapex $^{\mathbb{R}^*}$ (pramipexole) Requip $^{\mathbb{R}^*}$ (ropinirole) Horizant $^{\mathbb{R}}$ (gabapentin enacarbil) ER Tablet (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	 Mirapex, Requip: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product. Horizant: The patient has a diagnosis of restless legs syndrome (RLS). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to two preferred dopamine agonists (pramipexole IR, ropinirole IR, Neupro) AND gabapentin IR. Limitations: Requests for Mirapex ER and Requip XL will not be approved for Restless Leg Syndrome (RLS).
GAMMA-AMINOBUTYRIC ACID ANALOG GABAPENTIN IR		
RHEUMATOID, JUVENILE & PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS: IMMUNOMODULATORS		

Actemra® (tocilizumab) Intravenous Infusion (Qty limit = 4 vials/28 days (80 mg vial), 3 vials/28 days

Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met

Injectable

ENBREL® (etanercept)

Clinical Criteria for all drugs: Patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), juvenile idiopathic arthritis* or psoriatic arthritis and has already been

stabilized on the drug being requested OR Diagnosis is RA, juvenile idiopathic

arthritis or psoriatic arthritis, and methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days(50 mg) and 8 syringes/28 days (25 mg)) HUMIRA® (adalimumab) (Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Oral All products require PA.	(200 mg vial) or 2 vials/28 days (400 mg vial)) Actemra® (tocilizumab) Subcutaneous (Qty limit = 4 prefilled syringes (3.6ml)/28 days) Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol) (Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days) Kineret (anakinra) (Quantity limit = 1 syringe/day) Orencia® (abatacept) Subcutaneous Injection (Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Orencia® (abatacept) Intravenous Infusion Remicade® (infliximab) Simponi® (golimumab) Subcutaneous Qty Limit = 1 of 50 mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector/28 days) Simponi Aria® (golimumab) 50 mg/4 ml Vial for Intravenous Infusion Stelara® (ustekinumab) (Quantity limit = 45 mg (0.5 ml) or 90 mg (1 ml) per dose) (90 mg dose only permitted for pt weight > 100 kg) Xeljanz® (tofacitinib) tablet (Qty limit = 2 tablets/day) Maximum 30 days supply Xeljanz® XR (tofacitinib) tablet (Qty limit = 1tablet/day)	effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving therapy. Other DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine. Additional note for Humira: Approval should be granted in cases where patients have been treated with infliximab, but have lost response to therapy. **Actemra Intravenous Infusion additional criteria:** The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. For RA patient must have had an inadequate response to one or more TNF inhibitors. **Actemra Subcutaneous additional criteria:** The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. The patient must have had an inadequate response to one or more TNF inhibitors. **Cimzia additional criteria:** The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. **Remicade additional criteria:** The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. **Simponi (subcutaneous) additional criteria:** The patient must be ≥ 18 years of age AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. **Simponi Aria additional criteria:** The patient has not responded adequately to Simponi subcutaneous. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. **Kineret additional criteria:** Note: Kineret may be used as monotherapy or concomitantly with DMARDs, other than TNF antagonists. Kineret should no be administered concomitantly with any TNF antagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade). AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. **Xeljanz, Xeljanz XR additional criteria:** The patient must be ≥ 18 years of age AND The prescriber must provide a clinicall

and Enbrel cannot be used. AND If the diagnosis is RA, there is a clinically

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
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		valid reason why Orencia Subcutaneous cannot be used. Orencia Subcutaneous additional criteria: . Orencia should not be administered concomitantly with TNFantagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade) and is not recommended for use with Kineret. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. Stelara additional criteria: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why both Humira and Enbrel cannot be used. Patients with systemic juvenile arthritis (SJRA/SJIA) and fever are not required to have a trial of a DMARD, including methotrexate. Patients with systemic juvenile arthritis without fever should have a trial of methotrexate, but a trial of another DMARD in the case of a contraindication to methotrexate is not required before Enbrel, Humira, Actemra, or Orencia is approved. *
		Patients with psoriatic arthritis with a documented diagnosis of active axial involvement should have a trial of NSAID therapy, but a trial with DMARD is not required before a TNF-blocker is approved. If no active axial skeletal involvement, then an NSAID trial and a DMARD trial are required (unless otherwise contraindicated) prior to receiving Humira, Enbrel, Remicade, Cimzia, Stelara or Simponi
	SILIVA STIMULANTS	S
PILOCARPINE (compare to Salagen®) CEVIMELINE† (compare to Evoxac®) EVOXAC® (cevimeline)	Salagen [®] * (pilocarpine)	Salagen: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic pilocarpine
SEDATIVE/HYPNOTICS		
BENZODIAZEPINE		
ESTAZOLAM† (compare to Prosom®) TEMAZEPAM† 15 mg, 30 mg (compare to Restoril®)	Doral [®] (quazepam) flurazepam† (formerly Dalmane [®]) Halcion [®] (triazolam) Prosom [®] * (estazolam) Restoril [®] * (temazepam)	Criteria for Approval: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two preferred benzodiazepine sedative/hypnotics. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.
	temazepam† 7.5 mg, 22.5 mg (compare to Restoril [®]) triazolam† (compare to Halcion [®])	
NON BENZODIAZEPINE, NON BARBITURATE		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ZOLPIDEM † (compare to Ambien®)(Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) ZALEPLON † (compare to Sonata®) (Quantity Limit = 1 cap/day (5 mg) or 2 caps/day (10 mg))	Ambien (zolpidem) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Ambien CR (zolpidem) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Belsomra (suvorexant) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Edluar (zolpidem) sublingual tablet (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) eszopiclone† (compare to Lunesta) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Intermezzo (zolpidem) Sublingual Tablet (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Lunesta (eszopiclone) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Rozerem (ramelteon) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day) Silenor (doxepin) (Quantity limit = 1 tab/day) Sonata (zaleplon) (Quantity Limit = 1 cap/day (5 mg) or 2 caps/day (10 mg)) Zolpidem CR† (compare to Ambien CR) (Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day)	 Ambien: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic zolpidem. Ambien CR, Belsomra, Lunesta, eszopiclone, Zolpidem CR: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to generic zolpidem. If the request is for brand Ambien CR, there has also been a documented intolerance to the generic. Belsomra will be available to the few patients who are unable to tolerate or who have failed on preferred medications. Edluar: The patient has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder). Intermezzo: The patient has insomnia characterized by middle-of-the night awakening followed by difficulty returning to sleep AND The patient has had a documented inadequate response to zolpidem IR AND zaleplon. Rozerem: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to generic zolpidem. OR There is a question of substance abuse with the patient or family of the patient. Note: If approved, initial fill of Rozerem will be limited to a 14 day supply. Silenor: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to generic zolpidem AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with generic doxepin or there is another clinically valid reason why a generic doxepin (capsule or oral solution) cannot be used. Sonata: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic zaleplon
SMOKING CESSATION THERAPIES		

SMOKING CESSATION THERAPIES

<u>NICOTINE REPLACEMENT: maximum duration is 16 weeks (2 x 8 weeks)/365 days for non-preferred.</u> For approval of therapy beyond the established maximum duration, the prescriber must provide evidence that the patient is engaged in a smoking cessation counseling program.

NICOTINE GUM†
NICOTINE PATCH OTC†
NICORETTE LOZENGE[®]
ORAL THERAPY
BUPROPION SR† (compare to Zyban[®])

Nicoderm CQ Patch [®] Nicorette Gum[®] nicotine lozenge† Nicotrol Inhaler [®] Nicotrol Nasal Spray [®]

Nicoderm CQ patch: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nicotine patch.

Nicorette gum: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nicotine gum.

nicotine lozenge: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to Nicorette lozenge

Nicotrol Inhaler: The patient has had a documented treatment failure with BOTH

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS		
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
(No 1 A required unless outer wise noted)	(i A lequileu)	FA CNITERIA	
CHANTIX [®] (varenicline) (Limited to 18 years and older, Quantity Limit = 2 tabs/day, max duration 24 weeks (2x12 weeks)/365 days)	Zyban [®] * (bupropion SR) (maximum duration 24 weeks (2 x 12 weeks)/365 days)	generic nicotine patch and generic nicotine gum. Nicotrol Nasal Spray: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. Zyban: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic bupropion SR. *Smoking Cessation Counseling is encouraged with the use of smoking cessation therapies* *The combined prescribing of long acting (patch) and faster acting (gum or lozenge) nicotine replacement therapy is encouraged for greater likelihood of quit success. Vermont QUIT LINE (available free to all patients) 1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669) GETQUIT™ Support Plan available free to all Chantix® patients 1-877-CHANTIX (242-6849) Limitations: Nicotine System Kit® not covered – prescribe multiple strengths separately	
Nasal	TESTOSTERONE: TOPI	CAL	
Nasai	Natesto [®] (testosterone) nasal (QL = 1 pump/30 days)	Natesto: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment	
	Natesto (testosterone) hasar (QL = 1 pump/30 days)	failure to AndroGel [®] Gel and Androderm.	
Topical			
ANDRODERM® Transdermal 2mg, 4 mg			
(testosterone patch) Quantity limit = 1 patch/day/strength ANDROGEL® GEL (testosterone 1% gel packets) Quantity limit = 2.5 gm packet (1 packet/day) 5 gm packet (2 packets/day) ANDROGEL® GEL (testosterone 1.62% gel packets)	Axiron (testosterone 2% solution) 90 ml Pump Bottle Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days Fortesta (testosterone 2 % Gel) 60 gm Pump Bottle Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days Testim Gel 5 gm (testosterone 1% gel tube) Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day	 Axiron, Fortesta, Testim Testosterone Gel 1%, Testosterone Gel 2%: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Androgel and Androderm. Android, Striant, Methyltesterone, Testred: patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Methitest Limitations: Coverage of testosterone products is limited to males. 	
Quantity limit = 1.25 gm packet (1.62%) (1 packet/day) 2.5 gm packet (1.62%) (2 packets/day) ANDROGEL® PUMP (testosterone pump bottles) Quantity limit = 1.62% (2 bottles/30 days)	Testosterone 1% Gel Packets (compare to Androgel®, Vogelxo®) Quantity Limit = 2.5gm packet (1 packet/day) Quantity Limit = 5gm packet (2 packets/day)		
	Testosterone 1% gel tube (compare to Testim [®] Gel 5 gm, Vogelxo [®] , Androgel [®]) Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day Testosterone† 1% Gel Pump (compare to Androgel [®] ,		

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS				
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Oral	Vogelxo [®]) Quantity limit = 4 bottles/30 days Testosterone 2% gel 60 gm pump bottle (compare to Fortesta [®]) Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days Vogelxo [®] 1% (testosterone 1%) gel, pump Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day (5 gm gel tubes) Quantity limit = 4 bottles/30 days (gel pump bottle)				
Methitest (methyltesterone) Tablet 10mg	Android (methyltestoterone) capsule 10mg Methyltestosterone capsule 10mg Striant® Sr (testosterone) 30mg Testred (methyltestosterone) capsule 10mg				
	Maximum day supply all products is 30 days				
THROMBOPOIETIN RECEPTOR AGONISTS					
	Nplate® (romiplostim) Promacta® (eltrombopag)	FOR APPROVAL: The patient is at least 18 years of age. AND The diagnosis or indication is chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP). AND The patient's platelet count is less than 30,000/μL (< 30 x 109/L) or the patient is actively bleeding. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to therapy with corticosteroids. OR The patient has a documented insufficient response following splenectomy.			
URINARY ANTISPASMODICS					
SHORT-ACTING AGENTS OXYBUTYNIN† (formerly Ditropan®)	Flavoxate † (formerly Urispas [®])	Please note: Patients <21 years of age are exempt from all ORAL ANTIMUSCARINIC Urinary Antispasmodics PA requirements			
LONG-ACTING AGENTS (Oty Limit = 1 per day)	Detrol [®] (tolterodine) tolterodine† (compare to Detrol [®]) trospium† (formerly Sanctura [®])	Detrol, Detrol LA, Ditropan XL, Enablex, tolterodine (generic), tolterodine SR (generic), trospium (generic), trospium ER (generic): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred long-acting agents. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation.			
OXYBUTYNIN XL† (compare to Ditropan [®] XL) TOVIAZ [®] (fesoterodine)		Gelnique 3%, 10%, Oxytrol: The patient is unable to swallow a solid oral			

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS		
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VESICARE® (solifenacin) Transdermal/Topical All products require PA BETA-3 ADRENERGIC AGONISTS All products require PA	Detrol LA [®] (tolterodine SR) Ditropan XL [®] (oxybutynin XL) Enablex [®] (darifenacin) tolterodine SR† (compare to Detrol LA [®]) trospium ER† (formerly Sanctura XR [®]) Gelnique 3% [®] (oxybutynin topical gel) (Qty limit = 1 pump bottle (92gm)per 30 days) Gelnique 10% [®] (oxybutynin topical gel) (Qty limit = 1 sachet/day) Oxytrol [®] (oxybutinin transdermal) (Qty Limit = 8 patches/28 days) Myrbetriq [®] (mirabegron) ER Tablet (Qty limit = 1 tablet/day)	formulation (e.g. patients with dysphagia) OR The patient is unable to be compliant with solid oral dosage forms. Myrbetriq: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication with one preferred long-acting urinary antimuscarinic agent. Limitations: Oxytrol (for Women) OTC not covered. Oxytrol RX is available but subject to prior authorization.	
	VAGINAL ANTI-INFECT	IVES	
CLINDAMYCIN CLEOCIN® Vaginal Ovules (clindamycin vaginal suppositories) CLINDAMYCIN VAGINAL† (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%) CLINDESSE® (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%) METRONIDAZOLE METRONIDAZOLE VAGINAL GEL 0.75%† VANDAZOLE† (metronidazole vaginal 0.75%)	Cleocin [®] * (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%) Metrogel Vaginal [®] * (metronidazole vaginal gel 0.75%) Nuvessa Vaginal [®] (metronidazole vaginal gel 1.3%) (1 pre-filled applicator/30 days)	 Cleocin: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both preferred clindamycin vaginal creams. Metrogel Vaginal, Nuvessa Vaginal: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic metronidazole vaginal gel 0.75 or Vandazole. 	
	VITAMINS: PRENATAL MULTI	VITAMINS	
PRENATAL PLUS IRON PRENATAL VITAMINS PLUS PRENATE AM TAB	All others	All Non-Preferred: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the preferred products would not be a suitable alternative.	

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
PRENATE CAP ENHANCE			
PRENATE CAP ESSENTIAL			
PRENATE CAP RESTORE			
PRENATE CHEW .64			
PRENATE DHA CAP			
PRENATE MINI CAP			
PREPLUS			
VIRT-PN DHA CAP			
VIRT-PN PLUS CAP			
VOL-PLUS			